

ZONING ORDINANCE

TOWN OF EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA

Adopted 10-12-2015

By the Town of East Bend

Larry Adams

Mayor

EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA
ZONING ORDINANCES

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ARTICLE I TITLE

This ordinance shall be known and may be cited as "The Zoning Ordinance of the Town of East Bend North Carolina."

ARTICLE II AUTHORITY AND ENACTMENT

In pursuance of the authority conferred by the North Carolina General Statutes, particularly Chapter 160A, Article 19, Part 3, the Board of Commissioners of the Town of East Bend, North Carolina, hereby ordains and enacts into law the following articles and sections for the purposes of lessening congestion in the streets; securing safety from fire, panic and other dangers; promotion health and the general welfare, providing adequate light and air; preventing the overcrowding of land; avoiding undue concentration of population; facilitating the adequate provision of transportation, water, sewerage, schools, parks and other public requirements; conserving the value of buildings and encouraging the most appropriate use of land through the Town of East Bend.

ARTICLE III JURISDICTION

The provisions of this ordinance shall apply within the corporate limits of the Town of East Bend specifically identified and delineated on the map entitled "The Official Zoning Map of the Town of East Bend, North Carolina." Said map and all explanatory material thereon is hereby made a part of this ordinance. The zoning ordinance and zoning map shall be maintained on file in the office of the Town Clerk.

ARTICLE IV DEFINITIONS

SECTION 400 WORD INTREPRETATION

Except as specifically defined herein, all words used in this ordinance shall have their customary dictionary definitions. For the purpose of this ordinance, certain words or terms used herein are defined as follows:

- 400.01 Words used in the present tense include the future tense. Words used in the singular include the plural, and words used in the plural include the singular.
- 400.02 The word "Town" shall mean the Town of East Bend, North Carolina.
- 400.03 The words "Board of Commissioners" shall mean the Board of Commissioners of the Town of East Bend, North Carolina.
- 400.04 The words "Planning Board" shall mean the Planning Board of the Town of East Bend, North Carolina.
- 400.05 The words "Board of Adjustment" or "Board" shall mean the Zoning Board of Adjustment of the Town of East Bend, North Carolina.
- 400.06 The word "may" is permissive.

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- 400.07 The word "shall" is mandatory.
- 400.08 The word "lot" includes the words "plot" or "parcel".
- 400.09 The word "structure" includes the word "building."
- 400.10 The words "used" or "occupied" as applied to any land or building shall be construed to include the meaning "intended, arranged or designed to be used or occupied".
- 400.11 The words "person" or "applicant" include a firm, association, organization, partnership, corporation, company, trust, individual, or government unit.
- 400.12 The word "street" includes the words "road" or "highway".
- 400.13 The words "ordinance" or "Zoning Ordinance" shall mean the Zoning Ordinance of the Town of East Bend, North Carolina.
- 400.14 The words "Zoning Map" shall mean "The Official Zoning Map of the Town of East Bend, North Carolina".

SECTION 401 DEFINITIONS

- 401.01 Accessory Use or Structure A use or structure customarily incidental and subordinate to the principal use or structure and located on the same lot with such principal use or structure.
- 401.01a Carport A roofed accessory structure providing space for the parking of vehicles which is open on at least two sides.
- 401.02 Alley A public way which affords only a secondary means of access to abutting property and which is not intended for general traffic circulation.
- 401.03 Apartment A part of a building consisting of a room or rooms intended, designed or used as a residence by the individual or single family.
- 401.04 Apartment, Garage A part of a garage consisting of a room or rooms intended designed or used as a residence by an individual or single family.
- 401.05 Bed and Breakfast A dwelling unit or part thereof where the owner or operator shares a common facility, for profit, with individuals, on a temporary basis. Unlike a boarding house, individuals stay for a night or two rather than for weeks or months. This is a dwelling unit, not a commercial establishment such as a motel or hotel.

- 401.06 Buffer Strip A planting strip at least ten (10) feet in width, composed of evergreen trees or shrubs, which at maturity shall be not less than twelve (12) feet in height. The buffer strip shall be planted and maintained in healthy growing condition by the buffer strip. A fence with minimum height of six (6) feet, designed to obstruct the view may be required in some instances. No building or part of a building, no driveway or parking area shall occupy any part of the buffer strip.
- 401.07 Buildable Area The portion of a lot remaining after required yards have been provided.
- 401.08 Building Any structure having a roof supported by columns or walls, and intended for shelter, housing or enclosure of persons, animals or property. The connection of two buildings by means of an open porch, breezeway, passageway, carport or other such structure, with or without a roof, shall not be deemed to make them one building.
- 401.09 Building, (Customary) Accessory A building located on the same lot with a principal building, subordinate to the principal building on the lot, and used for purposes clearly incidental to those of the principal building on the lot.
- 401.10 Building Height The distance from the highest ground level at the foundation of the building to the highest point of the roof.
- 401.11 Building Line A line fixed parallel to a lot line beyond which a building cannot extend under the terms of this ordinance. Included are front, side and rear building lines.
- 401.12 Building, Principal A building in which is conducted the main or principal use of the lot on which said building is situated.
- 401.13 Conditional Use A use, which is permitted in, specified zoning districts only after review by the Board of Adjustment and found to meet specific conditions and procedures as are now or hereafter set forth in this ordinance so as to maintain the safety and general welfare of the community. Such uses shall be permitted only upon the issuance of a conditional use permit by the Board of Adjustment.
- 401.14 Day Nurseries and Kindergartens A use of land and buildings to provide group care for children.
- 401.15 District Any section of the Town of East Bend and its zoning jurisdiction within which regulations are uniform.
- 401.16 Dwelling Any building or portion thereof which is designed for living and or sleeping purposes, excluding motels, hotels, rooming or boarding houses, tourist homes or other structures designed for transient residence.

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- 401.17 Dwelling, Multi-Family A building arranged or designed to be occupied by three (3) or more families living independently of each other.
- 401.18 Dwelling, Single-Family A building arranged or designed to be occupied by one (1) family.
- 401.19 Dwelling, Two-Family A building arranged or designed to be occupied by two (2) families living independently of each other.
- 401.20 Dwelling Unit A building or portion thereof providing complete and permanent living facilities for one (1) family.
- 401.21 Easement A grant by a property owner of a strip of land for a specified purpose and use by the public, a corporation, or persons.
- 401.22 Family One or more persons occupying a single dwelling unit, provided that unless all members are related by blood or marriage, no such family shall contain over five (5) persons.
- 401.23 Fast Food
- 401.24 Flood A temporary rise in water levels or an accumulation of water runoff resulting in inundation of areas not ordinarily covered by water.
- 401.25 Floodplain Any land susceptible to inundation by water from any source including, at a minimum, that area subject to a one percent or greater chance of flooding in any given year.
- 401.26 Floodway The channel of the stream and those portions of the adjoining floodplains which carry and discharge waters of a particular flood event.
- 401.27 Flood Fringe The area of a floodplain which is outside of the floodway.
- 401.28 Gross Residential Density The number of dwelling units to be built divided by the area of the tract being developed.
- 401.29 Group Care Facility An establishment qualified for a license by the State of North Carolina to provide resident services to individuals of whom one or more are unrelated. Such individuals are handicapped, aged, and/or disabled, are undergoing rehabilitation or extended care, and are provided services to meet their needs by the group care facility. Group care facilities include group homes for all ages, halfway houses, and foster and boarding homes.
- 401.30 Group Development A group of two (2) or more principal structures built on a single lot, tract or parcel of land not subdivided into the custom streets and lots and which will not be so subdivided, and designed for occupancy by separate families, businesses or other enterprises. Examples would be cluster type subdivisions, row houses, apartment courts, housing projects, school and hospital campuses, shopping centers and industrial parks.

- 401.31 Home Occupation, Customary Incidental An occupation conducted entirely within occupants thereof provided that a) The use of the dwelling unit for the home occupation shall be clearly incidental and secondary to the use of the dwelling for residential purposes, and such occupation shall be carried out solely within the main dwelling and shall not occupy more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the total floor space of the dwelling b) There shall be no display, no outside storage, no change in the outside appearance of the building or premises, or other visible evidence of the conduct of such home occupation other than the signs permitted in each district; c) No more than two persons not in residence on the premises shall be employed in connection with the home occupation; d) No traffic shall be generated by such home occupation in greater volumes than would normally be expected in a residential neighborhood, and any need for parking generated by the conduct of such home occupation shall be met off the street and other than in a required front yard; e) No equipment or process shall be used in such home occupation which creates noise, vibration, glare, fumes, odors, or electrical interference detectable to the normal senses off the lot; f) In the case of electrical interference, no equipment or process shall be used which creates visual or audible interference in any radio or television receivers off the premises, or causes fluctuations in line voltage off the premises.
- 401.32 Junkyard The use of six hundred (600) or more square feet of any lot or tract for the outdoor storage and/or sale of wastepaper, rags, scrap, metal or other such materials including storage or dismantling of motor vehicles or machinery.
- 401.33 Lot A parcel of land occupied or capable of being occupied by a building or group of building devoted to a common use, together with the customary accessories and open spaces belonging to the same.
- 401.34 Lot, Corner A lot which occupies the interior angle at the intersection of two (2) street lines. The street line forming the east frontage shall be deemed the front of the lot except where the two (2) street lines front equally, in which case the owner shall be required to specify the front of the lot when requesting a zoning compliance permit.
- 401.35 Lot, Depth of The average distance between front and rear lot lines.
- 401.36 Lot Line A line dividing one parcel of property from another parcel of property or from a street right-of-way.
- 401.37 Lot Line, Front The street right-of-way boundary at the front of the lot that is the line which separates the lot from the street at the front of the lot.
- 401.38 Lot Line, Rear That line of a lot, which is opposite and farthest from the front lot line. Where a lot abuts a street along the rear of the lot, the rear lot line shall be deemed to coincide with the street right of way boundary.

- 401.39 Lot Line, Side Any lot line which meets an end of a front lot line. Where a lot abuts a street along the side of the lot, the side lot line shall be deemed to coincide with the street right-of-way boundary.
- 401.40 Lot of Record Any lot for which a plat has been recorded in the Registry of Deeds of Yadkin County, or a lot described by metes and bounds, the description of which has been so recorded.
- 401.41 Lot, Width of The distance between side lot lines measured at the front building line.
- 401.42 Manufactured Building A building mass-produced in a factory either independently or as a module for combination with other elements to form a building onsite and designed and constructed for transportation to a site for installation and use when connected to required facilities.
- 401.43 Manufactured Home A dwelling unit that (i) is not constructed in accordance with the standards of the North Carolina Uniform Residential Building Code for One-and Two-Family Dwellings; (ii) is composed of one or more components, each of which was substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant and designed to be transported to the home site on its own chassis; and (iii) exceeds forty feet in length and eight feet in width.
- 401.44 Manufactured Home A manufactured home constructed after July 1, 1976, that meets or exceeds the construction standards promulgated by the U. S. Department of Housing, Urban Development and the NCDOT that were in effect at the time of construction and that satisfies the following additional criteria:
- CLASS A: The manufactured home has a length not exceeding four times its width; and
- CLASS B: The manufactured home has a length not exceeding five (5) times its width; and
- (a) The manufactured home has never been titled or set up for occupancy; and
 - (b) The manufactured home must have a shingle roof put in place by the manufacturer; and
 - (c) The exterior consists predominantly of vinyl or aluminum horizontal lap siding, whose reflectivity does not exceed that of gloss white paint, wood, or hardwood; and
 - (d) A continuous, permanent masonry curtain wall or foundation, unpierced except for ventilation and access, is installed under the manufactured home; and
 - (e) The tongue, axles, removable towing apparatus, and transporting lights are removed after final placement on the site.
- 401.45 Manufactured Home Class C A manufactured home that does not meet the definition of either a Class A or a Class B manufactured home.

- 401.46 Mobile building A manufactured building constructed on a chassis and used for nonresidential purposes. A mobile building shall be construed to remain a mobile building subject to all regulations applying thereto, whether or not wheels, axles, hitches or other appurtenances of mobility are removed, and regardless of the nature of the foundation provided.
- 401.47 Mobile Home Park A contiguous parcel of land under single ownership, which has been developed for the placement of, manufactured homes for non-transient use. Excluded from this definition are manufactured home sales lots on which unoccupied manufactured homes are parked for purposes of inspection and sale.
- 401.48 Mobile Home Site A plot of ground within a mobile home park designated for the accommodation and use of one (1) trailer or manufactured home and containing all improvements and utility connections required under this ordinance as well as all other applicable regulations.
- 401.49 Mobile Unit, Double Wide For the purposes of this ordinance, a double wide mobile unit shall include only mobile buildings. A doublewide mobile unit consists of two (2) or more separate mobile buildings, which are designed to be connected on a site to form a single structure for one or more non-residential uses. The exterior dimensions of the doublewide mobile unit when assembled for use shall be not less than 32 x 24. Such a unit shall be placed on a permanent, enclosed foundation with the axles and pulling tongue removed.
- 401.50 Modular home A dwelling unit constructed in accordance with the construction standards of North Carolina Uniform Residential Building Code for One-and Two-Family Dwellings and composed of components substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant and transported to the building site for final assembly and placement on a permanent foundation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, a modular home may consist of two or more sections transported to the site on each one's own chassis or steel frame, or a series of panels or room sections transported to the site on a truck and erected, assembled, or joined there.
- 401.51 Nonconformity or Nonconforming Use Any parcel of land, use of land, building or structure, existing at the time of adoption or amendment of this ordinance, that does not conform to the requirements, use or dimensional of the district in which it is located.
- 401.52 Parking Space An area of not less than 200 square feet exclusive of necessary access and maneuvering space. Parking space(s) shall be provided with vehicular access to a street or alley, shall not be provided in a required front yard area, and shall always be located outside the dedicated street right-of-way.
- 401.53 Restaurant Any establishment selling prepared, ready to eat food.
- 401.54 Retail Business An establishment selling commodities and/or providing services directly to the consumer.

- 401.55 Service Station Any building or land used for the dispensing, sale, or offering for sale of any automobile fuels, lubricants, or tires, except that indoor car washing, minor motor adjustment, and tire repair may be performed only incidentally to the conduct of the facility.
- 401.56 Setback The required distance between any structure and the applicable lot line(s) (front, side or rear) of the lot on which the structure is located.
- 401.57 Shipping Container. An article of transportation equipment, including one that is carried on a chassis, that is strong enough to be suitable for repeated use and is designed to facilitate the transportation of goods by one or more means of transportation and includes, but is not limited to, intermodal shipping containers, body of transport trailers, or straight truck boxes. These containers do not include any part of a motor vehicle.
- 401.58 Sign Any outdoor notice containing words, letters, figures, numerals, emblems, devices, trademarks, or trade names, or combinations thereof.
- 401.59 Sign Area The surface area of a sign shall be computed as including the entire area within a regular geometric form or combinations of regular geometric forms comprising all of the display area of the sign and including all elements of the matter displayed. However, in computing sign area only one (1) side of a double-faced sign structure shall be considered. Frames and structural members not bearing advertising matter shall not be included in computation of the surface area.
- 401.60 Sign, Advertising Any sign including a standard poster panel, either freestanding or attached to a structure which directs attention to a business, commodity, or service.
- 401.61 Sign, Business Identification A sign which directs attention to a business commodity, service, entertainment, or other activity conducted, sold or offered on the premises upon which the sign is located.
- 401.62 Street A public thoroughfare or right-of-way for vehicular traffic which affords a principal means of access to abutting properties.
- 401.63 Street Line The street right-of-way boundary, that is, the line which separates the street from the lot.
- 401.64 Structure Anything constructed or erected, the use of which requires permanent location on the ground, or attachment to something have a permanent location on the ground. The term "structure" includes, but is not limited to, buildings, fences, signs, sheds and towers.



- 401.65 Temporary Use Structure A non-residential structure intended for temporary offices headquarters or storage of materials on the same lot or tract of land being used or developed for a directly related permanent use. A temporary use structure shall require a temporary certificate of zoning.
- 401.66 Travel Trailer A structure that is intended to be transported over the streets and highways (i) either as a motor vehicle or attached to or hauled by a motor vehicle, and (ii) is designed for temporary use as sleeping quarters, but that does not meet the definition of a manufactured home.
- 401.67 Travel Trailer Park A parcel of land designed and equipped to accommodate travel trailers and to serve as a campground.
- 401.68 Use The purpose or activity for which a piece of land or its structures is designed, arranged, or intended, or for which it is occupied or maintained.
- 401.69 Use, Principal The main use of land or structures on a lot, as distinguished from an accessory use.
401. 70 Variance A relaxation of the terms of the zoning ordinance which will not be contrary to the public interest and where, owing to conditions peculiar to the property and not the result of the actions of the applicant, a literal enforcement of the ordinance would result in an unnecessary and undue hardship. A variance may be granted only by the Zoning Board of Adjustment.
401. 71 Yard A space on the same lot with a principal building which is open, unoccupied and unobstructed by buildings or structures from ground to sky except where encroachments and accessory buildings are expressly permitted.
- 401.72 Yard, Front A yard extending the full width of the lot on which a principal building is located and situated between the front lot line and a line parallel thereto passing through the nearest point of the building.
401. 73 Yard, Rear A yard extending the full width of the lot on which a principal building is located and situated between the rear lot line and a line parallel thereto passing through the nearest point of the building.
401. 74 Yard, Side A yard on the same lot as a principal building situated between the side lot line and a line parallel thereto passing through the nearest point of the building and extending from the front yard to the rear yard.
- 401.75 Zoning Administrator An official of, or person designated by the Town of East Bend, charged with enforcing and administering the zoning ordinance.

ARTICLE V ADMINISTRATION, ENFORCEMENT AND APPEALS

SECTION 500 THE GENERAL PROCESS AND THE DUTIES OF THE ZONING ADMINISTRATOR, BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT, PLANNING BOARD, BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS AND COURTS ON MATTERS OF ADMINISTRATION

All questions arising in connection with the enforcement of this ordinance shall be presented first to the Zoning Administrator who shall be responsible for the day-to-day administration of this ordinance. The Board of Adjustment shall have the authority to rule on matters of interpretation of this ordinance, consider appeals from decisions of the Zoning Administrator, issue conditional use permits, and grant variances. Any appeal from a decision of the Board of Adjustment shall be to the courts as provided by law. The duties of the Board of Commissioners in connection with the ordinance shall not include the hearing and passing upon a disputed question that may arise in connection with the enforcement thereof, the procedure for determining such questions shall be as herein set out in this ordinance. The duties of the Board of Commissioners in connection with this ordinance shall consist of considering and passing upon the initial ordinance and any proposed amendments or repeal of this ordinance as provided by law, after receiving recommendations from the Planning Board.

SECTION 501 ZONING ADMINISTRATOR

The Board of Commissioners shall appoint a Zoning Administrator. It shall be the duty of the duly appointed Zoning Administrator to administer and enforce the provisions of this ordinance.

501.01 Duties

The Zoning Administrator shall issue certificates of zoning compliance and certificates of occupancy as prescribed herein. The Zoning Administrator shall serve as clerk to the Board of Adjustment, and all applications for variances and conditions use permits shall first be presented to the Zoning Administrator who in turn shall refer the applications to the Board of Adjustment.

If the Zoning Administrator finds that any of the provisions of this ordinance are being violated, he shall notify in writing the person responsible for such violation, indicating the nature of the violation and ordering the action necessary to correct it. He shall order discontinuance of the illegal use of land, buildings or structures, removal of illegal buildings or structures, or of additions, alterations or structural changes thereto, discontinuance of any illegal work being done; or shall take any action authorized by this ordinance to ensure compliance with or to prevent violation of its provisions. If a ruling of the Zoning Administrator is questioned, the aggrieved party or parties may appeal such ruling to the Board of Adjustment.

SECTION 502 CERTIFICATE OF ZONING COMPLIANCE REQUIRED

No building or other structure shall be erected, moved, added to or structurally altered, nor shall any change in the use of any building or land be made until a certificate of zoning compliance shall have been issued by the Zoning Administrator. No certificate of zoning compliance shall be issued except in conformity with the provisions of this ordinance. Upon approval of a conditional use permit or variance by the Board of Adjustment, the Zoning Administrator shall issue certificate of zoning compliance for the specified purpose.

502.01 Applications for Certificate of Zoning Compliance.

All applications for certificates of zoning compliance shall be accompanied by plans showing the actual dimensions of the plot to be built upon, and the location on the lot of the building or structure proposed to be erected or altered, and such other information as may be necessary to provide for the enforcement of the provisions this ordinance.

502.02 Fees.

Reasonable fees sufficient to cover the costs of administration, inspection, publication of notice, and similar material may be charged to applicants for zoning permits, zoning amendments, appeals, variances, and other administrative relief. The amount of such fees shall be fixed by the Town Board.

SECTION 503 BUILDING PERMIT EQUIRED.

Upon receiving a certificate of zoning compliance, a building permit shall be obtained pursuant to the requirements of the North Carolina State Building Code.

SECTION 504 CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY EQUIRED.

A certificate of occupancy issued by the Zoning Administrator is required in advance of

- (1) Occupancy or use of a building hereafter erected, altered or moved.
- (2) Change of use of any building or land.

A certificate of occupancy, either for the whole or part of a building, shall be applied for coincident with the application for a certificate of zoning compliance and shall be issued within ten (10) days after the erection or structural alterations of such building, or part, shall have been completed in conformity with the provisions of this ordinance. A certificate of occupancy shall not be issued unless the proposed use of a building or land conforms to the applicable provisions of this ordinance. If the certificate of occupancy is denied, the Zoning Administrator shall state in writing the reasons for refusal and the applicant shall be notified of the refusal. A record of all certificates shall be kept on file in the office of the Zoning Administrator and copies shall be furnished on request to any person having a proprietary or tenancy interest in the building or land involved. In addition to the requirements of this section, a certificate of compliance is also required to be issued under the provisions of the North Carolina State Building Code.

SECTION 505 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS.

If no construction progress has been made within six (6) months of the date of the issuance of the certificate of zoning compliance, the building permit becomes invalid.

SECTION 506 COMPLIANCE

In case any building is erected, constructed, reconstructed, altered, repaired, converted or maintained or any building or land issued in violation of this ordinance, the Zoning Administrator or any other appropriate Town authority, in addition to other remedies, may institute an action for injunction or mandamus, or other appropriate action or proceedings to prevent such a violation.

SECTION 507 APPEAL FROM THE ZONING ADMINISTRATOR

All questions arising in connection with the enforcement of the ordinance shall be presented first to the Zoning Administrator, and such questions shall be presented to the Board of Adjustment only on appeal from a ruling of the Zoning Administrator. Any other, requirement, decision or determination made by the Zoning Administrator may be appealed to the Board of Adjustment pursuant to the procedure found in the rules of procedure of the Board of Adjustment. If anyone does not agree with the findings of the enforcement officer and wants to appeal the decision to the Board of Adjustment, there will be \$50.00 fee paid to the Town of East Bend.

SECTION 508 CONSTRUCTION AND USE TO BE AS PROVIDED IN APPLICATIONS PLANS PERMITS AND CERTIFICATES OF ZONING COMPLIANCE

Building permits or certificates of zoning compliance issued on the basis of plans and applications approved by the Zoning Administrator authorize only the use, arrangement and construction set forth in such approved plans and applications, and no other use, arrangement or construction. Use arrangement of construction at variance with that authorized shall be deemed a violation of this ordinance and punishable by Article XV.

ARTICLE VI ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT

SECTION 600 ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT

A Zoning Board of Adjustment is hereby established. The Zoning Board of Adjustment shall consist of five (5) regular members and two (2) alternate members. All Board members shall be citizens of the Town of East Bend and shall be appointed by the Board of Commissioners. Initial appointments to the Board shall be made as follows one (1) member for a term of three (3) years, two (2) members each for terms of two (2) years and two (2) members, each for terms of one (1) year. Two (2) alternate members shall also be appointed to serve three (3) years each shall be made. Vacancies occurring for reasons other than expiration of appointed terms shall be filled as they occur by the Board of Commissioners for the period of the unexpired term. Members shall serve without pay but may be reimbursed for any expenses incurred while representing the Board. Regular attendance of the meetings of the Board is considered a prerequisite for maintenance of membership on the Board. Each alternate member, while attending any regular or special meeting of the Board and serving in the absence of any regular member, shall have and may exercise all the powers and duties of a regular member.

SECTION 601 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT

The powers and duties of the Board of Adjustment shall be as follows:

601.01 Interpretation
To interpret zoning maps and pass upon disputed questions of lot lines or district boundary lines and any other questions of interpretation that may arise in the administration of this ordinance.

601.02 Administrative Review
To hear and decide special and conditional use permits, appeals from any other requirement decision or determination made by the Zoning Administrator in the enforcement of this ordinance.

601.03 Conditional Uses
To grant in particular cases and subject to appropriate condition and safeguards following quasi-judicial procedures as provide by state statute permits for conditional uses as authorized by this ordinance and set forth as conditional uses under the various use districts. [G.S.160A-381(c)]

(1) When a conditional or special use permit is required by the terms of this ordinance application for such a permit shall accompany the application for a zoning compliance permit. The application shall be transmitted immediately to the Board of Adjustment which shall refer it to the Planning Board for review and recommendations prior to the public hearing.

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(2) If the Board of Adjustment shall find, after a public hearing, that in the circumstances of the particular application, the use for which the conditional use permit is sought: a) will not adversely affect the health or safety of persons residing or working in the neighborhood of the proposed use, b) will not be detrimental to the public welfare or injurious to property or public improvements in the neighborhood and c) conforms to the conditions specified for the particular use under Article VIII of this ordinance, it shall issue a conditional use permit. In granting such a permit the Board of Adjustment shall designate such conditions in connection therewith as will in its opinion, assure that the use will conform to the requirements of this ordinance.

(3) If at any time after a condition use permit has been issued for any conditional or special use, the Board of Adjustment finds that the conditions imposed the agreements made have not been or are not being fulfilled by the holder of the permit, the permit shall immediately be terminated and the operation of such a use discontinued. If the permit is terminated for any reason it may be reinstated only after a public hearing is held.

(4) The Board of Adjustment shall describe, in its rules of procedure, the specific procedure, which shall be utilized for the purpose of processing an application for a conditional use permit.

601.04

Variances

To authorize upon appeal in specific cases such variance from the terms of this ordinance as will not be contrary to the public interest where, owing to special conditions, a literal enforcement of the provisions of this ordinance will, in an individual case, result in practical difficulty or unnecessary hardship, and so that the spirit of the ordinance shall be observed, public safety and welfare secured, and substantial justice done. Such variance may be granted in such individual case of unnecessary hardship upon a finding by the Board of Adjustment that the following conditions exist:

(a) A written application for a variance is submitted demonstrating:

1. There are practical difficulties or unnecessary hardships in the way of carrying out the strict letter of these regulations such that no reasonable use of the property can be made without a variance. This shall be construed to mean:

(a) There are extraordinary and exceptional conditions pertaining to the particular place or property in question because of its location, shape or topography that are unrelated to personal circumstances and/or hardships that are conditions common to the neighborhood or general public;

(b) Granting the variance requested will not confer upon the applicant any special privileges that are denied to other residents of the district in which the property is located;

- (c) A literal interpretation of the provisions of this ordinance would deprive the applicant of rights commonly enjoyed by other residents of the district in which the property is located;
 - (d) The requested variance will be in harmony with the purpose and intent of this ordinance and will not be injurious to the neighborhood or to the general welfare;
 - (e) The special circumstances are not the result of the actions of the applicant or property owner;
 - (f) The variance requested is the minimum variance that will make possible the legal use of the land, building or structure;
 - (g) The variance is not a request to permit a use of land, building or structure which, is not permitted by right or by conditional use in the district involved; AND/OR
 - (h) A nonconforming use of neighboring land, structures or buildings in the same district, and permitted uses of land, structures or buildings in other districts will not be considered grounds for the issuance of a variance.
- (b) Notice of public hearing shall be given as required by state statute for quasi-judicial decisions, as stated in NC G.S. 160A-388(a2). At the public hearing, any party may appear in person or by agent or by attorney.
 - (c) The Board of Adjustment shall make findings that all requirements have been met for a variance.
 - (d) The Board of Adjustment shall make a finding that the reasons set forth in the application justify the granting of the variance and that the variance is the minimum one that will make possible the reasonable use of the land, building or structure.
 - (e) The Board of Adjustment shall further make a finding that the granting of the variance will be in harmony with the general purpose and intent of this ordinance, and will not be injurious to the neighborhood, or otherwise detrimental to the public welfare.
 - (f) In granting any variance, the Board of Adjustment may prescribe appropriate, reasonable conditions and safeguards in conformity with this ordinance. Violation of the conditions and safeguards, when made a part of the terms under which the variance is granted, shall be deemed a violation of this ordinance.

- (g) Under no circumstances shall the Board of Adjustment grant a variance to allow a use not permissible under the terms of this ordinance in the district involved, or any use expressly or by implication prohibited by the terms of this ordinance in the district involved. {G.S. 160A- 381(b1); 160a-388 (d)}

SECTION 602 PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT.

602.01 Rules of Procedure

The Board of Adjustment shall adopt rules of procedure separate from this ordinance which shall, at a minimum, provide for (a) general rules, (b) officers and duties, (c) alternate members, (d) rules of conduct for members, (e) meetings, (f) zoning appeals and applications, and (g) amendments. Such rules of procedure shall accompany but shall not be made part of this zoning ordinance. Such rules shall be consistent both with this ordinance and the provisions of Chapter 160A, Article 19, Part 3 of the North Carolina General Statutes. All meetings of the Board shall be open to the public and minutes shall be kept of all meetings.

602.02 Appeals

The Board of Adjustment shall hear and decide appeals from and review any order, requirement, decision, or determination made by the zoning Administrator. The Zoning Administrator shall forthwith notify the affected property owner via personal delivery, electronic mail, or first-class mail about the Board of Adjustment's decision regarding their property. An appeal may be taken by any person aggrieved or by an officer, department, board, or bureau of the town. Affected parties have thirty (30) days from receipt of the written notice of the Board of Adjustment's ruling(s) to appeal the decision. Appeals must be filed with the Town Clerk and specify the grounds of the appeal. The affected property owner may elect to erect sign on the property of subject that reads "Zoning Decision". This sign shall have letters at least six (6) inches in height and the contact information of the Town's Zoning Administrator, provided the sign is erected for ten (10) days or longer. The sign must conform with the requirements of temporary signs, as specified in Article X, Section 10.

The Zoning Administrator shall transmit to the Board all the papers constituting the record upon which the action appealed from was taken. The official shall also provide a copy of the record to the appellant and to the owner of the property that is the subject of the appeal if the appellant is not the owner. An appeal stays all proceedings in furtherance of the action appealed from, unless the Zoning Administrator certifies to the Board of Adjustment, after notice of appeal has been filed with him, that because of facts stated in the certificate a stay would, in his opinion, cause imminent peril to life or property or that because the violation charged is transitory in nature a stay would seriously interfere with enforcement of the ordinance. In that case, proceedings shall not be stayed except by a restraining order which may be granted by the Board of Adjustment or by court of record on application, on notice to the Zoning Administrator, and on

due cause shown. If enforcement proceedings are not stayed, the appellant may file with the official a request for an expedited hearing of the appeal, and the Board of Adjustment shall meet to hear the appeal within fifteen (15) days after the request is filed.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, appeals of decisions granting a permit or otherwise affirming that a proposed use of property is consistent with the ordinance shall not stay the further review of an application for permits or permissions to use such property; in these situations, the appellant may request, and the Board of Adjustment may grant a stay of a final decision of permit applications or building permits affected by the issue being appealed.

The Board of Adjustment shall fix a reasonable time for the hearing of the appeal, give due notice thereof to the parties, and decide it within a reasonable time. The Zoning Administrator and other officials who made the original decision being appealed shall be present at the hearing as a witness. It is unnecessary for the hearing be dedicated solely to the matter being appealed. The Board of Adjustment may reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the order requirement, decision or determination appealed from, and shall make any order requirement, decision or determination that in its opinion ought to be made in the premises. To this end the Board shall have all the powers of the Zoning Administrator.

602.03

Simple Majority

A simple majority of the members shall be required for any other quasi-judicial matters or determine an appeal made in the nature of certiorari. The concurring vote of four-fifths of the members of the Board of Adjustment shall be necessary to grant a variance. Vacant positions on the board and members who are disqualified from voting on a matter pursuant to this section shall not be considered 'members of the board' for calculation of the requisite majority if there are no qualified alternates available to take the place of such members. [G.S. 160A-388(e); *updated 2015*]"

602.04

Quasi-Judicial Decisions and Judicial Review

The Board shall determine contested facts and make its decision within a reasonable time. Every quasi-judicial decision shall be based upon competent, material, and substantial evidence in the record. Each quasi-judicial decision shall be reduced to writing and reflect the Board's determination of contested facts and their application to the applicable standards. The written decision shall be signed by the chair or other duly authorized member of the Board. A quasi-judicial decision is effective upon filing the written decision with the Clerk to the Board. The decision of the Board shall be delivered by personal delivery, electronic mail, or by first-class mail to the applicant, affected property owner(s), and to any person who has submitted a written request for a copy prior to the date the decision becomes effective. The Zoning Administrator shall certify that proper notice has been made.

602.05 Decisions

All decisions and findings of the Board of Adjustment shall in all cases be final administrative decisions, subject to review as provided in section 602.06.

602.06

Every quasi-judicial decision shall be subject to review by the superior court by proceedings in the nature of certiorari pursuant to NC G.S. 160A-393. Any petition for review shall be filed with the Clerk of Superior Court no later than 30 days after the decision of the Board is effective, or after a written copy thereof is delivered in accordance with Section 602.04 when first-class mail is used to deliver notice, three days shall be added to the time to file the petition.

602.07 Oaths

The chair of the Board of Adjustment or any member acting as chair and the clerk to the Board are authorized to administer oaths to witnesses in any matter coming before the Board. Any person who, while under oath during a proceeding before the Board of Adjustment, willfully swears falsely is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

602.08 Subpoenas

The Board of Adjustment, through the chair, or in the chair's absence, anyone acting as chair, and the clerk to the board may subpoena witnesses and compel the production of evidence. To request issuance of a subpoena, persons withstanding under NC G.S. 160A-393(d) may make a written request to the chair explaining why it is necessary for certain witnesses or evidence to be compelled. The chair shall issue requested subpoenas he or she determines to be relevant, reasonable in nature and scope, and not oppressive. The chair shall rule on any motion to quash or modify a subpoena. Decisions regarding subpoenas made by the chair may be appealed to the full Board of Adjustment. If a person fails or refuses to obey a subpoena issued pursuant to this subsection, the Board of Adjustment or the party seeking the subpoena may apply to the General Court of Justice for an order requiring that its subpoena be observed, and the court shall have jurisdiction to issue these orders after notice to all proper parties.

602.09 "Conflict of Interest"

A member of the Board of Adjustment shall not participate in or vote on any matter as provided, in a manner that would violate affected persons' constitutional rights to an impartial decision maker. Impermissible violations of due process include, but are not limited to, a member having a fixed opinion prior to hearing the matter that is not susceptible to change, undisclosed ex parte communications, a close familial, business, or other associational relationship with an affected person, or a financial interest in the outcome of the matter. If an objection is raised to a member's participation and that member does not recuse himself or herself, the remaining members shall by majority vote rule on the objection. [G.S. 160A-388(e)]"

SECTION 603 EFFECTIVE APPLICATION OF ORDINANCE

The responsibilities and roles details in this ordinance shall be effective immediately upon its adoption by the Town of East Bend Board of Commissioners.

ARTICLE VII ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONING DISTRICTS AND MAP

SECTION 700 USE DISTRICTS

For the purpose of this ordinance, the Town of East Bend, is hereby divided into the following districts:

- R1 Residential District
- R2 Residential District
- RMF Residential Multi-Family District
- HC Highway Commercial District
- CS Community Shopping District
- I-1 Industrial District
- WSO-WS-N Protected Area (pa) Yadkin River
Watershed Overlay District

SECTION 701 ESTABLISHMENT OF DISTRICT BOUNDARIES ON ZONING MAP

The boundaries of the use districts are hereby established as shown on the "Official Zoning Map of the Town of East Bend, North Carolina."

A zoning map entitled the "Official Zoning Map of the Town of East Bend" clearly setting forth all approved use districts and their respective boundaries is hereby made a part of this ordinance and shall be maintained in the office of the Town Clerk of the Town of East Bend. This map shall be available for inspection by interested persons during normal business hours of the Town Clerk. It shall be the duty of the Zoning Administrator of the Town of East Bend to maintain the said map and post any changes thereto as they may be made.

SECTION 703 RULES GOVERNING DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

Where uncertainty exists with respect to the boundaries of any of the aforesaid districts as shown on the zoning map, the following shall apply:

703.01 Boundary Lines

Boundaries indicated as approximately following the centerlines of streets, highways, railroad rights-of-way, alleys, streams, rivers or other bodies of water, shall be construed to follow such lines.

703.02 Lot Lines

Boundaries indicated as approximately following lot lines shall be construed as following such lot lines.

703.03 Town Limit Lines

Boundaries indicated as approximately following town limit lines shall be construed as following such town limit lines.

703.04 District Boundaries

Where district boundaries are so indicated that they are approximately parallel to the center lines of street, highways, or railroads, or right-of-way of same, such district boundaries shall be construed as being parallel thereto and at such distance therefrom as indicated on the zoning map. If no distance is given, such dimension shall be determined by the use of the scale shown on said zoning map.

703.05 Lot Boundary Lines

Where a district boundary line divides a lot of single ownership, the district requirements for the lease restricted portion of such lot shall be deemed to apply to the whole thereof, provided that such extensions shall not include any part of such for more than thirty-five (35) feet beyond the district boundary lines.

703.06 Boundary Physical Features

Where physical features existing on the ground are at variance with those shown on the Official Zoning Map, or in other circumstances not covered by subsection 703.01 through 703.05, the Board of Adjustment shall interpret the district boundaries.

703.07 Corner Lots

On a corner lot in any residential district, no planting, structure, sign, fence, wall or obstruction to vision more than three (3) feet in height measured from the center line of the street shall be placed or maintained within the triangular area formed by the intersecting street right-of-way lines and a straight-line connecting point on said street right-of-way lines each of which is thirty-five (35) feet distant from the point of intersection.

ARTICLE VIII USE REQUIREMENTS BY DISTRICT

SECTION 800 R1, R2, RMF, Residential Districts

800.01 Use

The uses permitted in these districts are depicted in Appendix I.

800.02 Permitted Uses

The following uses shall be permitted by the Board of Adjustment as conditional uses subject to the provisions of Section 602.03 of this ordinance and subject to a finding by the Board of Adjustment that the additional conditions listed below shall be met:

(1) Public works and public utility facilities such as distribution lines, transmission lines and towers, electric substations, water tanks and towers, pumping stations, water treatment plants, sewage lagoons and plants, and telephone exchanges, provided:

(a) Plans clearly indicating the developer's intention to comply with the provisions of this section shall be submitted to and approved by the Board of Adjustment. Such plans must show the ownership and use of neighboring properties; all proposed entrances, exits, driveways, walkways, off-street parking spaces, and building location and dimensions.

(b) All Buildings and facilities shall be set back at least thirty (30) feet from all property lines, and shall be designed and landscaped in such a way as to blend in with the surrounding area; and

(c) All dangerous apparatus shall be enclosed by a chain link fence at least eight (8) feet in height.

(2) Group or cluster housing projects or subdivisions subject to the provisions of Section 1307 of this ordinance.

(3) Multi-family dwellings, provided:

(a) A site plan of the proposed project shall be submitted to the Board of Adjustment for review;

(b) Where a multi-family dwelling abuts a lot in a residential district; there shall be provided and maintained (by the multi-family dwelling) along the abutting property line a continuous visual buffer strip as defined in Article IV;

(c) Mobile home, whether single- or doublewide and whether located on temporary or permanent foundations, shall not be permitted.

800.03 Off-street Parking, Loading and Unloading

Off-street parking, loading and unloading space for the residential districts shall be provide as required in Article XII of this ordinance.

800.04 Dimensional Requirements

Dimensional requirements for the residential district shall be as specified in Article IX.

800.06 Unconfined Pets

(A) Definitions:

The following words, whenever they are used in the article, shall be deemed to have the following meanings:

Animal Control Officer: The person or persons employed by the town or county as its enforcement officer(s); either full time or designated temporarily.

At large: Any animal shall be deemed to be at large when it is not under restraint and is off the property of its owner or keeper.

Owner: Any person, groups of persons, or corporation that owns, keeps, or harbors a dog or dogs or other animals.

Restraint: An animal is under restraint within the meaning of this article if it is:

- (1) Confined in a fenced enclosure, building, or house and unable to escape.
- (2) Restricted by leash, chain, rope, or similar device under the control of the owner or keeper.
- (3) Confined within a vehicle and unable to escape.
- (4) Under voice command of the owner, or other persons and the animals is expected to obey the voice command.

(B) Animals Creating a Nuisance Prohibited

It shall be unlawful for any owner or custodian to permit his or her animal, or an animal in his or her care, to create a public nuisance. In such cases, and only in such cases, the owner or custodian must keep the animal that has been determined by the Yadkin County animal control or East Bend Enforcement to be creating a public nuisance on his or her own property at all times unless the animal is under physical restraint. If the Yadkin County animal control department or East Bend Enforcement declares an animal to be a public nuisance the Town of East Bend will assert the authority to instruct the animal's owner or custodian in writing to confine the animal in a secure enclosure when the animal is on the owner's or custodian's property and to

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restrain the animal by means of a leash, chain, or other like device when the animal is off the owner's or custodian's property. Failure to comply with this ordinance will enact the Town's nuisance ordinance and its penalties.

(C) Running At-Large Prohibited

(1) Unlawful conduct. It shall be unlawful for any person owning or having possession, charge, custody or control of an animal to allow that animal to run at large. Hunting dogs shall be excluded from the provisions of this section while the dogs are engaged in hunting, provided the hunting complies with North Carolina law and the hunters are not trespassing.

(2) Estrous period. It shall be unlawful for any person owning or having possession, charge, custody or control of a female dog or female cat to allow that animal to be at large during its estrous period. During this period, the owner or person having possession of the animal must restrain the animal in a secure enclosure in such a manner that will prevent the animal from coming in contact with a male of its species. This section shall not be construed to prohibit the intentional breeding of animals on the premises of the owners or keepers of the animals involved.

(D) Confinement of Pets

Animals may be kept as pets on all parcels zoned for residential and agricultural use. All animals kept for domestic use and not used to generate profit from associated animal products including, but not limited to, milk, eggs, and hides, shall be kept such that their activities do not adversely impact other property owners or endanger members of the Town of East Bend. Animals kept for agricultural purposes are not affected by this ordinance. Any animal not prohibited by the Yadkin County ordinance for Dangerous Exotic and Wild Animals shall be permitted to be kept indoors. Animals kept outdoors must not violate the conditions of Yadkin County's or the Town of East Bend's Nuisance Ordinance. The following table identifies the concentration of animals permitted in the Town of East Bend.

Table of Animal Confinement Regulations of East Bend, NC		
Animal Type	# Animals Permitted (per acre)	Exclusion Buffer From Adjacent Properties (feet)
Fish	No Limit	Not Applicable
Poultry (no males, e.g. rooster, drake, gander)	5	Poultry shall be confined to the property owner by fencing and/or appropriate bird housing. No at large chickens or other poultry are permitted. Buffer is 3' from property line unless there is opaque fencing at the property line.
*Small Mammal, e.g. rabbit, ferret	2	3

*The keeping of more than five dogs or five cats is declared to be a nuisance and is prohibited under Town Ordinance Article III, Section 10, c.

- (E) It shall be unlawful for any person with less than 10 (ten) acres of land to keep, harbor, or maintain swine, horses, mules, cattle, goats, sheep or other domestic animals classified as “livestock” within the corporate limits of the Town of East Bend.
- (F) Except for the keeping of swine, which is prohibited, Section (E) above does not apply to the owner or occupant of any parcel of land consisting of at least 10 (ten) contiguous acres, provided that the owner or occupant maintains a 10-foot buffer between the livestock and all adjoining property lines. For the purposes of this section only, the buffer width shall be calculated to include all public road right of ways or easements (including, but not limited to, the paved public travelled way) adjacent to, or included in the said parcel. No more than one animal classified as livestock may be maintained for each fenced 2 acres of land inside the buffer area.
- (G) It shall be unlawful for any person to keep, harbor, or maintain any swine within the town.
- (H) Application of Ordinance

Any individual who is not in compliance with the terms of this ordinance when it is adopted by the Town of East Bend Board of Commissioners shall have 365 days from the date of its adoption to take measures to satisfy its terms. At that time, any property owners with properties violating the terms of this ordinance shall be deemed to be non-compliant with municipal codes and shall be dealt with as specified in Article XV. This amortization provision does not apply to the fencing of livestock, which existing fencing is grandfathered and deemed to be compliant.

(I) Public Nuisance

The existence of any of the following conditions within the town limits is hereby declared to be dangerous and prejudicial to the public health, welfare or safety and to constitute a public nuisance; any animal or groups of animals which:

1. Is found at large and off the property of its owner or keeper and not under physical restraint;
2. Damages, soils, or defiles person or property of anyone other than its owner;
3. Is vicious, or interferes with, molests, or attacks persons or other animals;
4. Causes fouling of the air by odors;
5. Causes unsanitary conditions of enclosures or surroundings;
6. By virtue of number or type is offensive or dangerous to the public health, safety, or welfare;
7. Excessively makes disturbing noises;
8. Is diseased and dangerous to the public health;
9. Chases, snaps at, harasses, or impedes pedestrians, bicyclists, or vehicles.

(J) Restraint Required

Animals shall not be permitted to run at-large within the Town of East Bend municipal limits.

(K) Right of Officer to enter for Inspections

- (a) Whenever it is necessary to make an inspection to enforce any of the provisions of or perform any duty imposed by this ordinance, or other applicable law, or whenever the Animal Control Officer or designated town official has reasonable cause to believe that there exists in any building or upon the premises any violation of the provisions of this article or other applicable law, the Animal Control Officer or his authorized representative is hereby empowered to enter such property at any reasonable time and to inspect the same and perform any duty imposed upon the Animal Control Officer or designated town official by this article or other applicable law, but only if the consent of the occupant or owner of the property is freely given or a search warrant is obtained as hereinafter provided:
 - (1) If such property is occupied, he shall first present proper credentials to the occupant and request entry, explaining his reason therefore;
 - (2) If such property is unoccupied, he shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner or other person having charge or control of the property, present proper credentials and request entry, explaining his reasons therefor; and
 - (3) If such entry is refused or cannot be obtained because the owner or other person having charge or control of the property cannot be found after due diligence, the animal control officer or designated town official shall obtain a warrant to conduct a search or inspection of the property.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, the Animal Control Officer or designated town official shall have the authority to enter upon any property to enforce the provisions of this article, or other applicable law if a violation of such law is being committed in the presence of such officers. "Committed in the presence of such officers" shall not be construed to refer to any alleged violation of this article or other applicable law which is committed within any building or other enclosed structure unless such officer is also lawfully within such building or enclosed structure. The Police Department will assist the Yadkin County Animal Control Officer and the designated town official when necessary.

Updates and additions to section 800.06 was adopted by the Town of East Bend on the 14 day of June, 2021 and signed by Archie B. Hicks, Mayor and Vickie J. Matthews, Town Clerk/Administrator.

SECTION 801 HC & CS BUSINESS DISTRICTS

801.01 Uses

The uses permitted in these districts are depicted in Appendix I.

801.02 Off-street Loading and Unloading

Off-street loading and unloading space shall be provided as required in Article XII of this ordinance.

801.03 Abutment of Residential District

Where a use created in this district abuts a lot in a residential district, there shall be provided and maintained (by the use created in this district) along the abutting property line a continuous visual buffer strip as defined in Article IV.

801.04 Customary Accessory Uses

Customary accessory uses or structures, excluding open storage, are permitted, provided that:

- (a) Such uses or structures shall be located in the rear yard;
- (b) Such uses or structures shall maintain a minimum set back of five (5) feet from rear lot lines and shall observe setback requirements from all other lot lines as specified in Article IX;
- (c) No accessory use or structure situated on a corner lot shall extend beyond the front yard line required in abutting property on the side street.

801.05 Business Off-street Parking, Loading and Unloading

Off-street parking, loading, and unloading space for the business districts shall be provided as required in Article XII of this ordinance.

801.06 Motor Vehicle Sales Acreage

Motor vehicle sales establishments must have a minimum of one-half acre lot, with no more than 25 vehicles per one half acre.

801.07 Motor Vehicle Sales Lot

Motor vehicle sales establishments must have a paved lot with adequate outside sodium vapor lighting.

801.08 Businesses in HC and CS Districts

Businesses in HC and CS districts must display hours of operation and an after-hours contact telephone number.

801.09 Design Requirements for Metal Buildings

In order to beautify, enhance compatibility and continue and maintain the historic development pattern of downtown East Bend, the following standards shall apply to all new construction of commercial buildings, and additions or substantial modifications to commercial metal buildings requiring a building permit located within the Community Shopping Zoning District. The Board of Adjustment may modify or waive these requirements as appropriate:

(a) All building elevations facing a public street shall have a wall facade of one of the following finishes, extending a minimum of seven (7) feet up from ground level, or one-third of the building height, whichever is greater.

(b) Required exterior finishes:

1. Masonry: Brick, stone (real or cultured), stucco, textured and painted CMU.
2. Wood: Sheet or lap type siding; field painted, prefinished or bonded color.
3. Metal: Prefinished architectural metal panels, flashing and miscellaneous metals to be approved only with full disclosure of design and appearance prior to issuance of permit.

(c) The following exterior finishes are not approved for commercial metal buildings under this ordinance:

1. Unfinished CMU or standard concrete CMU.
2. Sheet plywood, treated lumber or raw lumber not specifically intended for siding.
3. Standard ribbed galvanized or prefinished metal siding.
4. Vinyl siding, flashing and miscellaneous profiles.

While not required, use of a wall facade of similar look and construction on the sides of the buildings is encouraged, as is use of facade design and construction compatible in quality, color, texture and finish to those common in the downtown area on buildings constructed prior to 1950.

Effective January 10, 2011

SECTION 802 I-1 INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT

802.01 Use

The uses permitted in this district are depicted in Appendix I.

802.02 Customary Accessory Uses

Customary accessory uses or structures, including open storage are permitted provided that:

- (a) Such uses or structures shall be located in the rear yard;
- (b) Such uses or structures shall maintain a minimum set back of five (5) feet from rear lot lines and shall observe setback requirements from all other lot lines as specified in Article IX;
- (c) No accessory use or structure situated on a corner lot shall extend beyond the front yard line required in abutting property on the side street.

802.03 Parking

Off-street parking, loading and unloading space shall be provided as required in Article XII of this ordinance.

802.04 Non-Residential Use

Where a non-residential use created in this district abuts a lot in a residential district there shall be provided and maintained (by the use created in this district) along the abutting property line a continuous visual buffer strip as defined in Article IV.

802.05 Industrial Districts

Businesses in Industrial districts must display hours of operation and an after-hours contact telephone number.

TABLE OF PERMITTED USES

Use Requirements by Districts:

R1, R2=Residential	I-1=Industrial
RMF=Residential Multifamily	P=Permitted
HC=Highway Commercial	C=Conditional
CS=Community Shopping	

Manufactured and constructed homes shall be so oriented to ensure that the longest

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side is parallel to the front lot line and the manufacturer or builder's designated front door or entrance shall be so oriented to face the front lot line.

TABLE OF PERMITTED USES TOWN OF EAST BEND						
USE	RI	R2	RMF	HC	CS	1-1
Accessory uses and structures to any permitted principal use (examples: private garages/workshops and similar activities). In residential districts, accessory uses shall not be used for commercial (for profit) activities.	P	P	P	P	P	P
Agricultural uses including on-premises retail sale of products grown on the property				P	P	P
Animal hospitals and clinics with outside runs				P		P
Animal hospitals and clinics without outside runs				P		P
Auditoriums or other buildings for dramatic, musical, or other cultural activities	P			P	P	P
Bed and Breakfast houses	P	P				
Cemeteries	P	P				
Child and Day Care facilities	p	p		p	p	C
Churches, including educational buildings and similar church related activities	p	p	p	p	p	p
Civic clubs including grounds for games and sports provided activity such as a refreshment stand shall be incidental to the primary activity	p	p			p	
Dwellings: Single family	p	p	p		p	
Dwellings: Multifamily			C			
Dwellings: Two family			p			
Fire stations, police stations, rescue squads, and similar public or quasi-public facilities provided: (a) small vehicles and equipment shall be stored indoors or under a shelter whenever possible, (b) all buildings shall be set back at least (20) feet from all property lines and shall be designed and landscaped in such a way as to blend in the surrounding area.	C	C	C	C	C	C

EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA ZONING ORDINANCES

TABLE OF PERMITTED USES TOWN OF EAST BEND						
USE	R1	R2	RMF	HC	CS	1-1
Funeral homes/Mortuaries	p			p	p	
Government office buildings and post offices				p	p	
Home Occupations, Incidental: provided: (a) such occupations shall be clearly incidental to the residential use of the lot, (b) activities conducted by the residents of the dwelling; (c) not more than one fourth of the area shall be used for such operations; (d) no display of products shall be visible from the street; & no accessory buildings shall be used for such home occupations	p	p	p	p	p	
Industrial and manufacturing uses not otherwise prohibited by law. However, the following are specifically not permitted: a) abattoirs b) stock yard c) distillation of bones d) fat rendering e) garbage offal or dead animal reduction f) tannery g) manufacturing, processing, and/or refining of acetylene gas, acid, cement, chlorine dextrin, disinfectant, explosives, fertilizer, fish, fireworks, gas, gelatin, glucose, glue, gunpowder, gypsum, hair, hides (raw), matches, paper, pulp, and petroleum products h) junkyards						p
Industrial parks, provided the requirements of Article VIII are met						C
Junkyards or Salvage Yards (not permitted in any district)						
Laundry, dry cleaning plants, and Laundromats				p	p	p
Libraries	p	p				

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TABLE OF PERMITTED USES TOWN OF EAST BEND						
USE	RI	R2	RMF	HC	CS	1-1
Manufactured Homes, Class A (on individual lots)	p	p				
Manufactured Homes, Class B (on individual lots)		p				
Manufactured home parks, provided: a) they comply with the State of North Carolina Regulations for Manufactured Homes and Modular Housing, and (b) all buildings shall be setback at least twenty feet from all property lines and shall be designed and landscaped in such a way as to blend in with the surrounding area.						
Modular homes	p	p				
Nonconforming structures and uses which were so used and occupied at the time of adoption of this ordinance as a result of an amendment to this ordinance	p	p	p	p	p	p
Nursing homes, homes for the aged, rest homes	C					
Offices: Professional				p	p	
Offices: other				p	p	p
Office and professional center subject to off-street parking or loading areas required by this ordinance and serving a use in the same district in which these areas are situated.				C	C	
Off street parking, commercial	p	p	p	p	p	p
Plant nurseries, retail or wholesale				p		
Printing shops				p		p
Public Utility stations or substations, provided the provisions of Section 800.02 (1) are met	C	C	C	C	C	C
Public utility transmission lines	p	p	p	p	p	p
Parks, playgrounds, and community centers (publicly owned)		p	p	p	p	
Restaurants				p	p	C

TABLE OF PERMITTED USES TOWN OF EAST BEND						
USE	RI	R2	RMF	HC	CS	1-1
Retail sale of any item not otherwise prohibited by law and not otherwise listed in this ordinance				p	p	p
Schools: business, parochial, and trade	p	p	p			
Services, personal, professional, business or recreational not otherwise prohibited in this ordinance				p	p	p
Shipping container structures				C		C
Signs	p	p	p	p	p	p
Used Car Lots				p		p
Wholesales sales, incidental to a retail activity				p	p	p
Wholesale sales, principal uses				p	p	p
Wireless Communication Towers						C

ARTICLE IX DIMENSIONAL AND LANDSCAPING REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 900 USE

No building or land shall hereafter be used or occupied, and no building or structure or part thereof shall be erected, moved or structurally altered except in conformity with the regulations of this ordinance for the district in which it is located.

SECTION 901 HEIGHT AND DENSITY

No building shall hereafter be erected or altered so as to exceed the height limit or to exceed the density regulations of this ordinance for the district in which it is located.

SECTION 902 LOT SIZE.

No lot, even though it may consist of one or more adjacent lots of record in single ownership, shall be reduced in size so that the lot width or depth, front, side or rear yards, lot area per dwelling unit, or other requirements of this ordinance are not maintained.

This prohibition shall not be construed to prevent the purchase or condemnation of narrow strips of land for public utilities or street right-of-way purposes.

SECTION 903 DOUBLE FRONTAGE LOTS

In the event that a lot abuts a street at both the front and rear of the lot, the owner shall be required to specify the front of the lot when requesting a zoning compliance permit.

SECTION 904 REQUIRED YARDS AND OTHER SPACES

No part of a yard or open space, or off-street parking or loading space required in Article XII, or required in connection with any building for the purpose of complying with this ordinance, shall be included as a part of a yard, open space, or off-street parking or loading space similarly required for any other building.

SECTION 905 ONE PRINCIPAL BUILDING ON A LOT

Every building hereafter erected, moved or structurally altered shall be located on a lot, and in no case shall there be more than one (1) principal building or structure and its customary accessory buildings on the lot, except in the case of mobile home parks and group projects pursuant to the provisions of Sections 1307 and 800.02 (1) of this ordinance.

Within any principal building, more than one use may exist provided all such uses comply with the regulations applicable to the district in which the principal building is located. The requirements of Article XII of this ordinance shall be observed strictly with

respect to each use, which exists within a principal building. Where more than one dwelling exists within a principal building, such uses shall be combined for the purpose of determining the status of the use as either a single-family, two-family, or multi-family dwelling pursuant to Section 401.

SECTION 906 SCREENING REQUIREMENTS (Fencing, Retaining Walls, & Berms)

Screening may be comprised of a fence, wall, hedge or other natural planting of sufficient density to minimize the physical or visual intrusion generated by an existing or future use as stated below. Screens shall be applied to any new use of land, change in use or expansion of use occurring in accordance with the regulations set forth in this article. All fences not conforming to these terms at the time of adoption of this ordinance shall not be considered in violation of the ordinance. However, should any modifications and/or replacements of the fence be necessary, the fence shall be treated as a non-conforming accessory structure and repairs must meet the conditions specified in §906.

Fences, retaining walls and berms that are used within yards shall be located within the interior of the yard and the vegetation may be required on both sides of the fence or wall. Fences shall be sturdy with structural integrity.

- (a) All fences and retaining walls shall have the finished side facing out, with no structural supports visible from adjoining properties or public street right-of-way unless the fence is designed so that such supports are visible from both sides.
- (b) Fences, retaining walls and berms shall be permitted within all districts.
- (c) Height and location limits on fences are as follows:
 - (1) In business, industrial, and institutional districts a three (3) foot minimum height limit on fences shall apply. No fence shall be located within a street right-of-way or within 15 feet of the edge of a publicly maintained street or road, whichever is greater.
 - (2) In residential districts, fences in the front yard shall have a six (6) foot height limit; fences in the rear and side yard shall have an eight (8) foot height limit. No fence shall be located within a street right-of-way or within 15 feet of the edge of a publicly maintained street or road, whichever is greater.
 - (3) These height requirements will apply to retaining walls and berms with or without plant vegetation.
- (d) All fences and retaining walls shall be constructed of durable materials and shall be installed to withstand the natural weather conditions and shall be maintained in good condition at all times.
- (e) Fences for agricultural purposes are exempt from the requirements of this section.

SECTION 907 R1, R2, RMF RESIDENTIALDISTRICTS.

907.01 Accessory Buildings

Accessory buildings shall not be located in a front yard of any principal building or within twenty (20) feet of any street right-of-way or within five (5) feet of any lot line not a street right-of-way line.

907.02 Carports

Prior to the issuance of a permit, the car port owner must adhere to the following regulations:

A. Pre-manufactured or membrane carports are only permitted as an accessory building to single-family lots or parcels when placed in the side or rear yard, and not in the front yard. Carports may be placed on any paved or gravel driveway which exists as of the date of this ordinance, as long as at least one side of the carport is in the side yard, or adjacent to the side yard line.

B. For purposes of this Section, the “front yard” is an open space extending the full width of the principal structure, the depth of which is the horizontal distance between the front lot line and the nearest line of the principal structure.

C. For all pre-manufactured or membrane carports, the property owner must submit a plot plan to the Town of East Bend that includes the following information:

1. Address of Property
2. Location of residence and carport
3. Dimensions of proposed carport not to exceed 21’ wide X 21’ long X 12’ high.
4. Location of all easements, right-of-ways and sidewalks
5. Structural setbacks
6. Structural height
7. Lot coverage
8. Any other information deemed pertinent by the Zoning Administrator.

D. Pre-manufactured or membrane car ports must be anchored to the ground.

E. All carports regardless of size must obtain a building permit from the Town of East Bend.

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F. All site built (i.e. wood framed) carports regardless of size must obtain a building permit.

G. At no time shall carports overhang or otherwise adversely affect adjacent properties due to runoff of rain, snow, sleet etc. or interfere with sidewalks or public right of ways. All carports must be outside required setbacks and outside any easements or right of ways.

H. Carports shall not be constructed or maintained in the area identified as the road sight distance area (a.k.a. sight triangle) between three feet (3') in height and nine feet (9') in height above the roadway. Nothing shall intrude into the sight triangle so as to obscure or block the visibility of any traffic.

I. Only one carport per dwelling is allowed with a maximum of 1 other accessory structure.

J. All carports must remain as originally built and approved and are only for the storage of operating vehicles. A carport does not meet the requirements for storage of Inoperable Vehicles or Junk. See Article II of the Town of East Bend Ordinance and Article XVIII of the Zoning Ordinances.

K. The Board of Adjustment shall be empowered to grant variances from the terms of this Section when the strict application of the Ordinance would create unnecessary hardship and the requested variance is consistent with the spirit and purpose of this Ordinance. Appropriate related conditions may be placed on any variance.

SECTION 908

HC & CS BUSINESS DISTRICTS

908.01

Side Yard Setback

No side yard is required for commercial uses if the property abuts another commercial or industrial use or district; should a side yard however be desired; it shall not be less than five (5) feet. Should future expansion of these business districts encroach into a prior residential area, a ten (10) foot side yard shall be required.

For residential uses in a Community Shopping District, a ten (10) foot side yard shall be required.

908.02

Rear Yard Setback

No rear yard setback is required for commercial uses if the property abuts another commercial or industrial use or district; should a rear yard however be desired; it shall not be less than five (5) feet. Should future expansion of these business districts encroach into a prior residential area, a twenty (20) foot rear yard shall be provided. For residential uses in a Community Shopping District, a twenty (20) foot rear yard shall be required.

SECTION 909 I-1 INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT

909.01 Side Yard Setback

No side yard is required for industrial uses if the property abuts another commercial or industrial use or district. Should future expansion of this district encroach into a residential area, a fifteen (15) side yard shall be required. Should a side yard however be desired, it shall not be less than five (5) feet.

909 .02 Rear Yard Setback

No rear yard setback is required for industrial uses if the property abuts another commercial or industrial use or district. Should future expansion of this district encroach into a residential area, a twenty (20) foot rear yard shall be required.

SECTION 910 TABLE OF DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS BY DISTRICTS

R1, R2=Residential

CS=Community Shopping

RMF=Residential Multifamily

I-1=Industrial

HC=Highway Commercial

District	Minimum Lot Area (feet)	Lot Area Per dwelling unit (feet)	Minimum Lot Width at building line (feet)	Minimum Setback Yard Front (feet)	Minimum Setback Yard Side (feet)	Minimum Setback Yard Rear (feet)	Maximum Height (feet)
R1	20,000	20,000	100	40	15	20	35
R2	20,000	20,000	100	40	15	20	35
RMF	20,000	20,000 for first unit, 5,000 for each additional unit	100	40	15	20	35
HC	None ¹	None	None	None	None	None	None
CS	20,000	20,000	100	40*	15*	20*	35
I-1	43,560 (1 acre)	None	200	50*	15*	20*	None

*No setbacks are required if a property is adjacent to a property zoned HC, CS, or I-1

¹ Motor Vehicle sales establishments must have a minimum of .5 acre or 21,780 feet.

No more than 25 vehicles per ½ acre (801.06)

ARTICLE X SIGNS

1000 INTENT

This section is intended to regulate and control signs and their placement throughout the Town of East Bend for the following purposes:

- (a) To provide a pleasing overall environmental setting and good community appearance, which is deemed vital to the continued economic attractiveness of the town;
- (b) To create a more productive, enterprising, professional business atmosphere;
- (c) To allow signs appropriate to the planned character and development of each zoning district;
- (d) To ensure that permitted signs do not become a hazard or nuisance;
- (e) To promote traffic safety;
- (f) To prevent business and advertising signs from conflicting with public safety signs; and
- (g) To protect and enhance the value of properties.

1001 APPLICABILITY

1001.01 Existing Signage

With the exception of those signs authorized in Sections 1008.04 and 1008.05, it shall be unlawful to construct, enlarge, modify, move or replace any sign or cause the same to be done, without first obtaining a zoning permit for such sign from the town or its designee.

1001.02 Replacement of Permanent Copy

Notwithstanding the above, changing or replacing the permanent copy on an existing lawful sign shall not require a permit, provided the copy change does not change the nature of the sign so as to render it in violation of this ordinance.

1002 GENERAL PROVISIONS

The following regulations shall apply to all signs.

1002.01 Construction Standards

- (a) All signs shall be constructed and installed in accordance with the applicable provisions of the North Carolina State Building Code.
- (b) All temporary signs shall be constructed of materials and printed on by inks and paints capable of withstanding normal weather conditions.
- (c) All signs, except for banners, flags, temporary signs, and window signs conforming in all respects with the requirements of this ordinance, shall be constructed of permanent materials and shall be permanently attached to the ground, a building, or another structure by direct attachment to a rigid wall, frame, or structure.

1002.02 Electrical Standards

All illuminated signs shall be installed in accordance with the applicable provisions of the North Carolina State Electrical Code and all illuminated detached signs shall be illuminated by an underground electrical source.

1002.03 Maintenance of Signs

All signs shall be maintained in good structural and aesthetic condition. Deficiencies such as chipped paint, broken plastic, missing letters and exposed light bulbs shall be evidence of a lack of maintenance.

1002.04 Obstructions Prohibited

No sign shall be placed so as to obstruct the clear sight triangle at a street intersection nor shall any sign obstruct the view of motorists entering or leaving an off-street parking area.

1002.05 Relation to Other Building Elements

- (a) Signs shall relate in their placement and size to other building elements without obscuring building elements such as windows, cornices, or decorative details, except that signs may be placed on the inside of windows.
- (b) Sign material, style and color shall complement the building facade in terms of design, scale, color, and materials.
- (c) Individual shop signs in a single storefront shall relate to each other in terms of design, size, color, placement on the building, and lettering style.
- (d) Signs placed on the inside of the window areas shall conceal no more than 25% of the area of the window on which the signs are located.

1002.06 Sign Lighting

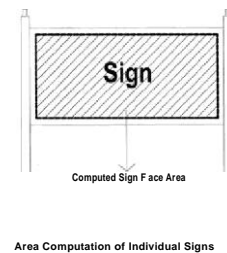
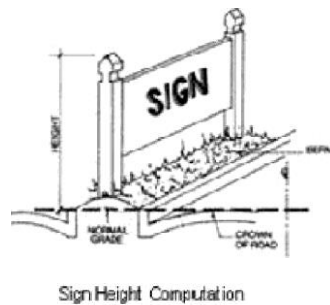
- (a) Neon, argon and similar lighting fixtures shall not be used anywhere on the exterior of a building; however, such signs may be mounted on the inside of store windows.
- (b) Signs shall be lighted with indirect light sources (e.g. backlighting); knockout signs are encouraged. Ground mounted floodlights may also be used if the light is directed only on the sign and not onto adjacent properties or roadways and the light fixtures are fully shielded from view through the use of landscaping.

1003 SIGN HEIGHT COMPUTATION

Sign height shall be computed as the lower of: 1) existing grade prior to construction, or 2) the newly established grade after construction, exclusive of any filling, berming, mounding, or excavating solely for the purpose of locating the sign. The calculation of the height of any sign placed upon a berm or mound shall include the height of the berm or mound.

1004 SIGN AREA COMPUTATION

The area of a sign face (which is also the sign area of a wall sign or other sign with only one face) shall be computed by means of the smallest square, circle, rectangle, triangle, or combination thereof that will encompass the extreme limits of the writing, representation, emblem, or other display, together with any material or color forming an integral part of the background of the display or used to differentiate the sign from the backdrop or structure against which it is placed, but not including any supporting framework, bracing, or decorative fence or wall when such fence or wall otherwise meets zoning ordinance regulations and is clearly incidental to the display itself.



1005 SIGN AREA COMPUTATION FOR MULTI-FACED SIGNS

The sign area for a sign with multiple faces shall be computed by adding together the area of all sign faces visible from any one (1) point. When a sign is composed of two (2) or more sign faces, only one (1) of which can be viewed from any one (1) point, and when such sign faces are part of the same structure, the sign area shall be computed by the measurement of one (1) of the faces.

1006 FORFEITURE OF ILLEGAL SIGNS PLACED ON OR OVER PUBLIC PROPERTY

Any sign installed or placed on or over public property, except in conformance with the requirements of this section, shall be forfeited to the public and be subject to confiscation and disposal. In addition to other remedies provided by this section and the Town Code of Ordinances, the town shall have the right to recover from the sign owner and/or installer the full costs of removal and disposal of such sign.

1007 MAINTENANCE AND REMOVAL OF SIGNS

All signs shall be maintained in good structural and aesthetic condition. Deficiencies such as chipped paint, broken plastic, missing letters, and exposed light bulbs shall be evidence of a lack of maintenance.

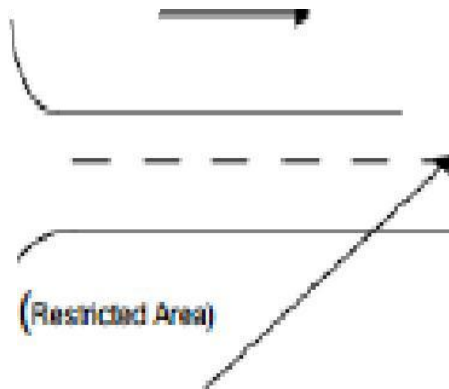
Within six (6) months after the termination of business at a particular location, the owner of the property shall remove or eliminate all signage related to the terminated or relocated business. If the property owner fails to remove the signage within the specified time, the outstanding condition shall be considered a nuisance by the Town of East Bend and treated as specified under its relevant ordinance and authority.

1008 SIGN PLACEMENT

The following provisions shall apply to the placement of all signs in all districts.

1008.01 In General

- (a) Signs must be located entirely on private property, unless otherwise permitted by this section.
- (b) No sign may be located so that it blocks the sight triangle at any driveway or public street intersection.



1008.02 Wall Signs

Wall mounted signs shall not extend above the eave or parapet of any building.

1008.03 Freestanding Signs

- (a) All parts of freestanding signs must be set back a minimum of five (5) feet from the property line or from a neighboring property line.
- (b) No freestanding sign shall be located closer than fifteen (15) feet from another structure on the same zoning lot.
- (c) No portion of a freestanding sign, including projections, may extend closer than 15 feet into or over an existing public right-of-way, unless expressly permitted by this article.

1008.04 Temporary Signs

- (a) Temporary signs shall be located on private property unless expressly permitted by this section to be posted on public property.
- (b) All temporary signs shall be anchored, attached, or otherwise affixed to a structure or support so that the sign cannot be easily dislodged by strong winds or heavy rains.

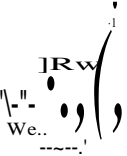


1008.05 Sandwich or Menu Board Signs

- (a) Sandwich or menu board signs shall be placed on the sidewalk directly in front of the associated use and within four (4) feet of the curb.
- (b) No portable sandwich or menu board signs shall be located on a sidewalk where the sidewalk is less than nine (9) feet in width.
- (c) Sandwich or menu board signs shall be at least ten (10) feet from any intersection and at least five (5) feet from any crosswalk or fire hydrant.
- (d) Sandwich or menu board signs shall be displayed only during operational hours of the business being advertised, removed each day at the close of business, and shall not be lighted.
- (e) Sandwich or menu board signs shall be constructed of materials that present a finished appearance. Rough cut plywood is not acceptable. The sign lettering shall be professionally painted or applied. Chalkboard signs shall be permitted. The written message of the sign shall be kept to the minimum necessary to communicate the name of a business or a special message of the business.

(f) Any person erecting a sandwich or menu board sign shall indemnify and hold harmless the Town and its officers, agents, and employees from any claim arising out of the presence of the sign on Town property or rights-of-way. The person erecting a sandwich or menu board sign shall sign an indemnification agreement, approved by the Town Attorney, prior to the issuance of a sign permit. The indemnification agreement shall be accompanied by evidence of insurance covering the liability assumed in this subsection and the agreement.

EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA
ZONING ORDINANCES

Town of East Bend
Table of Permitted Signs

SIGN TYPE	ZONES PERMITTED	SIGN AREA {sq ft}	MAX SIGN HEIGHT {ft}	SIGN ILLUMINATION	MIN LETTER SIZE {in}	DENSITY	MIN SETBACK {ft}	OTHER REQUIREMENTS
Blade/Projecting								Only one sign (blade, V-type or flat sign) allowed per occupancy per street or parking frontage
	R1, R2, RMF, HC, CS, 1-1							One square foot of signage for each one square foot of occupancy frontage up to the maximum allowed
V-Type				Ambient External	6	1/street OR 1/business		Internally-illuminated signs - not more than 50% of sign face can be illuminated
								No attached signage above second story.
Flat/Wall								Wall signs may exceed the 32 SF requirements up to a maximum of 5% of the wall facade size (square footage).
	HC, CS, 1-1	3 2						

EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA
ZONING ORDINANCES

SIGN TYPE	ZONES PERMITTED	SIGN AREA {sq ft}	MAX SIGN HEIGHT {ft}	SIGN ILLUMINATION	MIN LETTER SIZE {in}	DENSITY	MIN SETBACK {ft}	OTHER REQUIREMENTS
Window Directory		8		Ambient	N/A	1/100 sq ft display/dorway/window area, or fraction thereof		A maximum allowance of three signs per street or parking frontage per occupancy
	R1, R2, RMF, HC, CS, 1-1	4 12*		Ambient External Internal	4"	N/A		Not more than 25% of sign face shall contain a logo or commercial message.
		4		Ambient External	N/A	One per street or parking frontage per building		*Only allowed for signs placed above a common entrance shared by multiple tenants of the same





building; one sign per entrance






Directional



EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA ZONING ORDINANCES

SIGN TYPE	ZONES PERMITTED	SIGN AREA (sq ft)	MAX SIGN HEIGHT {ft}	SIGN ILLUMINATION	MIN LETTER SIZE {in}	DENSITY	MIN SETBACK {ft}	OTHER REQUIREMENTS
Awning						One per street or parking frontage per awning		
	R1, R2, RMF, HC, CS, 1-1	6		Ambient	4"			Not more than two awning signs per occupancy per street or parking frontage.
Canopy						One per canopy*		
	RMF, HC, CS, 1-1	16		Ambient Internal	6"			Properties fronting on more than one street may have one canopy sign per street frontage
Monument			8'	Ambient		One per street frontage		
		48		External Internal	6"	having access to the site	5 ft	Monument signs shall comply with the design requirements of Article IX
Pole	R1, R2, RMF, HC, CS, 1-1			Ambient		One per street frontage		
		32	10	External Internal	6"	providing access to the site	10 ft	Pole signs shall comply with the design requirements of Article IX

EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA ZONING ORDINANCES

SIGN TYPE	ZONES PERMITTED	SIGN AREA {sq ft}	MAX SIGN HEIGHT {ft}	SIGN ILLUMINATION	MIN LETTER SIZE {in}	DENSITY	MIN SETBACK {ft}	OTHER REQUIREMENTS
Community Identification 	R1, R2, RMF, HC, CS, 1-1	32	6'	Ambient		One per each gateway or primary entrance	0 ft*	Shall comply with design requirements for monument signs
Directory 		16	6'	Ambient External Internal	4	One per street frontage having access to the site	25 ft	Only allowed for sites with multiple buildings Shall not be displayed so as to be prominently visible from off-site locations
Directions~ 		3	3°	Ambient External Internal	4	Two per each driveway access to the site	0 ft*	Not more than 25% of sign face shall contain a logo; no other commercial message is allowed

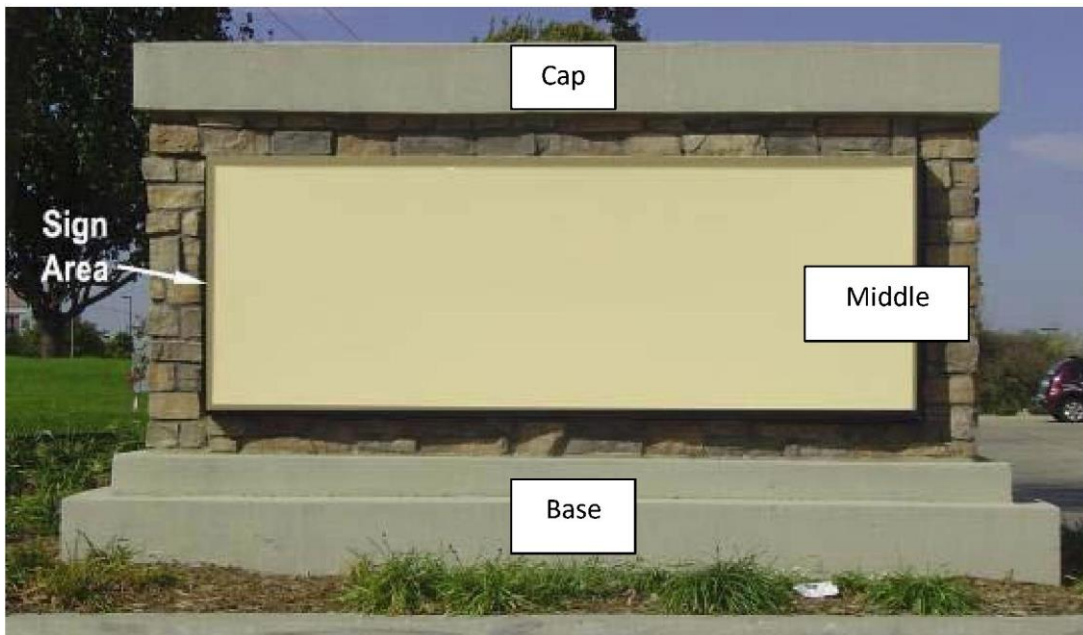
*May encroach into adjoining street right-of-way pursuant to an encroachment agreement.

1008.06 Monument Sign Design Requirements

Monument signs are intended to serve a wider range of aesthetic and architectural purposes than pole signs. Consequently, the following design requirements are established for monument signs.

- (a) General design requirements and sign area measurement for monument signs. As in traditional building design, monument signs shall be designed to include a base, middle, and cap. The following illustration shows a monument sign having these architectural characteristics, as well as how sign area is to be measured on a monument sign.

Monument Sign Design Elements



- (b) Sign structure materials. In general, monument sign structures should be constructed of materials that are similar to or complementary to the principal building(s) on the premises where they are located. Only the following materials shall be used in monument sign structure construction, singly or in combination:

- Brick, painted or unfinished
- Wood
- Concrete or stucco
- Natural stone or manufactured stone having a natural appearance
- Metal
- Glass

EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA ZONING ORDINANCES

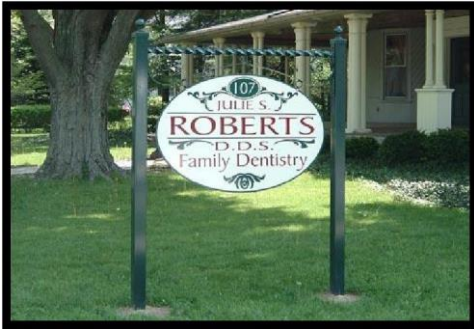
- (c) Sign copy materials. Sign copy materials for monument signs shall include the sign structure materials listed above. For internally illuminated monument sign copy, acrylic may be utilized, provided not more than 50% of the sign face is illuminated.

1008.07 Pole Sign Design Requirements

The following design requirements are established for pole signs:

- (a) General design requirements. Pole signs in East Bend have traditionally been supported by two posts or suspended from a single post as shown in the following illustrations. Pole signs shall use one of these two forms of design.

Examples of Allowable Types of Pole Signs



(b) In general, pole signs should use materials that complement the principal building(s) on the premises where they are located. The following materials are acceptable for use in pole signs, singly or in combination:

- Wood
- Metal
- Brick, painted or unfinished
- Concrete or stucco
- Natural stone or manufactured stone having a natural appearance

1009 PERMANENT SIGNS LIMITED

Notwithstanding Section 1008 and in addition thereto, the following permanent signs shall be permitted without a zoning permit:

- (a) Historical markers, regulatory signs, public interest signs, and warning signs erected and maintained by the town or state or an agent of such.
- (b) On-premises directional signs not exceeding four (4) feet in height nor four (4) square feet in area.
- (c) Identification signs not exceeding two (2) square feet in area nor two (2) feet in height.
- (d) Incidental signs.
- (e) Flags on permanent poles.
- (f) Any sign not legible or easily noticeable from public property or a public right of way and obviously not intended to attract the attention of the public.
- (g) Any public notice or warning required by a valid and applicable federal, state, or local law, regulation, or ordinance
- (h) Traffic control signs on private property, the face of which meets Department of Transportation standards and which contain no commercial message of any kind.
- (i) Electronic changeable reader boards
 - 1. Electronic changeable reader boards may be allowed on part of a free-standing sign provided the sign is included in the overall area calculations for that sign and complies with the following:
 - 1. The minimum time in between message changes shall be ten (10) seconds.

EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA ZONING ORDINANCES

2. No animation shall be allowed.
 3. No directional references shall be allowed.
 4. The electronic changeable reader board shall not exceed 20% of the total area of the sign face.
 5. The sign shall in no way flash, blink, rotate, or use lights of varying intensities that may distract a driver.
 6. The light emitted from such signs shall not exceed 5,000 nits during the day and 500 nits during nighttime hours.
2. Notwithstanding Section 1008 and in addition thereto, the following permanent signs shall be permitted upon the issuance of a valid zoning permit:
 - a. Any sign not expressly listed as permitted without a permit shall require the issuance of a valid zoning permit prior to installation.

1009.01 Application of Ordinance

Any permanent sign existing prior to the adoption of this ordinance by the Town of East Bend Board of Commissioner that does not conform with the terms of Article X shall be permitted to remain in place as a nonconforming use. Its condition and placement shall be addressed under the requirements for nonconformances within the Town, as detailed in Article XI, § 1106. Any actions to improve signs that are declared prohibited by Article X shall be prohibited; signs requiring such action(s) shall be removed at the responsibility of the property and/or sign owner. Sign owners are encouraged to modify or replace nonconforming permanent signs. Failure to comply with the terms of Article X and this compliance term shall be addressed as detailed in Article XV.

1010 TEMPORARY SIGNS LIMITED

1010.01 Temporary Signs Permitted Without a Permit

The following temporary signs are permitted without a zoning permit in all zoning districts, but shall be in conformance with all other requirements of this ordinance:

- (a) Campaign or election signs shall be permitted provided that:
 1. Individual signs shall not exceed 16 square feet in area nor four (4) feet in height.
 2. All signs shall be removed with seven (7) days after the election for which they were made.
 3. No signs shall be permitted in the public right-of-way.

- (b) Real estate signs, excluding temporary development signs provided that:
 - 1. Signs advertising all residential lots, buildings, units, or spaces for sale or for lease shall not exceed six (6) square feet in area nor four (4) feet in height.
 - 2. Signs advertising all non-residential lots, buildings, units, or spaces for sale or for lease shall not exceed a sign face area of 32 square feet or exceed a height of six (6) feet.
 - 3. Only one (1) sign per street front of the advertised property shall be erected.
 - 4. Signs shall not be illuminated.
 - 5. Signs shall be removed within seven (7) days after the sale is closed or rent or lease transaction finalized.
- (c) Construction signs are permitted provided that:
 - 1. Signs located in residential lots, excluding multi-family sites, shall not exceed six (6) square feet in area. The maximum height of such signs shall be six (6) feet.
 - 2. Signs for all multi-family development sites and non-residential uses shall not exceed a sign face of 32 square feet or a height of six (6) feet.
 - 3. Signs are confined to the site of construction.
 - 4. Only one (1) sign per street front of the property under construction shall be erected.
 - 5. Signs shall not be illuminated.
 - 6. Signs shall be removed within seven (7) days after the completion of the project.
- (d) Temporary farm product signs are permitted provided that:
 - 1. Signs are located on the premises where the products are sold.
 - 2. Signs advertise products produced on-site only.
 - 3. Signs shall not exceed 24 square feet in area nor five (5) feet in height.
 - 4. Only one (1) sign shall be erected.
 - 5. Signs shall be removed within seven (7) days of the termination of sale activities.

- (e) Temporary special event signs or banners for religious, charitable, civic, fraternal, or similar organizations, are permitted provided that:
 - 1. Signs shall not exceed 32 square feet in area nor five (5) feet in height.
 - 2. Signs shall be erected no sooner than 14 days prior to and removed no later than seven (7) days following the event.
- (f) Holiday lights and decorations.
- (g) Any sign not legible or easily noticeable from public property or a public right-of-way and obviously not intended to attract the attention of the public.
- (h) Any public notice or warning required by a valid and applicable federal, state, or local law, regulation, or ordinance.

1010.02 Temporary Signs Requiring a Permit

Temporary signs permitted upon issuance of a valid zoning permit shall be limited as follows:

- (a) Temporary signs or banners in commercial districts, provided that:
 - 1. Only one (1) sign or banner per establishment shall be allowed at a time.
 - 2. All signs or banners shall be attached in total to a building wall or permanent canopy extending from a building.
 - 3. Inflatable Devices used for advertisement purposes only – may be freestanding.
 - 4. No paper signs or banners shall be allowed.
 - 5. Signs or banners shall be erected for a period not to exceed two (2) weeks.
 - 6. No more than six (6) such signs or banners per establishment shall be erected within a calendar year.
 - 7. No sign or banner shall extend above the second occupiable floor level of a building.
- (b) Temporary off-premises signs or banners for special community events, open to the general public and sponsored by non-commercial civic, charitable, community, or similar organizations, provided that:
 - 1. Temporary signs shall be located outside of the public right-of-way or at least 11 feet from the edge of any public street if the right-of-way cannot be determined.

2. Every temporary off-premise sign or banner shall be separated by a distance of 400 feet from any other such temporary off-premise sign on the same side of a street, and by a distance of 200 feet from any other sign on the opposite of the street.

3. Nothing in this provision shall be construed to authorize the posting of such signs or banners upon trees, utility poles, traffic control signs, lights or devices in any place or manner prohibited by the provision herein, nor on private property without written consent of the owner.

4. Any temporary sign not expressly permitted without a permit.

(c) Temporary off-premise signs for commercial use, provided that:

1. Temporary signs shall be located outside of the public right-of-way or at least 11 feet from the edge of any public street if the right-of-way cannot be determined.

2. Every temporary off-premise sign or banner shall be separated by a distance of 400 feet from any other such temporary off-premise sign on the same side of a street, and by a distance of 200 feet from any other sign on the opposite of the street.

3. Signs shall be erected for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days.

4. No more than two (2) signs are erected per each permit and cycle.

5. No more than two (2) permits per commercial business shall be issued within a calendar year, allowing no more than four (4) signs per commercial business to be erected per calendar year.

6. Nothing in this provision shall be construed to authorize the posting of such signs or banners upon trees, utility poles, traffic control signs, lights or devices in any place or manner prohibited by the provision herein, nor on private property without written consent of the owner.

7. Any temporary sign not expressly permitted without a permit.

1010.03 Application of Ordinance

Any temporary sign existing prior to the adoption of this ordinance by the Town of East Bend Board of Commissioner that does not conform with the terms of Article X shall be permitted to remain in place as a nonconforming use until January 1, 2016. Failure to comply with the terms of Article X and this compliance term shall be addressed as detailed in Article XV.

In the interim period, the condition and placement shall be addressed under the requirements for nonconformances within the Town, as detailed in Article XI, §

EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA ZONING ORDINANCES

1106. Any actions to improve signs that are declared prohibited by Article X shall be prohibited; signs requiring such action(s) shall be removed at the responsibility of the property and/or sign owner. Sign owners are encouraged to modify or replace nonconforming permanent signs.

1011 PROHIBITED SIGNS

Notwithstanding Section 1008 and in addition thereto, the following signs, both permanent and temporary, are prohibited in all zoning districts:

- (a) Signs extending into the public right-of-way other than those expressly permitted by this article or otherwise approved by the Board of Commissioners, if placed along public streets.
- (b) Roof signs
- (c) Any signs which obstructs the view of motorists, pedestrians, or cyclists using any street, sidewalk, bike path, or driveway, or which obstructs the approach to any street intersection or railroad crossing, or which interferes with the effectiveness of any traffic sign, device, or signal.
- (d) Illuminated or highly reflective signs which hamper the vision of motorists or cyclists.
- (e) Any sign that resembles traffic signals, traffic signs, or emergency vehicle lights and any other sign not erected by a public authority which may be erroneously construed as governmental signs or emergency warning signs.
- (f) Any sign that interferes with free passage from or obstructs any fire escape, downspout, window, door, stairway, ladder, or opening intended as a means of ingress or egress or providing light or air except for permitted window signs.
- (g) Any sign placed on any curb, sidewalk, post, pole, hydrant, bridge, tree, or other structure or surface located on, over, or across any public street right-of-way or property unless expressly authorized by this article or the Board of Commissioners.
- (h) Off-premises signs advertising adult establishments.
- (i) Off-premises signs on parcels of land that are zoned residential, used primarily for residential purposes, or which do not include an active permitted use as established by this article.
- (j) High intensity searchlights.
- (k) Any non-sign object displayed in a manner which is effectively serving the purpose of a sign and is not explicitly permitted within this Article.
- (l) Any sign not conforming with the dimensions specified in the Table of Permitted Signs.
- (m) Any sign not expressly permitted by this article.

EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA ZONING ORDINANCES
ENFORCEMENT OF REGULATIONS

1012

Any sign, structure, or other form of advertising defined as a sign herein that is erected or placed anywhere in the Town of East Bend after adoption of this ordinance that is not in compliance with the provisions of this section and its articles shall be subject to enforcement provisions outlined in Article XV of this Zoning Ordinance.

ARTICLE XI GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1100 NECESSARY REPAIRS PERMITTED

Nothing in this ordinance shall prevent the strengthening or restoration to a safe or lawful condition of any part of any building or structure declared to be unsafe or unlawful.

SECTION 1101 STREET ACCESS

No building shall hereafter be erected on a lot, which does not abut a publicly dedicated, publicly approved or publicly maintained street for a distance of at least forty (40) feet.

SECTION 1102 VISIBILITY AT INTERSECTIONS

Sight distances at intersections must meet the standards for secondary roads established by the North Carolina Department of Transportation. On corner lots, no planting, structure, sign, fence, wall or other obstruction shall be erected so as to interfere with said sight distance.

SECTION 1103 VACANT LOTS

Vacant lots and open spaces located adjacent to major thoroughfares shall be maintained. Vegetation shall be neatly trimmed, and the accumulation of unsightly debris shall be prohibited.

SECTION 1104 TRAVEL TRAILERS AND RECREATIONAL VEHICLES

Travel trailers and/or recreational vehicles may be used as a temporary single-family dwelling only in those districts that may now or hereafter permit travel trailer parks, and only within such parks. In no case shall a travel trailer or recreational vehicle be used as a single-family dwelling on an individual lot or in conjunction with a primary residence on an individual lot.

SECTION 1105 SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

Where applicable, all proposed development projects or land disturbing activities shall comply with G.S. 113A-54, and Rules and Regulation for Erosion and Sediment Control as established by the North Carolina Sedimentation Control Commission, North Carolina Department of Natural Resources and Community Development.

SECTION 1106

NONCONFORMANCES

Any parcel of land, use of land, building or structure existing at the time of the adoption of this ordinance, or any amendment thereto, and any manufactured home located within the corporate limits of the town of East Bend at the time of the enactment of this zoning ordinance of September 27, 1989, that does not conform to the use or dimensional, class, category or other requirements of the district in which it is located, may be continued and maintained subject to the following provisions:

1106.01 Nonconforming Vacant Lots

This category of nonconformance consists of vacant lots for which plats or deeds have been recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Yadkin County, which at the time of adoption of this ordinance fail to comply with the minimum area and/or width requirements of the districts in which they are located. Any such nonconforming lot may be used for any of the uses permitted in the district in which it is located provided that:

(a) Where the lot area is not more than twenty (20) percent below the minimum specified in this ordinance, and other dimensional requirements are otherwise complied with, the Zoning Administrator is authorized to issue a zoning compliance permit.

(b) Where the lot area is more than twenty (20) percent below the minimum specified in this ordinance or other dimensional requirements cannot be met the Board of Adjustment is authorized to approve as a variance such dimensions as shall conform as closely as possible to the required dimensions.

(c) Notwithstanding the foregoing, whenever two (2) or more adjoining vacant lots of record are in single ownership at any time after the adoption of this ordinance and such lots individually have less area or width than the minimum requirements of the district in which such lots which meet the minimum requirements of this ordinance for the district in which such lots are located.

1106.02 Nonconforming Occupied Lots

This category of nonconformance consists of lots, occupied by buildings or structures at the time of the adoption of this ordinance, that fail to comply with the minimum requirements for area, width, yard and setbacks for the district in which they are located. These lots may continue to be used.

1106.03 Nonconforming Open Uses of Land

This category of nonconformance consists of lots used for storage yards, used car lots, auto wrecking, junkyards, and similar open spaces where the only buildings on the lot are incidental and accessory to the open use of the lot and where such use of the land is not permitted to be established hereafter, under this ordinance, in the district in which is located. A legally established nonconforming open use of land may be continued except as follows:

- (a) When a nonconforming open use of land has been changed to a conforming use, it shall not thereafter revert to any nonconforming use;
- (b) Nonconforming open uses of land shall be changed only to conforming use;
- (c) A nonconforming open use of land shall not be enlarged to cover more land than was occupied by that use when it became nonconforming;
- (d) When any nonconforming open use of land is discontinued for a period in excess of one hundred eighty (180) days, any future use of the land shall be limited to those uses permitted in the district in which the land is located. Vacancy and/or non-use of the land, regardless of the intent of the owner or tenant, shall constitute discontinuance under this provision.

1106.04 Nonconforming Uses of Structures

This category of nonconformance consists of building or structures used at the time of enactment of this ordinance for purposes of use not permitted in the district in which they are located. Such uses may be continued as follows:

- (a) An existing nonconforming use may only be changed to conform to the requirements of the district in which it is located.
- (b) When a nonconforming use has been changed to a conforming use, it shall not thereafter be used for any nonconforming use.

(c) A nonconforming use may not be extended or enlarged, nor shall a structure containing a nonconforming use be altered except as follows:

- 1) Structural alterations as required by law or ordinance to secure the safety of the structure are permissible.
- 2) Maintenance and repair necessary to keep a structure containing a nonconforming use in sound condition as permissible.
- 3) When any nonconforming use of a building or structure is discontinued for a period in excess of one hundred eighty (180) days, the building or structure shall not thereafter be used except in conformance with the regulations of the district in which it is located.

1106.05 Nonconforming Structures

This category includes any structure not in conformance with the restrictions of this ordinance after the effective date of adoption. Such nonconformances shall include, but not limited to, height, bulk, and setback. Such nonconforming structures shall be allowed to remain with the following conditions:

- (a) A nonconforming structure may not be enlarged or altered except where maintenance and repair are necessary to keep the structure in sound condition.
- (b) When any nonconforming structure is damaged, repair must follow the guidelines listed in the following section.
- (c) Structural alterations are required by law or ordinance to secure the safety of the structure are permissible.

1106.06 Reconstruction of Damaged Buildings or Structures

Any nonconforming use, which has been damaged by fire, wind, flood or other causes, may be required and used as before provided:

- (a) Repairs are initiated within twelve (12) months and completed within two (2) years of such damage. Failure to complete repairs within the specified time shall have the effect of terminating the nonconforming use.
- (b) The total amount of space devoted to a nonconforming use may not be increased.

(c) Reconstructed buildings may not be more nonconforming with respect to dimensional restrictions.

1106.07 Continuation of Mobile Home Parks

Mobile home parks that become nonconforming uses shall be permitted to continue operation, and existing spaces within the mobile home park may continue to be occupied by mobile homes even after a space has been vacated, however, these mobile home parks shall not be expanded or increased in size and no additional spaces designed for occupancy by a mobile home shall be added to the site after the adoption of this ordinance. A mobile home park that is discontinued for 180 days shall not be reestablished.

1106.08 Continuation of Mobile Homes on Individual Lots

All manufactured homes located on individual lots within the corporate limits of the town of East Bend on September 27, 1989 may be continued as nonconforming manufactured home and as nonconforming uses of manufactured homes subject to the provisions of this zoning ordinance, as amended. July 1994.

1106.09 Nonconforming Uses of Manufactured Homes

This category of nonconformance consists of manufactured homes located within the corporate limits of the town of East Bend at the time of the enactment of this Zoning Ordinance on September 27, 1989 and used at that time for purposes of use not permitted in the district in which they are located. Such uses may continue as follows:

(a) An existing nonconforming use may only be changed to the requirement of the district in which it is located.

(b) When a nonconforming use has been changed to a conforming use, it shall not thereafter be used for any nonconforming use.

(c) A nonconforming use may not be extended or enlarged, nor shall a structure containing a nonconforming use be altered except as follows:

1) Structural alterations to a manufactured home as required by law or ordinances to secure the safety of the structure are permissible.

2) Maintenance and repair necessary to keep a manufactured home containing a nonconforming use in sound condition are permissible.

(d) When any nonconforming use of a manufacture home is discontinued for a period of one hundred eighty (180) days, the manufactured home shall not thereafter be used except in conformance with the regulations of the district in which it is located.

1106.10 Nonconforming Manufactured Homes

This category includes any manufactured home located within the corporate limits of the Town of East Bend at the time of the enactment of this Zoning Ordinance on September 27, 1989 which was not in conformance with the restrictions of this Zoning Ordinance on or after September 27, 1989. Such non-conformances shall include, but not be limited to, height, bulk, setback, date of manufacture, class of manufactured home as defined in this ordinance and other non-conformances not herein specifically set out. Such nonconforming manufactured homes shall be allowed to remain with the following conditions:

(a) A nonconforming manufactured home may not be enlarged or altered except where maintenance and repair are necessary to keep the manufactured home in sound condition.

(b) When any nonconforming manufactured home is damaged, repair must follow the guidelines listed in Article XI of this ordinance.

(c) Structural alterations as required by law or ordinance to secure the safety of the manufactured home are permissible.

(d) When any nonconforming manufactured home is unoccupied for a period of one hundred eighty (180) days, the manufactured home shall not thereafter be located within corporate limits of the Town of East Bend except in conformance with the provisions of this ordinance.

1106.11 Reconstruction of Damaged Manufactured Homes

Any nonconforming use of a manufactured home or any nonconforming manufactured home, which has been damaged by fire, wind, flood or other cause, may be required and used as before provided:

(a) Repairs are initiated within six (6) months and completed within one (1) year of such damage. Failure to complete repairs within the specified time shall have the effect of terminating the nonconforming use and of terminating the nonconforming statues of the manufactured home.

(b) Neither the total amount of space devoted to a nonconforming use nor the size of the nonconforming use nor the size of the nonconforming manufactured home may be increased.

(c) Reconstructed or repaired manufactured homes may not be more nonconforming with respect to any provision of this ordinance.

ARTICLE XII PARKING AND OFF-STREET LOADING

SECTION 1200 OFF-STREET PARKING

Off-street automobile parking or storage space shall be provided on every lot at the time any principal building is enlarged or increased in capacity or at the time one type of use is converted to another, or whenever any of the following uses are hereafter established, except within the C-S Community Shopping District. Such space shall be provided with vehicular access to a street or alley and shall not be provided in a yard required by the provisions of Article IX. When application of the provisions of the section results in a fractional space requirement, the next larger requirement shall prevail. Each lot abutting a major thoroughfare, as determined by the Zoning Administrator, shall be provided with a vehicular access thereto in accordance with all applicable federal, state or local laws and/or regulations, and shall be provided with adequate space for turning so that no vehicle shall be required to back into the thoroughfare. No certificate of occupancy (as provided in Section 504 of this ordinance) shall be issued unless all required off-street parking and loading requirements shall be in place, ready for use, and conform to the requirements of this ordinance. The number of spaces shall be equal in number to at least the minimum requirements for the uses below:

EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA ZONING ORDINANCES

Use Classification	Required Parking
Single-family dwellings	Two (2) spaces for each dwelling unit
Multi-family dwelling	One and one-half (1 1/2) spaces for each dwelling unit
Rooming houses; boarding houses; hotels	One (1) space for each two (2) guests rooms, plus one (1) additional space for each three (3) employees
Motels' tourist courts	One (1) space for each guest room, plus one (1) additional space for each three (3) employees
Manufactured homes	Two (2) spaces for each manufactured home
Mobile home parks	Two (2) spaces for each manufactured home space.
Customary incidental home occupations	One (1) space in addition to other applicable parking requirements.
Churches; community centers/fraternal organizations; public associates; clubs; lodges; stadiums; assembly halls; auditoriums; coliseums; gymnasiums; indoor theaters; and similar places of public assembly	One (1) space for each two (2) seats in the main assembly room
Hospitals; nursing homes; convalescent homes; and group care facilities	One (1) space for each two beds (exclusive of bassinets), plus one (1) space for each staff or visiting doctor, plus one (1) space for each two (2) employees on shift of greatest employment
Medical and dental offices, Clinics and laboratories	Four (4) spaces for each practitioner at the facility, plus one (1) space for each additional employee
Service stations for motor vehicles	Three (3) spaces for each grease rack or similar facility, plus two (2) spaces for each gas pump
Schools: public or private high	One (1) space for each classroom and administrative office
Schools; public or private, elementary, middle and junior high; public kindergartens	One (1) space for each ten (10) students for whom the school was designed, plus one (1) space for each classroom and administrative office
Trade schools (including business, vocational, and special schools	One (1) space for each three (3) students

EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA ZONING ORDINANCES

Banks and other financial institutions	One (1) space for each 150 square feet or gross floor space
Libraries	One (1) space for each four (4) seats provided for patron use
Museums and art galleries	One (1) space for each 200 square feet or gross floor space
Mortuaries and funeral parlors	One (1) space for each four (4) seats in the assembly room or chapel
Offices: business or professional	One (1) for each 300 square feet of gross floor space
Restaurants: indoor	One (1) space for each three (3) seats or stools, plus one (1) space for each two (2) employees on the shift with the largest employment
Sales establishments: automobiles, trailers, farm equipment outdoor equipment, machinery, mobile homes, and similar items; commercial nurseries; greenhouses; monument works and sales	Four (4) spaces for each salesperson, plus one (1) space or each two (2) employees
Restaurants: drive-in	Parking space equivalent to five (5) times the floor space in the main building
Animal hospitals & veterinary clinics	One (1) for each 200 square feet of gross floor space
Kennels	One space for each four (4) pens
Motor vehicle and farm equipment maintenance and repair	One (1) space for each two (2) employees on the shift with the largest employment, plus two (2) spaces for each 30 square feet of repair or maintenance space
Automobile washing establishments	One (1) space for each two (2) employees on the shift with the largest employment. Reserve spaces equal to five (5) times the capacity of the facility at the location of both ingress and egress.
Retail stores, businesses, shops and services of all kinds, except those otherwise specified	One (1) for each 400 square feet of gross floor space
Manufacturing, industrial and wholesaling establishment, except those otherwise specified	One (1) space for each two (2) employees on the shift with the largest employment
Shopping centers	Three (3) square feet of parking space for each square foot of gross floor space

RECREATIONAL FACILITIES PARKING REQUIREMENTS	
Tennis, squash, racquetball and handball courts, or similar facilities	Two (2) spaces per court
Swimming Pools	One (1) space per 140 square feet of pool area
Shooting ranges	One (1) space per target area
Physical fitness	One (1) space per 5 square feet
Athletic fields and playgrounds	Ten (10) spaces per field or playground
Golf courses or country clubs	Two (2) spaces per tee
Skating rinks and bowling alleys	One (1) space per 200 square feet
Miniature golf courses	One (1) space per 50 square feet of course area
Other places of recreation or assembly without fixed seats	One (1) space per 200 square feet
Day nurseries and private kindergartens	One (1) space for each staff member plus one (1) space for each five (5) students
Public and semi-public buildings (not otherwise specified)	One (1) space for each 200 square feet of gross floor

1200.01 Combined Parking Spaces

The required parking space for any number of separate uses may be combined in one lot, but the required space for one use may not be assigned to another use, except that at one-half of the parking spaces required for churches, theaters, or assembly halls whose peak attendance will be at night or on Sundays may be assigned to a use which will be closed at night or Sundays.

1200.02 Location on Other Property

If the off-street parking space required cannot be reasonably provided on the same lot on which the principal use is located, such space may be provided within four hundred (400) feet of the main entrance to such principal use, provided such land is in the same ownership as the principal use. Said land shall be used for no other purpose so long as no other adequate provisions for parking space meeting the requirements of this ordinance have been made for the principal use. In such case, the applicant for a certificate of zoning compliance or the principal use shall submit with his application an instrument duly executed and acknowledged, which it is made available. Upon the payment of the necessary fee and the issuance of a building permit, the Town Clerk shall cause the said instrument to be registered in the Registry of Deeds of Yadkin County.

SECTION 1201 OFF-STREET LOADING AND UNLOADING SPACE

Every lot on which a business, trade or industry use is hereafter established shall provide space as indicated herein for the loading and unloading of vehicles off the street. Such space shall have access to a street or alley. For the purpose of this section, an off-street loading space shall have minimum dimensions of twelve (12) feet by forty (40) feet and an overhead clearance of fourteen (14) feet in height above the alley or street grade.

- (a) Retail Business: one (1) space for each five thousand (5,000) square feet of gross area.
- (b) Wholesale and Industry: One (1) space for each fifty thousand (50,000) square feet of gross floor area.
- (c) Truck Terminals: Sufficient space to accommodate the maximum number of trucks to be stored or to be loaded or unloaded at the terminal at any one time.

ARTICLE XIII EXCEPTIONS AND MODIFICATIONS

Compliance with the requirements of this ordinance is mandatory; however, under the specific conditions enumerated in the following sections, the requirements may be waived or modified as so stated.

SECTION 1300 FRONT YARD SETBACK FOR DWELLING

The front yard setback requirements of this ordinance for dwellings shall not apply on any lot where the average setback of existing buildings located wholly or in part within one hundred (100) feet on each side of such lot within the same block and zoning district and fronting on the same side of the street is less than the minimum required setback. In such cases, the setback may be less than the required setback, but not less than the average of the setback of the aforementioned existing buildings.

SECTION 1301 SIDE YARD SETBACK FOR DWELLING

Where a side yard abuts a street, said side yard requirements shall be the same as the front yard requirements for abutting property on the side street. In no case, however, all said side yard requirements be less than those specified in Article IX.

SECTION 1302 HEIGHT LIMITATIONS

The height limitations of this ordinance shall not apply to church spires, belfries, cupolas and domes not intended for human occupancy; monuments, water towers, observation towers, transmission towers, chimneys, smokestacks, conveyors, flag poles, radio towers, television towers, masts, aerials and similar structures.

SECTION 1303 COMPLETION OF BUILDINGS UNDER CONSTRUCTION

Nothing in this ordinance shall require any change in the plans, construction or designated use of a building which is both under construction at the date of the passage of this ordinance, and in compliance with all applicable development regulations in effect in the Town of East Bend at the time of issuance of the building permit, provided that construction of such building is diligently pursued and the entire building is completed within eighteen (18) months from the date of passage of this ordinance. A building shall be deemed to be under construction upon the effective date of this ordinance if a building permit has been issued.

SECTION 1304

TEMPORARY USES

1304.01 Long Term Temporary Uses

Temporary uses such as real estate sales field offices or shelter for materials and equipment being used in the construction of a permanent structure may be permitted by the Zoning Administrator, provided they do not create health, safety or nuisance hazards. A temporary permit however must be obtained to allow a manufactured home to occupy a lot while a site-built house is under construction. It is expected that construction will begin within three (3) months after obtaining the temporary permit and conclude within eighteen (18) months thereafter. Decisions of the Zoning Administrator regarding temporary uses and permits shall be subject to review by the Zoning Board of Adjustment on appeal.

1304.02 Temporary Use for Events/Short Term

Other temporary uses permitted include but are not limited to tractor pulls, carnivals, circuses, gun shows, turkey shoots, agricultural fairs, charity dinners, Christmas tree lots, craft fairs, film shoots, festivals, seasonal markets, farmers markets, hot air balloon sites, helicopter landing sites, concerts, dances.

(a) The applicant must submit a statement with a description of the proposed use, hours of operation, the proposed number of people expected to attend the special event, location of parking, driveways, and any other pertinent information.

(b) The following standards must be met when issuing a temporary use/special event permit:

1. If not on the applicant's privately owned property, the applicant must provide written approval of the temporary use from the property owner.
2. The location of the temporary use/special event must minimize adverse effects on surrounding properties including traffic generation and impacts. The site should contain sufficient land area to accommodate all proposed activities. The owner or event organizer shall notify surrounding property owners of the times of the event, activities planned and measures to be taken to ensure that traffic congestion is mitigated. Temporary uses/special events are prohibited between 11 pm and 7 am.

3. Adequate off-street parking must be provided. The use must not displace the required off street parking spaces or loading areas of the principal permitted uses on the site. The entrance and exit drives shall be designed to prevent traffic hazards and nuisances;
 4. Display areas and/or temporary structures must comply with the required setbacks and must not interfere with the sight triangle of any intersection of roads or streets;
 5. Only one temporary use/special event can be permitted for a single parcel of land at any given time;
 6. Any applicable permits must be obtained from the NCDOT;
 7. Signage is permitted 14 days before the event and must be removed at the close of the event;
 8. Each event must not exceed 14 days and not to exceed 2 times during any 12-month period;
 9. The temporary use must comply with the County Division of Environmental Health regulations regarding sewage disposal.
- (c) If a particular use is not listed in the definition of temporary use/special event, the zoning administrator has the authority to grant a temporary use/special event permit for a similar and compatible use.

This Ordinance, being adopted on June 12, 2017 after due notice in regular session, by a vote of 4 in favor and 0 opposed, shall be in full force and effect from and after the date of its adoption.

SECTION 1305 PROJECTIONS INTO REQUIRED OPEN SPACE

Every part of a required yard shall be open from its lowest point to the sky unobstructed, except as follows:

- (1) The ordinary projection of sills, belt courses, cornices, buttresses, ornamental features and eaves; provided, however that none of the above shall project into a minimum side yard more than twenty-four (24) inches.
- (2) Open or enclosed fire escapes, fireproof outside stairways and balconies projecting into a minimum yard not more than three and one-half (3 ½) feet, and the ordinary projections of chimneys and flues may be permitted by the Zoning Administrator where same are so placed not to obstruct the light and ventilation.

SECTION 1306 RIGHT-OF-WAY

Street and highway rights-of-way shall not constitute a part of a lot or any required yard or open space.

SECTION 1307 GROUP DEVELOPMENTS

In the case of two (2) or more buildings to be constructed on a plot of ground of at least two (2) acres not subdivided into the customary streets and lots and which will not be so subdivided, the application of the terms of this ordinance may be modified by the Board of Adjustment in a manner that will be in harmony with the character of the neighborhood, provided:

1307.01 Limitations

Such uses are limited to those permitted within the zoning district in which the project is located. In no case shall the Board authorize a use prohibited in the district in which the project is to be located.

1307.02 Overall Intensity of Land

The overall intensity of land use is no higher and the standard of open space is no lower than that permitted in the district in which the project is located.

1307.03 Setbacks

The distance of every building from the nearest property line shall meet the front, rear and side yard requirements of the district in which the project is located.

1307.04 Lot Widths

Minimum lot widths shall be double these required in the district in which the project is located.

1307.05 Buffer Strip

In those cases where a group development is created which either lies within a residential district or abuts a residential district, there shall be provided and maintained (by the group development) a continuous visual buffer strip, as defined in Article IV, along the side and rear lot lines of the group development.

1307.06 Site Plan

A site plan, showing the manner in which the requirements of subsections 1307.01 through 1307.05 will be met, is submitted along with the application for a group development.

1307.07 Application

An application for the establishment of a group development shall be submitted for consideration by the Zoning Board of Adjustment.

ARTICLE XIV

AMENDMENTS

SECTION 1400

AMENDMENTS

This zoning ordinance, including the zoning map, may be amended by the Board of Commissioners in accordance with the provisions of this article.

SECTION 1401

INITIATION AND REFERRAL OF AMENDMENTS

Proposed changes or amendments may be initiated by the Board of Commissioners, the Planning Board, the Board of Adjustment, or one or more owners or renters of property within the area proposed to be changed or affected. All proposed amendments shall be referred to the Planning Board for its review and recommendation to the Board of Commissioners.

SECTION 1402

APPLICATION

Before any action on a proposed change or amendment, an application for an amendment shall be submitted to the office of the Zoning Administrator at least ten (10) days prior to the Planning Board's meeting at which the application is to be considered. The application shall contain the name(s) and address(es) of the owner(s) of the property in question, the location of the property, and a description and/or statement of the present and proposed zoning regulation or district as shown on the application forms supplied by the town. All applications requesting a change in the zoning map shall include a description of the property in question. The Planning Board and the Board of Commissioners will not consider an application for property for which an amendment was denied within the preceding twelve (12) months by the Board of Commissioners. "For all proposed rezonings of land totaling twenty-five (25) acres or less, the applicant shall provide a written statement analyzing the reasonableness of the proposed rezoning. [G.S. 160A-382(b)]"

SECTION 1403

PLANNING BOARD ACTION

"Subsequent to initial adoption of a zoning ordinance, all proposed amendments to the zoning ordinance or zoning map shall be submitted to the Planning Board for review and comment. If no written report is received from the Planning Board within 30 days of referral of the amendment to that board, the Board of Commissioners may proceed in its consideration of the amendment without the Planning Board report. The Board of Commissioners is not bound by the recommendation, if any, of the planning and zoning board. [G.S. 160A-387].

Members of the Planning Board shall not vote on any recommendation regarding any zoning map or text amendment where the outcome of the matter being considered is reasonably likely to have a direct, substantial, and readily identifiable financial impact on the member. [G.S. 160A-381(d)].

The Planning Board shall advise and comment on whether the proposed amendment is consistent with the intent of this ordinance, with any comprehensive plan that has been adopted by the Town and with any other officially adopted plan that is applicable. The Planning Board shall provide a written recommendation to the Town Board of Commissioners that addresses plan consistency and other matters as deemed appropriate by the Planning Board, but a comment by the Planning Board that a proposed amendment is inconsistent with the comprehensive plan shall not preclude consideration or approval of the proposed amendment by the Board of Commissioners. [G.S. 160A-3S3]"

SECTION 1404

PUBLIC HEARING

Before enacting any amendment to this ordinance, the Board of Commissioners shall hold a public hearing. A notice of such public hearing shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in Yadkin County once a week or two (2) successive calendar weeks. The first publication shall appear not less than ten (10) days nor more than twenty-five (25) days prior to the date fixed for the public hearing. The notice shall include the time, place and date of the hearing, and include a description of the property or the nature of the change or amendment to the ordinance and/or map.

"Prior to a public hearing for any proposed map amendment, the owners of all properties adjacent to the subject property shall be notified by first-class mail of the place, date, time and nature of the hearing. The person mailing these notices shall certify in writing that he/she has done so. Provided, however, that the first-class mail notice required under this section shall not be required if the zoning map amendment directly affects more than 50 properties, owned by a total of at least 50 different property owners, and the Town elects to use the expanded published notice provided for in this subsection. In this instance, the Town may elect to either make the mailed notice provided for in this section or may as an alternative elect to publish notice of the hearing as required by G.S. 160A-364, but provided that each advertisement shall not be less than one-half of a newspaper page in size. The advertisement shall only be effective for property owners who reside in the area of general circulation of the newspaper that publishes the notice. Property owners who reside outside of the newspaper circulation area, according to the address listed on the most recent property tax listing for the affected property, shall be notified according to the provisions of subsection (1) of this section. [G.S. 160a-384(b)]

When a zoning map amendment is proposed, the Town shall prominently post a notice of the public hearing on the site proposed for rezoning or on an adjacent public street or highway right-of-way. When multiple parcels are included within a proposed zoning map amendment, a posting on each individual parcel is not required, but the Town shall post sufficient notices to provide reasonable notice to interested persons. [G.S. 60A-384 (c)]"

SECTION 1405

PROTEST PETITIONS

"Zoning ordinances may from time to time be amended, supplemented, changed, modified or repealed. In case, however, of a qualified protest against a zoning map amendment, that amendment shall not become effective except by favorable vote of three-fourths of all the members of the Board of Commissioners. Vacant positions on the Board and members who are excused from voting shall not be considered 'members of the Board' for calculation of the requisite three-fourths supermajority. To qualify as a protest under this section, the petition must be signed by the owners of either (i) twenty percent (20%) or more of the area included in the proposed change or (ii) five percent (5%) of a 100-foot-wide buffer extending along the entire boundary of each district or separate area proposed to be rezoned. A street right-of-way shall not be considered in computing the 100-foot buffer that shall be measured from the property line of that parcel. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the city may rely on the county tax listing to determine the "owners" of potentially qualifying areas. The foregoing provisions concerning protests shall not be applicable to any amendment which initially zones property added to the territorial coverage of the ordinance as a result of annexation or otherwise, or to an amendment to an adopted (i) special use district, (ii) conditional use district, or (iii) conditional district if the amendment does not change the types of uses that are permitted within the district or increase the approved density for residential development, or increase the total approved size of nonresidential development, or reduce the size of any buffers or screening approved for the special use district, conditional use district, or conditional district." (160A-3 85 (a))

No protest against any change in or amendment to a zoning ordinance or zoning map shall be valid or effective for the purposes of G. S. 160A-385 unless it be in the form of a written petition actually bearing the signatures of the requisite number of property owners and stating that the signers do protest the proposed change or amendment, and unless it shall have been received by the town clerk in sufficient time to allow the town at least two normal work days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, before the date established for a public hearing on the proposed change or amendment to determine the sufficiency and accuracy of the petition. The town council may by ordinance that all protest petitions be on a form prescribed and furnished by the town and may prescribe any reasonable information deemed necessary to determine the sufficiency and accuracy of the petition. A person who has signed a petition may withdraw his or her name from the petition at any time prior to the vote on the proposed zoning amendment. Only those protest petitions that meet the qualifying standards set forth in G.S.160A-385 at the time of the vote in the zoning amendment shall trigger the supermajority voting requirement. [G.S. 160A- 86]"

SECTION 1406

ACTION BY THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

The Board of Commissioners shall make a decision on the proposed amendment within sixty (60) days after the public hearing. A simple majority of the Town Board of Commissioners shall be required to amend this ordinance when such action has been recommended by the Planning Board, a four-fifths (4/5) vote by the Town Board of Commissioners shall be required to amend this ordinance when the Planning Board recommends against such.

A member of the Board of Commissioners shall not vote on any zoning map or text amendment where the outcome of the matter being considered is reasonably likely to have a direct, substantial, and readily identifiable financial impact on the member. [G.S.160A-381 (d); 160A-75]

Prior to adopting or rejecting any zoning amendment, the governing board shall adopt a statement describing whether its action is consistent with the intent of this ordinance and with any adopted comprehensive plan or other adopted development plan and explaining why the board considers the action taken to be reasonable and in the public interest. [G.S. 160A-383]"

SECTION 1407

APPLICATION FEE

A fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00), to cover costs of administrative expenses, shall be paid by the applicant to the Town of East Bend for each application for an amendment to the zoning ordinance.

ARTICLE XV VIOLATIONS, PENALTIES AND REMEDIES**SECTION 1500 GENERAL AUTHORITY FOR ENFORCEMENT OF ZONING ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS**

Civil Penalty. The town has the power to impose fines and penalties for violation of any provision of the Town's Zoning Ordinances, as they may be amended from time to time, and may secure injunctions and abatement orders to further ensure compliance with the Zoning Ordinances as provided by N.C. Gen. Stat. 160A-175.

Criminal Penalty. Violation of any of the Zoning Ordinances is a misdemeanor as provided by NC Gen. Stat 14-4. The offender shall be subject to the maximum fine, term of imprisonment, and infraction penalty as provided in N.C. Gen. Stat. 14-4 et seq.

Notice to the Owner. If it appears that violations of this zoning ordinance exist, the Town Administrator or zoning enforcement officer shall cause to be delivered or mailed to the owner of the property upon which the conditions exist, or the owner of the animal, a notice stating the reasons why the conditions may constitute a violation and giving at least 48 hours from the time of notification to abate the violation. This notice may be in the form of a Warning Citation or such other notice appropriate under the circumstances. Notices shall be served upon the offenders by any manner allowed under Rule 4 of North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure. Additionally, if the identities or whereabouts of any offenders are unknown and cannot be ascertained by the Zoning Enforcement Officer after due diligence or if the offenders refuse service, and the Zoning Enforcement Officer makes an affidavit to that effect, then service of the Warning Citation or Civil Citation may be made by posting the Citation in a conspicuous place on the affected property.

Hearing. The owner of any parties in interest shall have the right to file an answer to the notice and request a hearing before the Town Administrator and to appear in person, or otherwise give evidence at the place and time fixed in the notice. The hearing will be held before the Town Administrator at a place therein fixed and such hearing is to be held in not less than ten, nor more than 40 days after the delivery or mailing of the notice. Any person desiring to do so may attend such hearing and give evidence relevant to the matter being heard. The rules of evidence prevailing in courts of law or equity shall not be controlling in such hearings.

Notification of public nuisance conditions: orders to abate. If, after a hearing, a determination is made that such conditions violate this zoning ordinance, constituting a public nuisance, exist, the Town Administrator shall notify, in writing, the owner of the premises in questions, or the owner of the animal, of the conditions constituting such public nuisance and shall order the prompt abatement thereof within 15 days from the receipt of such written notice.

Failure to abate nuisance; removal by town. If the owner, having been ordered to abate or remove the condition constituting the nuisance within 15 days from receipt of the order fails to do so, the Town Administrator may cause the condition to be removed or otherwise remedied by having employees of the town to go upon the premises and remove or otherwise abate such nuisance under the supervision of an officer or employee designated by the Town Administrator. Any person who has been ordered to abate a public nuisance may, within the time allowed by this article, request the town in writing to remove such condition, the cost of which shall be paid by the person making

such request.

Cost of abatement to be done by owner.

- (a) *Statement of charges mailed to owner; when due and payable.* The actual cost incurred by the town and/or the County in removing or otherwise remedying a public nuisance shall be charged to the owner of such lot or parcel of land or animal, and it shall be the duty of the Tax Collector to mail a statement of such charges to the owner or other person in possession of such premises with instructions that such charges are due and payable within 30 days from the receipt thereof.
- (b) *Unpaid charges to become lien; collected as unpaid taxes.* In the event charges for removal or abatement of a public nuisance are not paid within 30 days after receipt of a statement or charges as provided in subsection (a), such charges shall become a lien upon the land or premises where the public nuisance existed and shall be collected as unpaid taxes, as provided in G.S. 160A-193.

Notice of violations.

- (a) *Generally.* In discharging their duties under this article, members of the Police Department are hereby empowered to issue citations to any person if there is reasonable cause to believe that he has violated any provisions of this article. The violation of any provision of this article shall also subject the violator to a civil penalty of \$25.00 per day. Citations so issued may be delivered in person to the violator by a Police Officer, or they may be mailed to the person so charged, if he cannot readily be found.
- (b) *Additional remedies; criminal action by town.* The procedure set forth in this article shall be in addition to any other remedies that may now or hereafter exist under law for the abatement of public nuisances and this article shall not prevent the town from proceeding in a civil or criminal action against any person, firm, or corporation violating the provisions of this article, as provided in G.S. 14-4.

SECTION 1501

CIVIL PENALTY-PROCEDURE

Offender An offender is any person or entity that the Zoning Enforcement Officer reasonably believes has violated any Zoning Ordinance. An offender may be the occupant, owner, lessee, lessor, or any person or entity having beneficial use of the affected property, or any or all of the above

Zoning Enforcement Officer The East Bend Police Department and the Zoning Administrator have enforcement power over nuisances and zoning.

Warning Citation Prior to issuing a Civil Citation for violation of these Zoning Ordinances, the Zoning Enforcement Officer shall issue and serve upon the offender a Warning Citation which shall provide the following information: (i) nature of the violation(s); (ii) the ordinances {s} violated, (iii) a reasonable period of time within which the violation(s) shall be cured, which reasonable time shall be deemed to be thirty (30) days from the date of service of the Warning Citation unless there is risk to public safety or health, in which case the Warning Citation can require violations to be

cured immediately; (iv) if the violations are not cured within the prescribed time, that subsequent citation(s) shall be issued causing the offender to incur penalties in the amount of \$50.00 per day until the violations are cured; and (v) a time, place and date for a hearing to be held before the Zoning Enforcement Office, which is not more than thirty (30) days from the date of the Warning Citation.

Warning Citation Hearing At the hearing notice in the Warning Citation, the offender and any party in interest shall have the right to appear before the Zoning Enforcement Office and give evidence concerning the alleged violations. Rules of evidence applicable in courts of law and equity shall not apply. At the hearing, the Zoning Enforcement Officer can rescind, modify, or take no action with respect to the Warning Citation. If no action is taken, or if the offender fails to attend the hearing, the Warning Citation shall remain in full force and effect and the violations cited therein must be cured with the time prescribed by the original Warning Citation.

Civil Citation If the violations are not cured within the time prescribed by the Warning Citation, the Zoning Enforcement Officer may issue a Civil Citation, which shall be served upon the offender requiring the offender to pay the sum of \$50.00 on or before the date that is fifteen (15) days after the date of service of the Civil Citation.

Subsequent Civil Citations Each day's continuing violation shall be a separate and distinct offence. Provided, however that once a Warning Citation has been issued for a continuing violation, subsequent Civil Citations may be issued to the offender concerning the violation without issuing additional Warning Citations or without having additional Warning Citation hearings.

Failure to Comply If the offender fails to pay the fine assessed in the Civil Citation within fifteen (15) days from the date of service, the Town may institute a civil action in the nature of debt and shall be entitled to collect the fine or fines upon which the suit is brought, interest at the legal rate, costs, and attorney's fees.

Service Warning Citations and Civil Citations shall be served upon the offenders by any manner allowed under Rule 4 of North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure. Additionally, if the identities or whereabouts of any offenders are unknown and cannot be ascertained by the Zoning Enforcement Officer after due diligence or if the offenders refuse service, and the Zoning Enforcement Officer makes an affidavit to that effect, then service of the Warning Citation or Civil Citation may be made by posting the Citation in a conspicuous place on the affected property. With respect to the issuance of a Warning Citation, service must be perfected ten (10) days prior to the hearing scheduled therein, unless the Zoning Enforcement Officer deems that public health and safety are at risk, in which case service must be perfected twenty-four (24) hours prior to the time of the hearing.

SECTION 1502

INJUNCTION AND ABATEMENT

Any provision of the Zoning Ordinances may be enforced by an appropriate equitable remedy issuing from a court of competent jurisdiction, in such case, the General Court of Justice shall have jurisdiction to issue such orders as may be appropriate, and it shall not be a defense to the application of the Town for equitable relief that there is an adequate remedy at law.

Any provision of the Zoning Ordinances or any other Town ordinance that makes unlawful a condition existing upon or use made of real property may be enforced by injunction or order of abatement by a General Court of Justice. When a violation of such a provision occur the Town may apply to the appropriate division of the General Court of Justice for a mandatory or prohibitory injunction and order of abatement commanding the defendant to correct the unlawful condition upon or cease the unlawful use of the property. The action shall be governed in all respects by the laws and rules governing civil proceedings, including the Rules of Civil Procedure in general and Rule 65 in particular.

In addition to an injunction, the court may enter an order of abatement as a part of the judgment in the cause. An order of abatement may direct that buildings or other structures on the property be closed, demolished or removed; that fixtures, furniture or other movable property be removed from buildings on the property; that grass and weeds be cut; that improvements or repairs be made; or that any other action be taken that is necessary to bring the property into compliance with this ordinance.

If the defendant fails or refuses to comply with an injunction or with an order of abatement within the time allowed by the court, he may be cited for contempt, and the Town may execute the order of abatement. The Town shall have a lien on the property for the cost of executing an order of abatement in the nature of a mechanic's and material man's lien. The defendant may secure cancellation of an order of abatement by paying all costs of the proceedings and posting a bond for compliance with the order. The bond shall be given with sureties approved by the Clerk of Superior Court in an amount approved by the judge before whom the matter is heard and shall be conditioned on the defendant's full compliance with the terms of the order of abatement within a time fixed by the judge. Cancellation of an order of abatement shall not suspend or cancel an injunction.

Whenever any violation is denominated a misdemeanor under any provision of the Zoning Ordinances, or under Part 5, Article 9 of Chapter 160A of the North Carolina General Statutes, the Town, wither in addition to or in lieu of other remedies, may initiate any appropriate action or proceeding to prevent, restrain, correct, or abate the violation or to prevent the occupancy of the building or structure involved as provided in N.C. Gen. Stat. 160A-432.

SECTION 1503 METHOD OF ENFORCEMENT

These Zoning Ordinances may be enforced by any-one, all or a combination of the remedies authorized and prescribed herein.

ARTICLE XVI LEGAL STATUS PROVISIONS AND EFFECTIVE DATE

SECTION 1600 SEVERABILITY

It is the legislative intent of the Board of Commissioners in adopting this ordinance that all provisions and sections thereof shall be liberally construed to protect and preserve the health, safety and general welfare of the inhabitants of the Town of East Bend, and, further, that should any provision, portion, section or subsection of this ordinance be held to be invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction such ruling shall not be construed as affecting the validity of any of the remaining provisions, portions, sections, subsections, it being the intent of the Board of Commissioners that this ordinance shall stand, notwithstanding the invalidity of any provision, or section or part thereof.

SECTION 1601 CONFLICT WITH TOHER LAWS

When the provisions of this ordinance require a great width or size of yards or courts or require a lower height of a building or fewer number stories or require a greater percentage of a lot to be left unoccupied or impose other higher standards than required in any other statute or local ordinance or regulation, the provisions of this ordinance shall govern. When the provisions of any other statute or local ordinance or regulation require a greater width or size of yards or courts or require a lower height of a building or a fewer number of stories or require a greater percentage of a lot to be left unoccupied or impose other higher standards than are required by the provisions of this ordinance, the provisions of that statute or local ordinance or regulation shall govern.

SECTION 1602 APPLICABILITY TO GOVERNMENTAL BUILDINGS

The provisions of this ordinance are applicable to the erection, construction and use of buildings by the State of North Carolina and its political subdivisions.

This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after September 27, 1989.

Duly adopted by the Board of Commissioners of the Town of East Bend, North Carolina, this the 27th day of September 1989.

ARTICLE XVII WATERSHED PROTECTION

Adopted September 13, 1993- Effective October 1, 1993

This amendment to the Town of East Bend Zoning Ordinance and Map is made pursuant to Article XIII of the Zoning Ordinance and by the authority conferred by the North Carolina General Statutes, Chapter 160A, article 19.

DRINKING WATER SUPPLY WATERSHED PROTECTION

SECTION 1700 ESTABLISHMENT OF A WATERSHED OVERLAY DISTRICT

Within the Town of East Bend Planning Jurisdiction, the following watershed overlay district shall be established:

Yadkin River Watershed- WS-IV- Protected Area (PA) Watershed Overlay District

SECTION 1701 DEFINITIONS

The following definitions apply specifically to the drinking water supply watershed overlay district.

- | | |
|---------|---|
| 1701.01 | Agricultural Uses.

The use of waters for stock watering, irrigation, and other farm purposes. |
| 1701.02 | Animal Units.

A unit of measurement developed by the US Environmental Protection Agency that is used to compare different types of animal operations. |
| 1701.03 | Best Management Practices (BMP's).

A structural or non-structural management-based practice used singularly or in combination to reduce non-point source inputs to receiving waters in order to achieve water quality protection goals. |
| 1701.04 | Buffer.

An area of natural or planted vegetation through which storm water runoff flows in a diffuse manner so that runoff does not become channelized and provides for infiltration of the runoff and filtering of pollutants. The buffer is measured landward from the normal pool elevation of impounded structures and from the bank of each side of streams and rivers. |
| 1701.05 | Built-upon area. (impervious surface)

Built upon areas shall include that portion of development project that is covered by impervious or partially impervious cover including buildings, pavement, gravel roads, recreation facilities, (e.g. tennis courts) etc. (Wooden slated decks and the water area of a pool are considered pervious) |
| 1701.06 | Cluster or group development.

The grouping of buildings in order to conserve land and resources and provides for innovation of design in the project. This term includes nonresidential development as well as single family residential subdivisions and multi-family developments that do not involve the subdivision of land. |

- 1701.07 Development.
- Any land disturbing activity which adds to or changes the amount of impervious or partially impervious cover on a land area of which otherwise decreases the infiltration of precipitation into the soil.
- 1701.08 Discharging landfill.
- A facility with liners, monitoring equipment and other measures to detect and or prevent leachate from entering the environment and in which the leachate is treated on site and discharged into a receiving stream.
- 1701.09 Existing development.
- Those projects that are built or those projects that at a minimum have established a vested right under NC zoning law as of the effective date of this ordinance and based on at least one of the following criteria:
- (1) substantial expenditures of resources (time, labor, money) based on a good faith reliance upon having received valid local government approval to proceed with the project, or
 - (2) having an outstanding valid building permit as authorized by the General Statutes (G. S. 153A- 344.1), or
 - (3) having expended substantial resources (time, money, labor) and having an approved site specific or phased development plan as authorized by General Statutes (G.S 153A-344.1)
- 1701.10 Hazardous material.
- Any substance listed as such in SARA section 302, extremely Hazardous Substances, CERCLA Hazardous Substances, or Section 311 of CW A (oil and hazardous substances).
- 1701.11 Industrial development.
- Any non-residential development that requires an NPDES permit for industrial discharge and/or requires the use and storage of any hazardous materials for the purpose of manufacturing, assembling and finishing, cleaning or developing any product or commodity.
- 1701.12 Landfill.
- A facility for the disposal of solid waste on land in a sanitary manner in accordance with Chapter 120 A Article 9 of the NC General Statutes. For the purposes of this ordinance this term does not include composting facilities.
- 1701.13 Non-residential development.
- All development other than residential development, agriculture and silviculture.
- 1701.14 Protected Areas.
- The area adjoining and upstream of the critical area in a WS IV water supply in which protection measures are required, with the boundaries to be the ten miles upstream and draining to the intake located directly in the river or to the watershed ridge line (whichever comes first).

- 1701.15 Residential development.
- Buildings for the residence such as attached and detached single family dwellings, apartment complexes, condominiums, townhouses, cottages, etc. and their associated outbuildings such as garages, storage buildings, gazebos, and customary home occupations.
- 1701.16 Structure.
- Anything constructed or erected, including but not limited to buildings, which requires a location on the land or attachment to something having permanent location on the land.
- 1701.17 Toxic substance.
- Any substance or combination of substances (including disease-causing agents) which after discharge and upon exposure, ingestion, inhalation or assimilation into any organism, either directly from the environment or indirectly by ingestion through the food chain, has the potential to cause death, disease, behavioral abnormalities, cancer, genetic mutations, physiological malfunctions or physical deformities in such organisms or their offspring or other adverse health effects.
- 1701.18 Variance, major watershed.
- Variances of a significant nature in unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis shall be reviewed by the Zoning Board of Adjustment serving as the Watershed Review Board and approved by the NC Environmental Management Commission. More specifically, major variances would completely eliminate a management requirement or reduce a management requirement with a numerical standard by more than 10%.
- 1701.19 Variance, minor watershed.
- Any variance not considered a major one shall be reviewed or approved by the Board of Adjustment serving as the Watershed Review Board through the standard appeals process as described in Section 507 of this ordinance.
- 1701.20 Water dependent structure.
- Any structure for which the use requires access to or proximity to or citing within surface waters to fulfill its basic purpose, such as boat ramps, boat houses, docks or bulkhead.
- 1701.21 Watershed Administrator.
- An official of or persons designated by the Town of East Bend charged with enforcing and administering the drinking water supply watershed overlay district requirements as Zoning Administrator.
- 1701.22 Watershed.
- The entire land area contributing to surface drainage to a specific point (e.g., the water supply intake).

SECTION 1702 INTENT

The watershed overlay district is established to impose higher development standards around and upstream from drinking water supplies than general imposed on land uses in the planning area. The intent is to maintain current development patterns in order to prevent the risks of pollution from more intensive land uses.

The classification of watersheds is based on current and expected development patterns. WS IV will have moderate to high land-use intensity pattern.

SECTION 1703 APPLICABILITY

The watershed overlay district regulations shall apply to land-use activities with the area designated as Public Water Supply Watershed by the NC Environmental Management Commission and shall be defined and established on the map entitled "Watershed Protection Zoning Overlay Map" which is adopted simultaneously herewith as part of the "Official Zoning Map of the Town of East Bend, North Carolina". The Watershed Map and all the explanatory matter contained thereon accompanies and is hereby made part of these regulations.

Within the Town of East Bend, a portion of the Winston-Salem Drinking Water Supply Watershed is located. It is part of the WS IV Yadkin River Basin.

SECTION 1704 EXCEPTIONS TO APPLICABILITY

- (a) The watershed overlay district imposes an additional layer of regulations over existing zoning requirements. When a conflict occurs between the zoning district standards and the overlay district standards, the more restrictive will apply. No situations shall allow development to violate the Watershed Protection Rules (15 A NCAC 2B.014) that fall within this designation.
- (b) It is not the intent of the watershed overlay district or regulations to interfere with any easement, covenants or other agreements between parties. However, if these regulations impose a greater restriction or higher standard, then these restrictions shall control.
- (c) All land use activities shall be regulated by the watershed protection regulations in the designated watershed overlay district except existing development as defined in Section 1701, above, is not subject to the requirements of this Article, Expansions to structures classified as existing development must meet the requirements of this Article; however, the built upon area of the existing development is not required to be included in the density calculations. Redevelopment is allowed if the rebuilding activity does not have a net increase in the built-upon area or provides equal or greater storm water controls than the previous development. There is no restriction on single-family residential redevelopment.

SECTION 1705 WATERSHED OVERLAY DISTRICT-WS-IV PROTECTED AREA

1705.01 Application

Only new development activity that requires a soil erosion/sedimentation control plan under G.S. 113.A-54 and Rules and Regulations for Erosion and Sediment Control as established by the NC DENR or approved local program is required to meet the provisions of these regulations when located in the WS-IV watershed.

1705.02 Permitted Uses

- (1) All Uses allowed in the underlying zoning districts when the watershed overlay district is located, unless prohibited below.
- (2) Agriculture, subject to the provisions of the Food Security Act of 1985 and the Food, Agricultural, Conservation and Trade Act of 1990.
- (3) Silviculture, using Best Management Practices required to implement the provisions of the Forest Practices Guidelines Related to Water Quality (15 NCAC 11.6101- 0209).

1705.03 Prohibited Uses

Included the storage of toxic or hazardous materials unless a spill containment plan is implemented.

1705.04 Density and Built Upon Limits

- (1) Single Family Residential development shall not exceed one dwelling unit per one-half (1/2) acre (21,780 sq. ft.). Projects utilizing curb and gutter shall not exceed this density. Projects not using curb and gutter shall not exceed one dwelling unit per one-third (1/3) acre (14,520 sq. ft.), except within an approved cluster or group development.
- (2) All other Residential and Non-Residential development shall not exceed twenty-four percent (24%) built upon area on a project basis with a curb and gutter street system, or thirty-six (36%) built upon area, without curb and gutter system. For purposes of calculating built upon area, the total project area shall include acreage in the tract on which the project is developed.
- (3) Clustering or grouping of development is allowed in the Watershed Areas under the following conditions:
 - (a) Minimum lot sizes are not applicable to single family cluster development projects; however, the total number of lots shall not exceed the number of lots allowed for single family detached developments in Section 1705.04(1). Built upon area or storm water control requirements of the project shall not exceed that allowed for the protected area (PA) as designated by this overlay district.
 - (b) All built upon area shall be designed and located to minimize storm water runoff impact to the receiving waters and minimize concentrated storm water flow.

- (c) The remainder of the tract shall remain in a vegetated or natural state. Where the development has an incorporated property owner's association, the title of the open space area shall be conveyed to the association for management. Where a property association is not incorporated, a maintenance agreement shall be filed with the property deeds.

SECTION 1706

BUFFER AREAS ARE REQUIRED

- (1) Stream Buffers shall be a minimum thirty (30) foot undisturbed vegetative buffer along all perennial waters indicated on the most recent versions of the USGS 1:24,000 (7.5 minute) scale topographic maps or as determined by local government studies. Desirable artificial stream bank or shoreline stabilization is permitted.
- (2) No new development is allowed in the buffer except for water dependent and public projects such as local roads, federal or state highways, public utilities and greenways where no practical alternative exist. These activities shall minimize built upon surface area, direct runoff away from the surface waters and maximize the utilization of storm water Best Management Practices.

SECTION 1707

ADMINISTRATION

The Zoning Enforcement Officer shall enforce the provisions of the zoning ordinance as specified in Article V, section 501. Within the watershed overlay district the following additional duties are required as Watershed Administrator:

1707.01 Recordkeeping

- (1) Submit copies of all amendments to the watershed overlay districts upon adoption to the Supervisor of the Classification and Standards Group, Water Quality Section, Division of Environmental Management.
- (2) Keep separate records of variances to the watershed overlay district and related sections of the ordinance. This record shall be submitted to the above cited office on an annual basis and include a description of the variance and the reasons for granting the variance.
- (3) Monitor land use activities in the watershed overlay district to identify situations that may threaten water quality. These situations would be reported to the regulatory agency responsible for these activities.

1707.02 Appeals

As specified in Article V, Section 507, all appeals from the decision of the Zoning Enforcement Officer/Watershed Administrator shall be submitted to the Board of Adjustment which shall serve as the Watershed Review Board for the purposes of this Article.

1707.03 Amendments

All amendments to the watershed regulations shall be handles as specified in Article XII. Under no circumstances shall the Town of East Bend supplement or change the watershed overlay district and related regulations to violate the Watershed Protection Rules (15A NCAC2B.O104). All amendments shall be filed with the NC Environmental Management Commission, NC Division of Environmental Health and the NC Division of Community Assistance.

1707.04 Variances in the Watershed Overlay District

- (1) The Board of Adjustment shall handle minor variances as specified in Article VI, Section 602.04.
- (2) If a major variance (as defined in Section 1701.18) is requested, the Board of Adjustment, after making a favorable decision to grant the request shall prepare a preliminary record of the hearing including:
 - a. the application;
 - b. the hearing notice;
 - c. the evidence presented;
 - d. motions, offers of proof, objections to evidence and ruling on them;
 - e. proposed findings and exceptions;
 - f. the recommended decisions, including specific conditions proposed to be added to the approval.

The record is submitted in a timely manner to the Environmental Management Commission (EMC) for its review. The EMC shall review the record and determine the following:

- a. the request qualifies as a major variance
- b. the property owner can secure not reasonable return from or make any practical use of the property unless the proposed variance is granted.
- c. The variance will not pose a serious threat to the water supply.

Based on its findings, the Environmental Management commission will approve the variance and authorize the Town to issue the variance, deny the variance, or approve with conditions. Upon written receipt of the EMC decision, the Board of Adjustment, based on the EMC ruling, shall prepare a final decision at its next regular meeting. Appeals of the EMC decision are made to Superior Court.

SECTION 1708 NOTIFICATIONS OF JURISDICTIONS

In the designated drinking water supply watershed regulated by this overlay district, the Zoning Enforcement Officer/Watershed Administrator shall notify any jurisdictions within the watershed of a proposed variance to the watershed regulations. Local governments may submit any comments to the Zoning Enforcement Officer/Watershed Administrator before public hearing by the Board of Adjustment.

SECTION 1709 BOUNDARY DETERMINATIONS

The watershed boundaries of the watershed overlay district are delineated on the Town of East Bend Official Zoning Map. As specified in the Water Supply Watershed Protection Rules (15A NCAC 2B.01 04), boundaries follow roads, rides and property lines as closely as possible. Boundaries are drawn to avoid dividing tracts in single ownership. If a property owner can demonstrate his land drains into another watershed or into a receiving stream below the intake of the same watershed, the Zoning Enforcement Officer may exempt that area from these regulations.

SECTION 1710 EFFECTIVE DATE

Adopted by the East Bend Board of Commissioners on September 13, 1993. The effective date of these amendments to the Town of East Bend Zoning Ordinance shall be October 1, 1993.

ARTICLE XVIII OUTDOOR STORAGE OF SALVAGE, JUNK AND JUNK VEHICLES

The Board of the Town of East Bend does hereby enact the following ordinance:

SECTION 1800 - PURPOSE

The purpose of this Ordinance is to protect the public health, safety and well-being, and to promote the responsible use of resources and protection of the environment by regulating the outdoor storage of junk, salvage materials and junk motor vehicles.

SECTION 1801 - DEFINITIONS

- 1801.01 "Abandon" means to leave without claimed ownership for 30 days or more.
- 1801.02 "Abutting property owner" means any person or persons, corporation or other entity that owns, leases, or in any other way controls any real property abutting any portion of the property of another.
- 1801.03 "Enforcement Officer" means any police officer or other municipal official or officer appointed by the Board to enforce the provisions of this Ordinance.
- 1801.04 "Highway" means any highway, road, street or other public way, regardless of classification.
- 1801.05 "Household appliance" means any range, stove, refrigerator, washing machine, clothes dryer, water pump, power tool or other electronic, mechanical or powered device used for household purposes.
- 1801.06 "Interested Party" means a person residing at or owning property abutting the location of any junk or junk motor vehicle or residing at or owning property in the immediate area from which the junk or junk motor vehicle is visible.
- 1801.07 "Junk" means old or scrap copper, brass, iron, steel or other metals, or materials including but not limited to tires, household appliances, furniture, rope, rags, batteries, glass, rubber debris, waste, trash, construction debris, plumbing fixtures, or any discarded, dismantled, wrecked, scrapped, or mined motor vehicle or parts thereof.
- 1801.08 "Junk motor vehicle" means a discarded, dismantled, wrecked, scrapped or mined motor vehicle or parts thereof, an unregistered motor home not connected to water and/or sewer, or a vehicle other than an on-premise utility vehicle which is allowed to remain unregistered for a period of 30 days from the date of discovery.
- 1801.09 "Salvage Yard" means any place of outdoor storage or deposit that is maintained, operated or used in connection with a business for storing, keeping, processing, buying or selling junk or junk motor vehicles or as a scrap metal processing facility. However, it does not include a garage where wrecked or disabled motor vehicles are stored for less than 90 days for inspection or repairs.

- 1801.10 "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle propelled or drawn by power other than muscular power, including trailers. Functional vehicles and equipment used for agricultural and construction operations are excluded from this definition.
- 1801.11 "Traveled way" means that portion of a public highway designed for the movement of a motor vehicle, shoulders, and roadside parking, rest, observation areas, and other areas immediately adjacent and contiguous to the traveled portion of the roadway.

SECTION 1802 - REQUIREMENTS

It shall be unlawful to own or operate, or for a landowner within the Town of East Bend to allow the operation of, a salvage yard on lands within East Bend. Within the areas of the Town it shall be unlawful to place, discard or abandon junk or any junk motor vehicle, or to allow any such item to be placed, discarded or abandoned. Any such junk or junk motor vehicles discarded or abandoned are hereby declared to be a public nuisance and a violation of this Ordinance. The requirements of this Paragraph shall apply to any part of the Town of East Bend.

SECTION 1803 - ENFORCEMENT AND PENAL TIES

- a. If an Enforcement Officer determines that a violation of this Ordinance has occurred, the Enforcement Officer may mail or hand-deliver written notice of the violation to the person who is the owner of the junk or junk motor vehicle at issue or who has otherwise violated the Ordinance. A notice shall be deemed validly served as of the earlier of (i) the date it is mailed by first-class mail, certified mail, or overnight delivery, or (ii) the date it is actually received by the person. The person shall correct the violation no later than the deadline specified in the notice. The deadline shall be 30 calendar days from the date the notice is served, unless the Enforcement Officer determines that public health or safety concerns or other exigent circumstances require an earlier deadline, in which case the deadline may be shortened to no less than 5 calendar days from the date the notice is served. If the person does not correct the violation by the specified deadline, the Enforcement Officer may issue the person a citation and pursue the enforcement actions authorized by Paragraph (b).
- b. A violation of this Ordinance shall be a civil matter which shall be enforceable by the Town pursuant to Article XV Section 1501 and any other applicable provision of law. Each day a violation continues shall constitute a separate offense. A person who violates any provision of this Ordinance shall be fined not more than \$50 per day for each violation. In addition, the Town shall have the right to obtain injunctive relief from any court of competent jurisdiction to enjoin, abate, or prevent any violation of this Ordinance.
- c. Nothing in this Ordinance shall preclude the Town from pursuing enforcement action under any other ordinance or statute.
- d. Any lawful use of land existing at the effective date of this Ordinance which does not conform to the provisions of this Ordinance shall be discontinued within five years of the date of its passage.

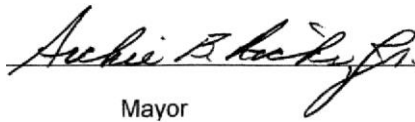
SECTION 1804 - SEVERABILITY

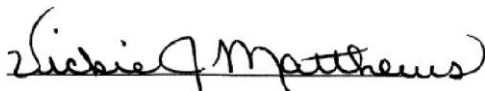
If any section of this Ordinance is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such finding shall not invalidate any other part of this Ordinance.

SECTION 1805- EFFECTIVE DATE

This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after its adoption by the Town Board.

Adopted this 13th day of February 2017.


Mayor


Town Clerk

ARTICLE XIX

WIRELESS COMMUNICATION TOWERS

The following development standards shall; 1) apply to the installation, construction, attachment and alteration of facilities to accommodate wireless communication facilities; 2) provide the criteria for evaluating such proposed activities; 3) provide a procedure to ensure suitability, certification and related purposes.

It is the intent of this Article that placement, construction, or modification of wireless communications facilities shall be in conformity with the Federal Communications Act, 47 U.S.C. Section 332 as amended; in accordance with the rules promulgated by the Federal Communications Commission; and consistent with the NC General Statutes 153A-349.50 through 153A-349.53. Where these regulations are found to be in conflict with state or federal law in effect as of the adoption of this ordinance or as subsequently amended, the applicable state and/or federal laws shall take precedence.

SECTION 1 PURPOSE

As a matter of public policy, the Town of East Bend aims to encourage the delivery of new wireless technologies throughout the County while discouraging unnecessary proliferation of communication towers. Such development activities will promote and protect the health, safety, prosperity and general welfare of persons living in The Town of East Bend. The Town shall also, through these standards, encourage collocation of wireless communications facilities on existing support structures; and shall streamline and expedite permitting procedures in accordance with the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, and Article 18, Part 38 of Chapter 153A of the NC General Statutes.

SECTION 2. INTERPRETATION

To the extent these development standards conflict with other Town Ordinances, these Standards shall have precedence in matters specific or relating to wireless communications.

SECTION 3 APPLICABILITY AND PREFERRED LOCATIONS

Wireless Communication Facilities may be allowed within The Town of East Bend as follows;

1. Antenna Attachments.

Antenna attachments onto an existing Support Structure or onto an Attached Wireless Communication Facility shall be permitted by administrative approval subject to the development criteria of Section 5.

2. Accessory Uses and Location on Town-Owned Land.

Location of Wireless Communication Facilities and Support Structures on land owned by The Town of East Bend, or as accessory uses on land owned and occupied by communications service providers, may also be permitted by administrative approval, subject to the standards of Section 5.

3. New Support Structures.

Wireless Communication Facilities with new support structures shall be permitted by means of legislative adoption of a Conditional Rezoning (Article 6), or approval of a Conditional Use Permit (Article 6). Prior to applying for a Conditional Rezoning or Conditional Use Permit, the applicant shall provide the Zoning Administrator with adequate information to establish that collocation on an existing Support Structure is not reasonably feasible, as defined in NC G. S. 153A-349.52(c)(3).

4. Preferred Locations.

In setting location priorities, the Town may consider public safety and land use issues and other adopted plans and regulations, including aesthetics and preservation of viewsheds.

SECTION 4 ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

The following conditions and requirements shall apply to Wireless Communication Facilities in The Town of East Bend:

1. Pre-existing Wireless Communication Facilities.

Wireless Communications Facilities for which a permit has been issued prior to the original effective date of this Ordinance shall be considered as nonconforming and subject to the provisions of Article 11.

2. Speculative Construction of Support Structures.

As provided in G.S. 153A-349.52(g), a zoning permit shall be issued for a new wireless support structure meeting all other requirements of this ordinance with or without documentation of intent, by the owner or by at least one other party, to locate a wireless facility on the structure. However, the zoning permit shall be conditioned on provision of such documentation before issuance of any building permit or authorization to construct. If intent of a wireless communications service provider to locate a facility on the proposed structure is not established within 24 months after issuance of the zoning permit, such permit shall be null and void.

3. Amateur Radio Exclusion.

This Article shall not govern the installation of any amateur radio facility owned and operated by a federally licensed amateur radio station operator.

4. Relationship to Other Ordinances.

Except for Historic Districts, this Article shall supersede all conflicting requirements of other ordinances regarding the locating and permitting of Wireless Communication Facilities.

5. Airport Zoning.

Any Wireless Communication Facility located or proposed to be located in airport areas governed by the Federal Aviation Administration shall also comply with the provisions of all applicable local, state and federal airport regulations.

6. Building Codes.

Construction of all Wireless Communication Facilities shall comply with the requirements of the Town of East Bend Building Codes and permitting process in addition to the requirements of this Section.

7. Business Decisions.

In evaluating applications or locations for Wireless Communications Facilities, information regarding an applicant's business decisions about designed service, including customer demand for its service or quality of its service to or from a particular area or site, shall not be considered or required by the Town [NC G.S. 153A- 349.52(c), effective 12/1/2007].

8. Radio Frequency Emissions.

In evaluating applications or locations for Wireless Communications Facilities, information regarding radio frequency emissions shall not be deemed a public safety consideration or required by the Town [NC G.S. 153A-349.52(a), effective 12/1/2007].

SECTION 5 DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

A. Height standards.

The following shall apply to all Wireless Communications Facility installations

1. Attached Wireless Communications Facilities. Attached Wireless Communication Facilities shall not add more than twenty (20) feet to the height of the existing building or structure to which it is attached (Attachment Structure). Also, antenna attachments to existing communication towers shall not increase the height of the tower above the maximum permitted height of that tower.

2. Height for new Wireless Communication Facilities shall be reviewed on a case-by-case basis as part of the Conditional Rezoning process (Article 6) or the Conditional Use Permit process (Article 6). The height of the proposed Wireless Communication Facility should be consistent with the height of existing facilities on similar properties in similar locations; and considering ground elevations, topographical conditions and other site development criteria within this Article.

B. Setback Standards.

The following setback standards shall apply to all Wireless Communication Facility installations.

1. Attached Wireless Communication Facilities shall meet the setback provisions of the underlying zoning district in which they are located. However, an Attached Wireless Communication Facility Antenna Array may extend up to 30 inches horizontally beyond the edge of the Attachment Structure so long as the Antenna Array does not encroach upon an adjoining parcel.
2. Wireless Communications Facilities with new Support Structures shall have minimum property setback requirements from all directions equal to the height of the structure plus 25 feet, unless the applicant provides a structural engineer's certification that the proposed structure is of a collapsible design with a more compact projected fall zone. Provided such certification, the minimum property setback requirements from all directions shall be equal to the projected fall zone as certified, plus 25 feet.

C. Landscaping.

The following landscaping requirements shall be maintained by the applicant and shall apply to all Wireless Communications Facility installations.

1. New Construction. New Wireless Communications Facilities with Support Structures and Attached Wireless Communication Facilities with new building construction shall be landscaped with a minimum landscaped area of ten (10) feet around the perimeter of the security fence meeting the following standards:
 - i. One row of evergreen trees with a minimum caliper of 1.75 inches shall be installed with a maximum spacing of 25 feet.
 - ii. Evergreen shrubs capable of creating a continuous hedge and obtaining a height of at least five (5) feet shall be planted with a maximum spacing of five (5) feet. Plants shall be at least three (3) gallon container plants or 24 inches tall at the time of planting.

- iii. Plantings shall be indigenous or compatible to the area and drought resistant.

- 2. Land Form Preservation. Existing mature tree growth and natural land form on the site shall be preserved to the extent feasible; provided, however, that vegetation interfering with antenna function or with access to the equipment facility may be cut or removed.
- 3. Existing Vegetation. Existing vegetation on a Wireless Communication Facility site may be used in lieu of required landscaping if allowed on the approved site plan.
- 4. Minimum Site Disturbance. Grading for the new Wireless Communication Facility shall be minimized and limited only to the area necessary for the new facility.

D. Aesthetics. Placement, Materials and Colors.

Wireless Communications Facilities shall be designed for compatibility with existing structures and surroundings to the extent feasible, including placement in a location consistent with proper functioning of the Wireless Communications Facility, and the use of compatible or neutral colors.

E. Lighting.

The following lighting requirements shall apply to all Wireless Communications Facility installations. Wireless Communications Facilities shall not be artificially illuminated, directly or indirectly, except for:

- 1. Security and safety lighting of equipment buildings if such lighting is appropriately down shielded to keep light within the boundaries of the site; and
- 2. Such illumination of the Wireless Communications Facility as may be required by the FAA or other applicable authority, installed to minimize impact on nearby property.
- 3. Unless otherwise required by the FAA or other applicable authority, the required light shall be red with a lens designed to reduce ground lighting when the site is within 100' of a dwelling.

F. Signage.

Wireless Communications Facilities shall not display any signage, logos, decals, symbols or any messages of a commercial or noncommercial nature, except for a small message containing provider identification and emergency telephone numbers and such information as may be required by applicable local, state or federal regulations.

G. Fencing.

Wireless Communications Facilities with Support Structures shall be enclosed by an opaque fence not less than 6 feet in height. Security features may be incorporated into the buffer and landscaping requirements for the site. Nothing herein shall prevent fencing that is necessary to meet requirements of state and federal agencies.

H. Sound.

No unusual or excessively loud alarms or other sound emissions are permitted.

I. Structural Integrity.

Wireless Communications Facilities with Support Structures shall be constructed to the Electronics Industries Association/Telecommunications Industries Association (EIAITIA) 222 Revision F Standard titled "Structural Standards for Steel Antennas Towers and Antenna Support Structures" (or equivalent), as it may be updated and amended. Each new Support Structure shall be capable of supporting multiple antenna arrays.

J. Collocation Support Structure Design.

All Wireless Communication Facilities with a support structure up to a height of 150 feet shall be engineered and constructed to accommodate at least 2 antenna arrays. All facilities with support structures up to a height of 150 feet or greater shall be engineered and constructed to accommodate at least 3 antenna arrays.

K. Collocation Agreement.

All applicants for new Wireless Communications Facilities are required to submit a statement with the application agreeing to allow collocation by other providers if reasonably feasible under G.S. 153A-349.52(c)(3).

SECTION 6 TEMPORARY FACILITIES

Temporary Wireless Communications Facilities may be permitted by Administrative Approval for a term not to exceed 90 days. Once granted, a temporary Wireless Communications Facility permit may be extended for an additional 90 days upon evidence of need by the applicant. In case of emergency (e.g., storm damage to an existing tower or other circumstances resulting in the interruption of existing service) the Administrative Review shall be expedited to the extent feasible.

SECTION 7 APPROVAL PROCESS

A. Application Submission.

All applications regardless of Wireless Communication Facility type shall meet all of the requirements contained in this section.

- B. Application Contents.
Each applicant shall submit a sealed complete set of drawings prepared by a licensed architect or engineer that will include a site plan, elevation view and other supporting drawings, calculations and other documentation showing the location and dimensions of the wireless communications facility and all improvements associated therewith, including information concerning specifications, antenna locations, equipment facility and shelters, landscaping, parking, access, fencing and, if relevant as determined by staff, topography, adjacent land uses and existing vegetation.
- C. Submission requirements.
Application shall be submitted to the Town on forms prescribed by the Town. The application shall be accompanied by a site plan containing the information described above and a copy of the appropriate FCC license.
- D. Board Review.
If Board of Adjustment review is required, the application and site plan shall be placed on the next available Board of Adjustment agenda in accordance with the agenda deadlines established in Article 6 of this Ordinance. In addition, if Board of Adjustment review is required, site plans shall be submitted in accordance with Part B above and Article 6 of this Ordinance.
- E. Application Fees.
A fee shall accompany each application. Fee amounts shall be set by the Board of Commissioners to cover the costs of review, processing and staff research.
- F. Additional Technical Assistance.
Reasonable additional costs may be charged to the applicant for consulting expenses, at the time of application or amendment thereof.

SECTION 8 ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW

Collocations and expansions of facilities on existing tower sites, not requiring enlargement of the enclosed site area, are eligible for administrative review.

- A. Review Criteria.
Development criteria specified in Section 5 shall remain in effect.
- B. Timing of Decision.
Under this Section the Zoning Administrator or designee shall render a decision on the wireless communication facility application by written response to the applicant within thirty (30) days after receipt of the complete application, except that an extension may be agreed upon by the applicant. In no case may a decision subject to

C. Application Denial.

If administrative approval is not obtained or is denied due to noncompliance with the development criteria, the applicant may appeal the denial to the Board of Adjustment as provided in Article 5.

D. Application Approval.

With all required materials submitted in compliance with the development criteria and other requirements of this Section, the Zoning Administrator or designee may approve the application and authorize the proposed use.

SECTION 9 SHARED FACILITIES AND COLLOCATION POLICY

All new Wireless Communication Facilities shall be engineered, designed and constructed to be capable of sharing the facility with other applicants, to collocate with other existing wireless facilities, and to accommodate the future collocation of other facilities, if reasonably feasible under G.S. 153A-349.52(c)(3).

SECTION 10 REMOVAL OF ABANDONED SUPPORT STRUCTURES

Any support structure that is not operated for a continuous period of three hundred sixty-five (365) days shall be considered abandoned, and the Town, at its election, may require the support structure owner to remove the support structure within 90 days after notice from the Town to remove the support structure. If the abandoned support structure is not removed within 90 days, the Town may remove it and recover its costs from the support structure owner. If there are two or more users of a single support structure, this provision shall not become effective until all providers cease to use the support structure. If the owner of an abandoned support structure cannot be located or is no longer in business, the requirements of this section shall be the responsibility of the landowner on whose property the support structure is located.

SECTION 11 ADDING NEW FACILITIES AT NONCONFORMING SITES

New wireless communication facilities at nonconforming sites, not requiring expansion of the enclosure, may be permitted by administrative review with an engineer's certification that the facilities will be safely supported. Other expansions of nonconforming uses are subject to the requirement of Article 11, Section 1106.

This Ordinance being adopted on June 12, 2017 after due notice in regular session, by a vote of 4 in favor and 0 opposed, shall be in full force and effect from and after the date of its adoption.

Archie B. Hicks Jr., Mayor

Vickie J. Matthews, Town Clerk

ARTICLE XX MORATORIA

The Town may adopt temporary moratoria on any development approval required by law. The duration of any moratorium shall be reasonable in light of the specific conditions that warrant imposition of the moratorium and may not exceed the period of time necessary to correct, modify, or resolve such conditions. Except in cases of imminent and substantial threat to public health or safety, before adopting an ordinance imposing a development moratorium with a duration of 60 days or any shorter period, the Board of Commissioners shall hold a public hearing and shall publish a notice of the hearing in a newspaper having general circulation in the area not less than seven days before the date for the hearing. A development moratorium with a duration of 61 days or longer, and any extension of a moratorium so that the total duration is 61 days or longer, is subject to the notice and hearing requirements of G.S. 160A-364. Absent of imminent threat to public health or safety, a development moratorium adopted pursuant to this section shall not apply to any project for which a valid building permit issued pursuant to G.S. 160A-417 is outstanding, to any project for which a conditional use permit application or special use permit application has been accepted, to development set forth in a site-specific or phased development plan approved pursuant to G.S. 160A-385.1, to development for which substantial expenditures have already been made in good faith reliance on a prior valid administrative or quasi-judicial permit or approval, or to preliminary or final subdivision plats that have been accepted for review by the Town prior to the call for public hearing to adopt the moratorium. Any preliminary subdivision plat accepted for review by the Town prior to the call for public hearing, if subsequently approved, shall be allowed to proceed to final plat approval without being subject to the moratorium. Any ordinance establishing a development moratorium must expressly state the time of adoption each of the following;

1. A clear statement of the problems or conditions necessitating the moratorium and what courses of action, alternative to a moratorium, were considered by the Town and why those alternative courses of action were not deemed adequate.
2. A clear statement of the development approvals subject to the moratorium and how a moratorium on those approvals will address the problems or conditions leading to imposition of the moratorium.
3. An express date for termination of the moratorium and a statement setting forth why that duration is reasonably necessary to address the problems or conditions leading to imposition of the moratorium.
4. A clear statement of the actions, and the schedule for those actions, proposed to be taken by the Town during the duration of the moratorium to address the problems or conditions leading to imposition of the moratorium.

No moratorium may be subsequently renewed or extended for any additional period unless the Town shall have taken all reasonable and feasible steps proposed to be taken by the Town in its ordinance establishing the moratorium to address the problems or conditions leading to imposition of the moratorium and unless new facts and conditions warrant an extension. Any ordinance renewing or extending a development moratorium must expressly include, at the time of adoption, the findings set forth in subdivisions 1 through 4 of this subsection, including what new facts or conditions warrant the extension.

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Any person aggrieved by the imposition of a moratorium on development approvals required by law may apply to the appropriate division of the General Court of Justice for an order enjoining the enforcement of the moratorium, and the court shall have jurisdiction to issue that order. Actions brought pursuant to this section shall be set down for immediate hearing, and subsequent proceedings in those actions shall be accorded priority by the trial and appellate courts. In any such action the Town shall have the burden of showing compliance with the procedural requirements of this subsection. [G.S.160A-3381(e)]

Article XXI LAND AND DEVELOPMENT CODE

SECTION I FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION

2101 Standards for areas of shallow flooding.

Located within the special flood hazard areas established in Article XVII (1703 Applicability) are areas designated as shallow flooding areas. These areas have special flood hazards associated with base flood depths of one to three feet where a clearly defined channel does not exist and where the path of flooding is unpredictable and indeterminate. In addition to these sections, all new construction and substantial improvements shall meet the following requirements:

- (1) The reference level shall be elevated at least as high as the depth number specified on the flood insurance rate map (FIRM), in feet, plus a freeboard of two feet above the highest adjacent grade; or at least four feet above the highest adjacent grade, if no depth number is specified.
- (2) Nonresidential structures may, in lieu of elevation, be flood-proofed to the same level as required in subsection (1) of this section so that the structure, together with attendant utility and sanitary facilities, below that level shall be watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water and with structural components having the capability of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and effects of buoyancy. Certification is required in accordance with Article XVII Watershed Protection.
- (3) Adequate drainage paths shall be provided around structures on slopes, to guide floodwaters around and away from proposed structures.

SECTION II SUBDIVISIONS

2102 Title

This section shall be known and may be cited as the Subdivision Regulations for the Town of East Bend, North Carolina.

SECTION III AUTHORITY AND ENACTMENT CLAUSE

2103 Authority

The board of town commissioners, pursuant to the authority conferred by N. C. G. S 160D-201, does hereby ordain and enact into law this section.

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SECTION IV JURISDICTION AND PURPOSE

2104.01 Jurisdiction

On and after the date of adoption of the ordinance from which this section is derived, these regulations shall govern each and every subdivision of land within the town.

2104.02 Purpose

The purpose of these subdivision regulations is to guide and regulate the subdivision of land within the town in order to preserve the public health, safety and welfare. The regulations included herein are designed to ensure an adequately planned street system and to avoid sharp curves and hazardous intersections; to avoid overcrowding of the land and extreme concentration of the population; to secure safety from fire, panic, and other dangers; to provide for adequate water and sewage systems, schools, parks and playgrounds; to ensure against flood damage; to facilitate an orderly system for the design, layout, and use of the land; to ensure the proper legal description and monumenting of subdivided land; and to provide for the further subdivision of larger land parcels.

SECTION V INTERPRETATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

2105 Definitions

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this section, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Alley means a minor right-of-way, privately- or publicly-owned, primarily for service access to the back or side of properties.

Building includes the term "structure."

Building setback line means a line parallel with the property line designating an area bordering the property line on which no building shall be placed.

Dedicated Streets means transfer of ownership of streets and right of ways to the Town of East Bend after one year from completion approved date.

Double frontage lot means a continuous (through) lot which borders two or more streets on opposite sides.

Dwelling unit means a building, or portion thereof, providing complete and permanent living facilities for one family.

Easement means a grant by the property owner of a strip of land for a specified purpose and use by the public, a corporation, or persons.

Existing subdivision means a subdivision with a recorded plat at the register of deeds on or before June 14, 2021.

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Health department means the Yadkin County health department.

Lot means a portion of a subdivision, or any other parcel of land, intended as a unit for transfer of ownership or for development, or both. The term "lot" includes the terms "plot," "parcel," "tract," or "site."

Official maps or plans means any maps or plans officially adopted by the town commissioners as a guide to the development of the town.

Ordinance and regulations mean the subdivision regulations for The Town of East Bend, North Carolina.

Panhandle lot, also known as a flag lot, means a lot with its main usable portion situated at a distance from a road, and having a narrow appended portion of land deeded as a part of the lot, so that the narrow portion extends to the road and is used for access. Panhandle lots may be approved after review by the planning board or the planning director under 1808.03(6).

Planned residential development means a permitted use designed to provide for developments incorporating a single type or a variety of residential and related uses which are planned and developed as a unit. Such development may consist of individual lots or common building sites. Common land must be an element of the plan related to affecting the long-term value of the entire development.

Planning department means the planning and zoning office of the town department of planning.

Plat means a map or plan of a parcel of land which is to be, or has been, subdivided.

Private driveway means a roadway serving one lot, building site or other division of land and not intended to be public ingress or egress.

Private road means a road within a subdivision that is not dedicated and accepted for public vehicular traffic.

Public road means a dedicated and accepted public right-of-way for vehicular traffic on which is constructed a road which meets the specifications of the state department of transportation.

Public sewage disposal system means a single system of wastewater collection, treatment and disposal owned and operated by a sanitary district, a water and sewer authority, a town or municipality or a public utility.

Public water supply system means a system for the provision of piped water for human consumption, if the system serves 15 or more service connections or which regularly serves 25 or more individuals. The term "public water supply system" also means two or more water systems that are adjacent and are owned or operated by the same supplier of water and that together serve 15 or more service connections or 25 or more persons.

Register of Deeds means the register of deeds for County of Yadkin, North Carolina.

Right-of-way means a strip of land dedicated by the owner or other authority over which persons may legally pass, and on which may be constructed a road or other utilities.

Single-tier lot means a lot which backs upon a limited-access highway, a physical barrier, or another type of land use and to which access from the rear is usually prohibited.

Street means a dedicated and accepted public right-of-way for vehicular traffic. The term "street" includes the terms "road" and "highway." The following clarifications shall apply:

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- (1) Cul-de-sac means a short local street having one end open to traffic and the other end being permanently terminated and a vehicular turn-around provided.
- (2) Interior street means a road which provides service primarily to the residential uses within a subdivision, designed to carry light traffic at low speeds. Right-of-way dedication is subject to the approval of the town planning board and/or the state department of transportation.
- (3) Local street means a local road that serves primarily to provide access to adjacent land and for travel over relatively short distances. Right-of-way dedication is subject to the approval of the state department of transportation.
- (4) Major collector street means a road which serves major intra-town travel corridors and traffic generators and provides access to the arterial system; right-of-way dedication is subject to the approval of the state department of transportation.
- (5) Marginal access (frontage) street means a local street or road that is parallel to a full or partial access controlled facility and functions to provide access to adjacent land. Right-of-way dedication is subject to the approval of the state department of transportation.
- (6) Minor arterial street means a rural link in a network joining cities and larger towns and providing intrastate and inter-town service at relatively high (55 miles per hour) overall travel speeds with minimum interference to through movement. This network would primarily serve through traffic. The right-of-way dedication is subject to approval of the state department of transportation.
- (7) Minor collector street means a road which provides service to small local communities. It is designed to carry light to medium traffic volumes, principally from local streets within a residential development. Right-of-way dedication is subject to the approval of the state department of transportation.
- (8) Principal (interstate) arterial street means a street designed to carry heavy volumes of traffic at relatively high speeds with access only from other intersecting streets, but not from abutting properties (controlled access). A rural link in a network of continuous routes serving corridor movements, having trip length and travel density characteristics indicative of substantial statewide or interstate transportation, and existing solely to serve traffic. This network consists of interstate routes and other (previously considered major arterial) routes designed as principal arterials.
- (9) Private street means a road within a subdivision that is not dedicated and accepted for public vehicular traffic.
- (10) Public street means a road within a subdivision that is dedicated and accepted for public vehicular traffic (see 1808.02).
- (11) Subdivider means any person, firm, or corporation who subdivides or develops any land deemed to be a subdivision as herein defined.
- (12) Subdivision means all divisions of a tract of land into two or more lots, building sites, or other divisions for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of sale or building development, and shall include all divisions of land involving the dedication of a new street or a change in existing streets; provided, however, that the following shall not be included within this definition nor be subject to the regulations prescribed by this section:

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- (1) The combination or recombination of portions of previously platted lots where the total number of lots is not increased and the resultant lots are equal to or exceed the standards of the town as shown in this section.
 - (2) The division of land into parcels greater than ten acres where no street right-of-way dedication is involved.
 - (3) The public acquisition by purchase of strips of land for the widening or opening of streets or public transportation system corridors.
 - (4) The division of a tract in single ownership whose entire area is no greater than two acres, where no street right-of-way dedication is involved, and the resultant lots are equal to or exceed the standards of the town as shown in this section.
- (13) Subdivision coordinator means the director of the town department of planning or the director's designee.
- (14) Subdivision, exempt, means any division of property specifically excluded from the definition of the term "subdivision" provided in this section, and consisting entirely of one or more of the four exceptions labeled in subsections (1) through (4) of the definition of the term "subdivision."
- (15) Subdivision, minor, means a subdivision of contiguous property which may be submitted in the form of a single plat, and which may be approved by the planning director or designee without review by the planning board. A minor subdivision consists entirely of lots, roads and/or easements that meet the standards of 1807.07

SECTION VI PLANNING BOARD REVIEW

2106 Required

- (a) Pursuant to G.S. 160D-803, a final plat shall be prepared, approved, and recorded pursuant to the provisions of this section whenever any subdivision of land takes place.
- (b) No final plat of a subdivision within the jurisdiction of this section shall be recorded by the county register of deeds until a preliminary and final plat of the subdivision has been submitted and approved by the planning board as provided hereinafter. Plans of group developments for housing, commercial, industrial, or other uses, or for any combination of uses, shall be submitted in the same manner as other plats for approval by the planning board.
- (c) Approval of the final plat by the town planning board shall be required before issuance of any building permit for a structure to be erected in a subdivision, except in cases where streets, utilities, and other required improvements are to be constructed concurrently with buildings and where a preliminary plan for such development has been approved, in writing, by the planning board. In such cases, approval by the planning board of a preliminary plan shall be a sufficient basis for issuance of a building permit. Such preliminary approval shall in no way alter the requirement that the final plat is approved by the planning board prior to the sale of land in the development, or the recording of a plat.

SECTION VII PROCEDURES FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL OF SUBDIVISIONS

2107.01 Submission of preliminary plan to planning board.

- (a) A preliminary plan meeting the requirements of this section shall be submitted for review and shall be approved by the planning board before any improvements are made in a subdivision. Ten copies of this plan shall be submitted to the subdivision coordinator by the last working day of the previous

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month prior to the next meeting of the planning board at which time it is to be reviewed. Two copies of the plan shall be retained in the records of the planning board; additional copies shall be sent to local, state and federal agencies as deemed necessary by the subdivision coordinator and as required by law.

(b) The planning board shall review the preliminary plan and may negotiate with the subdivider any changes required in order that the subdivision may comply with the provisions of this section and for such other changes as may be found desirable before approval by the planning board. The planning board shall take formal action on the preliminary plan at the first regular meeting date after receipt of the plan. Within ten days after its action on the plan, the board shall notify the subdivider by letter indicating the action taken.

(c) After receiving approval of the preliminary plan by the planning board (and not before that time), the subdivider may proceed to construct improvements, in accordance with the requirements of this section, as shown on the approved preliminary plan, and to prepare and submit the final plat.

2107.02 Platting and conveyance of individual parcels.

(a) On a tract of land requiring the construction of a new road, the developer may present a preliminary plat to the state department of transportation requesting a review of roads consistent with applicable law. After the review by the NCDOT, the preliminary plat will be submitted to the planning board with recommendations.

(b) The preliminary plat shall show total area of the tract (either acreage or square feet), location, and dimensions of a proposed road, indicating maximum grades and location of drainage facilities. The county health director or local public utility, as appropriate, shall be allowed to comment on a preliminary plat as to proposed water or sewerage systems.

(c) Upon approval of the preliminary (schematic) plan by the planning board, the developer shall develop the property as approved by the planning board. The property may be developed in stages (phases) if approved by the planning board.

2107.03 Submission of final plat to planning board.

Unless a final plat is submitted to the planning board within one year from the date on which the preliminary plan was approved, such action on the preliminary plat shall be void and of no effect. A final plat shall be recorded in approved stages. A final plat meeting the requirements of this section shall be submitted to the subdivision coordinator in nine copies by the last working day of the previous month prior to the meeting of the planning board at which it is to be considered. Copies of the plat shall be distributed in the same manner as copies of the preliminary plan.

2107.04 Review of final plat by the planning board and recording thereof.

(a) Upon receipt of the final plat, the planning board shall review it for compliance with the provisions of this section. The planning board may deny the plat, approve the plat in whole or in part, or subject it to modifications. The approval of the final plat by the planning board shall be on condition that such plat is recorded in the office of the register of deeds within 30 days after such approval.

(b) The original tracing of the final plat shall be made available by the subdivider for authentication

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when the planning board takes final action approving the plat.

(c) The subdivider shall pay an inspection fee as set annually by the board of town commissioners which shall be paid at the time of the presentation of the preliminary plat to the staff of the planning board.

2107.05 Appeal to board of commissioners.

If either a preliminary or final plat does not receive a favorable recommendation from the planning board, the subdivider may appeal in writing to the board of town commissioners within 30 days.

2107.06 Sketch development plan.

A subdivider may submit a sketch to the subdivision coordinator prior to submission of a preliminary plan if he wishes to ascertain the feasibility of development of his property.

2107.07 Minor subdivisions.

(a) Procedures set forth herein for handling applications for approval of minor subdivisions are intended to simplify processing of routine small subdivisions with due regard to protection of the public interest.

(b) Minor subdivisions defined. For the purpose of these regulations, the term "minor subdivision" means any subdivision that is:

(1) Consisting of ten lots or less and not involving the development or extension of new public or private roads or utilities.

(2) Consisting of no more than a total of three lots which do not front a public street but have a right-of-way recorded equal to or greater than that required by the state department of transportation's minimum construction standards for subdivision roads (see 1808.02).

(3) A panhandle lot authorized by the planning board or planning director as provided in 1808.03(6) may be included in a minor subdivision, if such lot is counted as one of the off-road lots allowed under subsection (b)(2) of this section.

(c) In lieu of the procedures set forth in this section, the subdivider may receive preliminary and final approval for any minor subdivisions through procedures set forth as follows:

(1) The staff of the planning board shall review the preliminary plat of each minor subdivision and shall find that it is or is not a minor subdivision and that it does or does not meet the requirements of this section. Said findings shall be stated in writing and recorded in the records of the planning board.

(2) A decision by the staff shall be made within 15 days of submission, and the decision of the staff is subject to appeal by the subdivider, if requested in writing, to the planning board for approval before the conveyance of any of the property or the recordation of the plat.

(3) After approval, the subdivision plat shall be recorded with the register of deeds within 60 days.

SECTION VIII GENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND MINIMUM STANDARDS OF
DESIGN

2108.01 General requirements and principles.

The subdivider shall observe the following general requirements and principles of land subdivision:

- (1) Suitability of land. Land subject to flooding will be considered unsuitable for development. The decision by the planning board will be based on flooding history of the area, U.S. Geological Survey information, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) flood hazard maps, and any other relevant data sources. Generally, property which has a cross slope of 50 percent or more is considered unfeasible for subdivision development. Any variance beyond a 50 percent slope shall require approval by the planning board.
- (2) Conformity to existing plans. All proposed subdivisions shall conform to any adopted plans for the town. Whenever a tract to be subdivided embraces any part of a primary arterial, major arterial, or collector street so designed on any officially adopted plan, such part of such public right-of-way shall be platted by the subdivider in the location and at the width indicated by said plan and provisions of this section.
- (3) Coordination and continuation of streets. The proposed street layout within a subdivision shall be coordinated with the existing street system of the surrounding area, and, where possible, existing principal streets shall be extended. Streets within a subdivision shall be designated as public or private and meet the requirements set forth in 1808.02 (design standards for streets).
- (4) Access to adjacent properties. Where, in the opinion of the planning board, it is necessary to provide for street access to an adjoining property, proposed streets shall be extended by dedication to the boundary of such property and a temporary turn-around will be provided.
- (5) Access right-of-way. Where a right-of-way less than the required state department of transportation's minimum construction standards for subdivision roads for a proposed subdivision has been granted prior to the adoption of the ordinance from which this section is derived, and the developer presents proof that he cannot feasibly obtain the additional right-of-way needed to comply with state standards, he will be permitted to develop the property.
- (6) Large tracts or parcels. Where land is subdivided into larger parcels than ordinary building lots, such parcels should be so arranged as to allow for the opening of future streets and logical further subdivisions.
- (7) Lots. All lots shall front with a minimum of 100 feet on a dedicated street. Double frontage lots shall be avoided, except as designated in subsection (7) of this section, or where terrain necessitates double frontage for reasonable access to property.
- (8) Street names. Street names shall be subject to the approval of the town commissioners.
- (9) Collector and minor streets. Collector and minor streets shall be so laid out that their use by through traffic will be discouraged. Streets shall be designed or walkways dedicated to ensure convenient access to parks, playgrounds, schools, and other places of public assembly.
- (10) Natural assets. In any subdivision, due consideration will be given to preserving natural features, such as streams and rivers.
- (11) Name of subdivision. The name of a subdivision shall not duplicate nor closely approximate the name of an existing subdivision within the town.
- (12) Erosion and sedimentation. In order to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation of streams, springs,

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flat water bodies, or other drainage networks, the subdivider shall retain the natural vegetation cover wherever possible. Further, land cleared of the natural vegetation shall be reseeded or replanted to an appropriate vegetation cover as approved by the planning board. All developers must develop an erosion/sedimentation control plan for approval by local, state, and federal agencies.

(13) Storm water drainage. The subdivider shall provide an adequate drainage system for the proper drainage of all surface water.

- a. No surface water shall be channeled or directed into a sanitary sewer.
- b. A surface drainage system shall be designed to protect the proposed development from water damage.
- c. Surface drainage courses shall have side slopes no steeper than three feet of horizontal distance for each one foot of vertical distance.
- d. The minimum grade along the bottom of a surface drainage course shall be a vertical fall of at least one foot in each 300 feet of horizontal distance.

(14) Proposed water and sewerage systems. The final subdivision plat must be accompanied by satisfactory evidence as to the proposed method and system of water supply and sanitary sewage collection and disposal.

- a. The developer shall note on the final plat that each lot shall have a water supply and sewage disposal facility approved by the appropriate local, state and federal agencies.

(15) Every subdivision shall have permanent access to a state system road. Where it is necessary to cross the lands of private property owners in order to provide access, the subdivider shall provide documentation satisfactory to the planning board that he has obtained from the property owner a permanent right-of-way from the state system road to his subdivision. The right-of-way dedication shall be equal to or greater than that required by the state department of transportation's minimum construction standards for subdivision roads. Full disclosure concerning rights-of-way shall be made on the final plat prior to recording.

2108.02 Design standards for streets.

(a) Standards for minor subdivisions. Minor subdivisions have no specific street construction standards; however, an access maintenance agreement is required where right-of-way easements are shared by two or more lots. New private rights-of-way shall be equal to or greater than that required by the state department of transportation's minimum construction standards for subdivision roads.

(b) Standards for new or existing public streets. All streets and related storm drainage facilities intended for public dedication shall be constructed to the state department of transportation's minimum construction standards for subdivision roads. The subdivider shall provide the planning board with acceptable assurances that he has complied with this provision.

(c) Standards for new and existing private streets. New and existing private streets that will be used for

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internal subdivision movement must provide adequate access to subdivision lots. Unless affirmatively waived by the planning board, based on the advice and expertise of the subdivision coordinator or other pertinent agencies, departments or persons, private streets shall meet the following requirements:

- (1) New private streets must have a right-of-way dedication greater than or equal to that required by the state department of transportation's minimum construction standards for subdivision roads.
 - (2) Existing private roads and rights-of-way may be allowed as sufficient access for proposed minor subdivisions, if deemed adequate upon inspection by the subdivision coordinator. Other agencies such as the office of the fire marshal may be consulted before approval of access.
 - (3) Cul-de-sacs shall have a turn-around right-of-way dedication which is a minimum of 80 feet in diameter.
 - (4) Private streets shall be paved with concrete or asphalt.
 - (5) Should a private street be extended to service a total of nine or more lots, or should the new construction of a private street service nine or more lots, said street shall meet the specifications of the state department of transportation.
 - (6) Shoulders shall not be less than four feet in width.
 - (7) Ditches shall be provided where necessary for proper drainage. The ditch front slope shall not be greater than 4:1.
 - (8) Sight distance easements at the intersection of a private street with a public street shall be equal to or greater than those required by the state department of transportation.
 - (9) Erosion control measures shall be equal to requirements for public roads.
- (d) Exceptions. Exceptions to these standards may be granted by the planning board under Article XI of this section, to those subdivisions which are governed by property owners' associations. Such subdivisions may be characterized by strictly controlled access or unique design features that make it necessary to deviate from these standards for streets.
- (e) Disclosure. New or existing private streets to be used for internal subdivision movement must be upgraded to these specifications, and the subdivider must designate the streets as "private" and prepare, place on the public record and record with the final plat a full disclosure statement in accordance with G.S. 136-102.6, which guarantees:
- (1) A right of access to any private street in the subdivision by all lots served by the street.
 - (2) Maintenance of any private street in the subdivision at the standards set for approval and gives the responsibility of such maintenance to a property owners' association.

- (3) A full disclosure of street maintenance responsibilities and that these responsibilities shall run with the land.

2108.03 Design standards for blocks.

The lengths, widths, and shapes of blocks shall be determined with due regard to provisions of adequate building sites suitable to the special needs of the type of use contemplated; needs for vehicular and pedestrian circulation control and safety of street traffic; limitations and opportunities of

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topography; and convenient access to water areas.

- (1) Block length. Blocks shall not be less than 400 feet, nor more than 1,300 feet in length, except where topographic conditions require a greater length. Where additional length is required, there shall be a turn-around meeting the requirements as stated herein, or as recommended by the planning board, and located as near as practical to the first 800-foot point, and each 800-foot point thereafter, but not to vary more than 100 feet shorter or longer.
- (2) Block width. Blocks shall have sufficient width to allow two tiers of lots of minimum depth, except where single-tier lots are required to separate residential development from through vehicular traffic or another type of use, or when abutting a water area.
- (3) Lot area. The minimum lot area shall be as set forth in Articles IX Section 910 pertaining to zoning, subject to zoning district and including all exceptions and modifications found therein.
- (4) Lot dimensions. All lots shall have minimum dimensions as set forth in Article IX Section 910 pertaining to zoning, subject to zoning district and including all exceptions and modifications found therein.
- (5) Orientation of residential lot lines. Side lot lines shall be substantially at right angles or radial to street lines.
- (6) Panhandle lots. The planning board or planning director may approve panhandle or flag lots in exceptional cases where it is impractical to serve an isolated lot by a state-maintained road. The frontage of the panhandle lot shall have a minimum width of 40 feet providing an access strip between two regular lots to the isolated building site. The area of such strip shall be excluded in computing the lot area and width, and the length of said strip shall not exceed 300 feet and the grade shall not exceed 18 percent.
- (7) Building setback lines. The minimum building setback distance shall be as set forth in Articles VIII and IX, pertaining to zoning, subject to zoning district and including all exceptions and modifications found therein. Zoning setback requirements shall be observed when locating new structures near existing property lines, or when creating new property lines near existing structures. However, these requirements may be waived by the planning director or planning board for new property lines at existing accessory structures, where it is determined that adverse impact would be minimal.

2108.04 Design standards for easements.

Easements shall be provided as follows:

- (1) Utility easements. Easements for underground or above-ground utilities shall be provided where necessary across lots, preferably centered on rear or side lot lines, and shall be at least 15 feet in width.
- (2) Buffer strips. A buffer strip at least ten feet in width may be required by the planning board adjacent to a major street or a commercial or industrial development. This strip shall be in addition to the normally required lot dimension, shall be part of the platted lot, and shall be reserved for the planting of trees and shrubs by the owner.

SECTION IX ALLOWABLE DENSITY VARIATIONS

2109 Intent

Density variation will be considered by the planning board under the concept of a planned residential development.

SECTION X INSTALLATION OF PERMANENT REFERENCE POINTS AND IMPROVEMENTS

2110.01 Permanent reference points

Prior to the approval of the final plat, permanent reference points shall have been placed in accordance with the following requirements:

(1) Subdivision corner tie. At least one corner of the subdivision shall be designated by course and distance (tie) from a readily discernible reference marker. If a corner is within 2,000 feet of a U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey or state grid system coordinated monument or such other coordinated system, then this corner shall be marked with a monument so designated by computer X and Y coordinates, which shall appear on the map with a statement identifying this station or monument, to an accuracy of 1:10,000. Where such monument or station is not available, the tie shall be made to some permanent and readily recognizable landmark or identifiable point, physical object or structure.

(2) Monuments. Within each block of a subdivision, at least two monuments designed as control corners shall be installed. The surveyor shall employ additional monuments when necessary. Monuments shall be constructed of concrete and shall be at least four inches in diameter or square, and not less than three feet in length. Each monument shall have embedded in its top or attached by a suitable means a metal plate of non-corrosive material and marked plainly with the point, the surveyor's registration, and the word "monument" or "control corner." A monument shall be set at least 30 inches in the ground with at least six inches exposed above the ground, unless this requirement is impractical because of vehicular traffic or other factors.

(3) Property markers. A steel or wrought iron pipe or equivalent not less than three-fourths of an inch in diameter and at least 30 inches in length shall be set at all corners, except those located by monuments. A marker shall also be set at a point of curve, point of intersection, property corner, point of tangency, reference point and tangent, unless a monument has been placed at these points. Additional markers shall be placed at other points of importance.

(4) Accuracy. Land surveys, except subdivision corner ties, beyond the corporate limits of any municipality which is not subject to these regulations, shall be as follows:

(a) Angular error of closure shall not exceed 20 seconds times the square root of the number of angles turned.

(b) Linear error of closure shall not exceed one foot per 10,000 feet of perimeter of the lot of land (1:10,000).

2110.02 Installation of improvements.

Prior to the approval of the final plat, the subdivider shall have complied with the following requirements (with the exception of minor subdivisions, as provided in 1807.07):

(1) Streets and storm drainage facilities. All streets and storm drainage facilities in the subdivision shall be constructed in accordance with specifications and standards of the state department of transportation.

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(2) Water lines. The subdivider shall connect with the public supply, extend new water supply lines to the subdivision and install internal water lines within the subdivision with a suitable water connection to each lot. The subdivider shall pay for the cost of the water line extension to the subdivision. Installation of the water line extension shall meet the requirements of the town. For each 500 linear feet of new water supply line provided within the subdivision, the subdivider shall install a minimum of one hydrant.

(3) Sanitary sewers.

(a) The subdivider may provide a central package sewer system to serve the subdivision and shall establish a satisfactory method of ensuring the continuing operation and maintenance of the system. Such a system shall meet the requirements and the approval of the appropriate local, state and federal agencies.

(b) Where pump stations are installed, they shall be equipped with back-up generators to ensure uninterrupted operation during power failures.

(c) Approval of individual systems shall be based on investigation and evaluation of the suitability of the site for on-site wastewater disposal and treatment. In such cases, construction shall not commence on said lots until an improvement permit is obtained from the county health department.

2110.03 Deferment of improvements

Where it is in the best interest of all parties concerned to defer the installation or completion of some required improvement, the planning board may approve the final plat if the subdivider posts a bond with surety or other guarantee satisfactory to the town commissioners, in an amount equal to or greater than the estimated cost of the deferred improvements. Such guarantees shall ensure either the performance of the specified work or payment of the specified sum to the town if such improvements have not been installed within the time specified on the final plat. The town commissioners may require that the bond or other guarantee be greater than the estimated cost of the improvements, to allow for cost increases.

SECTION XI SPECIFICATIONS FOR DRAWINGS

2111.01 Preliminary plan

The preliminary plan shall be at a scale of 100 feet to one inch or less and shall be on a sheet 18 inches by 24 inches. The plan shall show the following information:

- (1) A sketch vicinity map showing the relationship between the proposed subdivision and the surrounding area.
- (2) The location of existing and platted property lines, streets, buildings, watercourses, transmission lines, sewers, bridges, culverts, and drain pipes, water mains, town lines and any public utility easements.
- (3) Boundaries of the tract shown with bearings and distances.
- (4) Any conditions affecting the site.
- (5) Names of adjoining property owners and subdivisions.
- (6) Zoning classification, if any, both on the land to be subdivided and on adjoining land.
- (7) Proposed streets, street names, rights-of-way, roadway widths, and approximate grades (must be designated as public or private roads).

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- (8) Other proposed rights-of-way or easements, showing locations, widths, and purposes.
- (9) Proposed lot lines, lot and block numbers, and approximate dimensions.

- (10) Proposed minimum building setback lines.
- (11) Topography with contour intervals of at least ten feet.
- (12) Proposed parks, open spaces, or any other public areas.
- (13) Proposed utility layouts (sewer, water, electricity) showing connections to existing systems or plans for central water system or package sewer system, or plans for individual water and sewage.
- (14) Name of owner, engineer, registered surveyor and land planner.
- (15) Title, date, north reference, and graphic scale.
- (16) When an area covered by the plan includes or abuts a water area (stream, river, or lake), flood area certification by a registered surveyor or other reliable source is required.

2111.02 Final plat

The final plat shall be drawn on reproducible linen or Mylar with permanent drafting ink at the same scale and on the same sheet size as the preliminary sketch plan. The final plat shall constitute only that portion of the approved preliminary sketch plan which the subdivider proposes to record, provided that such portion conforms to all requirements of this section. The final plat shall show:

- (1) A sketch vicinity map showing the location of the subdivision in relation to the surrounding area.
- (2) The right-of-way lines and easements of all streets and roads, which must be designated as public or private roads.
- (3) Lot lines and lot numbers showing bearings and distances. All dimensions should be to the nearest one-hundredth of a foot and angles to the nearest minute.
- (4) Minimum building setback lines.
- (5) Reservations, easements, alleys, and any areas to be dedicated to public use or sites for other than residential use with notes stating their purpose and any limitations.
- (6) Where applicable, normal and ordinary high water lines of water areas, and any proposed dock lines.
- (7) Sufficient data to determine readily and reproduce on the ground the location, bearing, and length of every street line, block line and building line, whether curved or straight. This should include the radius, central angle, and tangent distance for the centerline of curved streets and curved property lines that are not the boundary of curved streets.
- (8) Accurate locations and descriptions of all monuments and markers and block tie lines.
- (9) The names and locations of adjoining subdivisions and streets, and the location and ownership of adjoining property not subdivided, including water areas.
- (10) Title, date, name, and location of the subdivision, a graphic scale, and true north reference.

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(11) Names of the owner, developer, engineer, and land planner.

(12) Reservations or easements, areas to be dedicated to public use or maintained by a property owners' association, or sites for other than residential use shall be shown on the plat with notes stating their purposes. Each project, prior to final approval, must submit a preliminary description of the organization of the property owners' association, as well as the maintenance procedures which will apply to the community. All covenants governing the maintenance of private roads or open space shall bear the certification of approval of the town attorney as to their legal sufficiency.

(13) Utility plans for water, sanitary sewerage, storm drainage, and electrical distribution systems. When individual on-site wastewater disposal and treatment systems are needed, the final plan should include an improvement permit from the health department (for each lot).

(14) The following certificates shall be shown on the final plat:

CERTIFICATION OF OWNERSHIP AND DEDICATION

I (We) hereby certify that I am (we are) the owner(s) of the property shown and described hereon and that I (we) hereby adopt this plan of subdivision with my (our) free consent, establish all lots, and dedicate all streets, alleys, walks, parks, easements, rights-of-way, and other open space to public or private use as noted.

EXPAND

Date

Owner

Owner

CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL OF STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

I, _____, Division of Highways Engineer, do certify that the streets as indicated hereon are approved by the North Carolina Department of Transportation, and will be accepted to the state system at such time as density warrants.

EXPAND

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Date

Division of Highways Engineer

CERTIFICATION OF APPROVAL OF WATER AND SEWAGE SYSTEM

Certification of approval of the individual water supply and on-site wastewater systems.

EXPAND

Date

Yadkin County Environmental Health Specialist

North Carolina Division of Environmental Health Official

North Carolina Division of Environmental Management Official

CERTIFICATION OF THE APPROVAL OF STREETS AND UTILITIES

I hereby certify: (1) that streets, utilities and other improvements have been installed in an acceptable manner and according to town specifications in the subdivision entitled

_____, or (2) that a security bond in the amount of \$_____ or cash in the amount of \$_____ has been posted with the town to ensure completion of all required improvements in case of default.

EXPAND

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Date

Chairperson, The Town of East Bend Planning Board

CERTIFICATION OF APPROVAL OF RECORDING

I hereby certify that the subdivision plat shown hereon has been found to comply with the subdivision regulations of The Town of East Bend, North Carolina, with the exception of such variances, if any, as are noted in the minutes of the planning board and recorded on the plat, and that it has been approved by the Town of East Bend planning board at its regular meeting of

_____ for recording in the office of the town register of deeds.

EXPAND

Date

Chairperson, The Town of East Bend Planning Board

SECTION XII EXCEPTIONS AND VARIANCES

2112.01 Exceptions

(a) The standards and requirements of this section may be modified by the planning board in the case of a plan and program for a complete group development, which, in the judgment of the planning board, provides adequate public spaces and improvements of the circulation, recreation, light, air, and service needs of the tract when fully developed and populated, and which also provides such covenants or other legal provisions as will ensure conformity to and achievement of the plan.

(b) Existing developments, as defined, are not subject to the requirements of this section. However, expansions to existing developments must meet the requirements of this section.

2112.02 Variances

Where, because of topographical or other conditions peculiar to the site, strict adherence to the

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provisions of this section would cause an unnecessary hardship, the planning board may authorize a variance, if such variance can be made without destroying the intent of this section. Any variance thus authorized is required to be entered in writing in the minutes of the planning board and recorded on the final plat with the reasoning set forth on which the departure was justified. All requests for variances must be made in writing by the developer.

SECTION XIII PENALTIES

2113 Violation a misdemeanor

The following penalties as provided in the General Statutes of North Carolina (G.S. ch. 160D, sale of land by reference to an unapproved plat a misdemeanor; injunctions) shall prevail. Any person who, being the owner or agent of the owner of any land located within the platting jurisdiction granted to the town by G.S. ch. 160D, thereafter transfers or sells such land by reference to a plat showing a subdivision of such land, before such plat has been properly approved by the town planning board and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. The description by metes and bounds in the instrument of transfer or other document used in the process of selling or transferring shall not exempt the transaction from such penalties. The town, through its town attorney or other official designated by the town commissioners, may enjoin such transfer or sale by action for injunction.

SECTION XIV AMENDMENTS

2114.01 Amendment procedure

This section may be amended from time to time by the town commissioners as herein specified, but no amendment shall become effective, unless it shall have been proposed by or shall have been submitted to the planning board for review and recommendation. The planning board shall have 30 days within which to submit its report. If the planning board fails to submit a report within the specified time to the town commissioners, it shall be deemed to have approved the amendment.

SECTION XV LEGAL STATUS PROVISIONS

2115 Duty of register of deeds

The board of town commissioners shall file a copy of this section with the register of deeds. The register of deeds shall not thereafter file or record a plat of subdivision located within the territorial jurisdiction of the ordinance from which this section is derived without approval as required in this section. The landowner shown on a subdivision plat submitted for recording, or his authorized agent, shall sign a statement on the plat stating whether or not any land shown thereon is within the territorial jurisdiction of the ordinance from which this section is derived as defined herein, or the filing or recording shall be null and void. The clerk of superior court of the county shall not order nor direct the recording of a plat where such recording would be in conflict with this section.

SECTION XVI SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS RELATING TO WATERSHED

State Law reference— Regulation of subdivisions, G.S. 160D et seq.

2116.01 General provisions

(a) No subdivision plat of land within the public water supply watershed shall be filed or recorded by the register of deeds until it has been approved in accordance with the provisions of this article.

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Likewise, the clerk of superior court shall not order or direct the recording of a plat if the recording of such plat would be in conflict with this article.

(b) The approval of a plat does not constitute or effect the acceptance by the town or the public of the dedication of any street or other ground, easement, right-of-way, public utility line, or other public facility shown on the plat, and shall not be construed to do so.

(c) All subdivisions shall conform to the mapping requirements contained in G.S. 47-30.

(d) All subdivisions of land within the jurisdiction of the town after the effective date of the ordinance from which this section is derived shall require a plat to be prepared, approved, and recorded pursuant to this section.

2116.02 Subdivision application and review procedures

(a) All proposed subdivisions shall be reviewed prior to recording with the register of deeds by submitting a vicinity map to the watershed administrator to determine whether or not the property is located within the designated public water supply watershed. Subdivisions that are not within the designated watershed area shall not be subject to the provisions of this section and may be recorded, provided the watershed administrator initials the vicinity map. In addition, subdivisions within a WS-IV watershed are subject to the provisions of this section only when an erosion and sedimentation plan is required under the provisions of state law or an approved local program. Subdivisions within the designated watershed area shall comply with the provisions of this article and all other state and local requirements that may apply.

(b) Subdivision applications shall be filed with the watershed administrator. The application shall include a completed application form, two copies of the plat and supporting documentation deemed necessary by the watershed administrator or the watershed review board.

(c) The watershed administrator shall review the completed application and shall either approve, approve conditionally or disapprove each application. The watershed administrator shall take final action within 45 days of submission of the application. The watershed administrator or the watershed review board may provide public agencies an opportunity to review and make recommendations. However, failure of the agencies to submit their comments and recommendations shall not delay action within the prescribed time limit. Said public agencies may include, but are not limited to, the following:

(1) The district highway engineer with regard to proposed streets and highways.

(2) The director of the health department with regard to proposed sewer systems normally approved by the health department.

(3) The state division of water quality with regard to proposed sewer systems normally approved by the division, engineered storm water controls or storm water management in general.

(4) Any other agency or official designated by the watershed administrator or watershed review board.

(d) If the watershed administrator approves the application, such approval shall be indicated on both copies of the plat by the following certificate and signed by the watershed administrator:

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CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL FOR RECORDING

I certify that the plat shown hereon complies with the watershed protection ordinance and is approved by the watershed review board for recording in the register of deeds office.

EXPAND

Date

Watershed Administrator

Notice: This property is located within a public water supply watershed - Development restrictions may apply.

- (e) If the watershed administrator disapproves or approves conditionally the application, the reasons for such action shall be stated in writing for the applicant and entered in the minutes. The subdivider may make changes and submit a revised plan which shall constitute a separate request for the purpose of review.
- (f) All subdivision plats shall comply with the requirements for recording of the town register of deeds.
- (g) The subdivider shall provide the watershed administrator with evidence the plat has been recorded with the register of deeds within five working days after approval by the watershed review board.
- 2116.03 Subdivision standards and required improvements
- (a) All lots shall provide adequate building space in accordance with the development standards contained in Article III of this section. Lots which are smaller than the minimum required for residential lots may be developed using built-upon area criteria in accordance with Article III of this section.
- (b) For the purpose of calculating built-upon area, total project area shall include total acreage in the tract on which the project is to be developed.
- (c) Storm water drainage facilities. The application shall be accompanied by a description of the proposed method of providing storm water drainage. The subdivider shall provide a drainage system that diverts storm water runoff away from surface waters and incorporates best management practices to minimize water quality impacts.
- (d) Erosion and sedimentation control. The application shall, where required, be accompanied by a written statement that a sedimentation and erosion control plan has been submitted to and approved by the state division of land quality, or authorized county or town department.
- (e) Roads constructed in critical areas and watershed buffer areas. Where possible, roads should be

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located outside of critical areas and watershed buffer areas. Roads constructed within these areas shall be designed and constructed to minimize their impact on water quality.

2116.04 Construction procedures

(a) No construction or installation of improvements shall commence in a proposed subdivision until a subdivision plat has been approved by the watershed review board.

(b) No building or other permit shall be issued for erection of a structure on any lot not of record at the time of adoption of the ordinance from which this section is derived until all requirements of this section have been met. The subdivider, prior to commencing any work within the subdivision, shall make arrangements with the watershed administrator to provide for adequate inspection.

This Ordinance being adopted on June 14, 2021 after due notice in regular session shall be in full force and effect from and after the date of its adoption.

Archie B. Hicks, Jr.

Mayor

Vickie J. Matthews

Town Clerk

EAST BEND NORTH CAROLINA ZONING ORDINANCES
ORDINANCE XXII

ELECTRONIC GAMING OPERATIONS ORDINANCE

SECTION 2200 - Purpose

An ordinance establishing regulations for electronic gaming operations within the Town of East Bend, North Carolina and providing for the administration, enforcement, and amendment thereof, in accordance with the provisions of North Carolina G.S. 160D, Article 2.

WHEREAS, in order to promote the health, safety, morals, and general welfare of the inhabitants of, and visitors to, the Town of East Bend, North Carolina; it is necessary to adopt an Electronic Gaming Operations Ordinance for the Town of East Bend, as hereinafter set forth, to regulate the operation of electronic gaming operations so as to provide for desirable neighborhoods and safe shopping areas and to establish uniform regulations for such electronic gaming operations.

SECTION 2201 - Authority and Enactment

2201.01 *Authority.*

The provisions of this ordinance are adopted under the authority granted by the General Assembly of North Carolina, General Statute 160D-101 and 160D-702 through 160D-1402 inclusive.

2201.02 *Jurisdiction.*

The regulations set forth in this ordinance shall be applicable within the Town of East Bend.

2201.03 *Title.*

This ordinance shall be known as, referred to, and cited as the "Town of East Bend Electronic Gaming Operations Ordinance", and hereinafter referred to as the "ordinance."

2201.04 *Interpretation.*

In interpreting and applying the provisions of this ordinance, those provisions shall be held to be the minimum requirements for the promotion of the public safety, health, convenience, prosperity, and general welfare. It is not intended by this ordinance to interfere with or abrogate or annul any easements, covenants, or other agreements between parties; provided, however, that where this ordinance imposes a greater restriction upon electronic gaming operations than are imposed or required by other ordinances, rules, regulations, or by easements, covenants, or agreements, the provisions of this ordinance shall govern. Likewise, where other ordinances, easements, covenants, or other agreements impose additional or greater restrictions than those regulations set forth herein, the more restrictive regulations shall have precedence.

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SECTION 2202 - General Provisions

2202.01 *Conformance with this ordinance.*

No electronic gaming operation shall be established as a new operation or continue as an on-going operation, except in conformity with this ordinance.

2202.02 *Fees.*

Reasonable fees sufficient to cover the costs of administration, inspection, publication of notice or similar matters may be charged to applicants for permits, variances, and other administrative relief as may be required by this ordinance. The amount of fees charged shall be in accordance with the fee schedule which is or may be set by the Town of East Bend by the Board of Commissioners. Fees in accordance with this subsection shall be paid upon submission of a signed application or notice of appeal.

2202.03 *Severability.*

It is hereby declared to be the intention of the board of commissioners that the sections, paragraphs, sentences, clauses, and phrases of this ordinance are severable, and if any such section, paragraph, sentence, clause, or phrase is declared unconstitutional or otherwise invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction in a valid judgment or decree, such unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not affect any of the remaining sections, paragraphs, sentences, or clauses, or phrases of this ordinance since the same would have been enacted without the incorporation into this ordinance of such unconstitutional or invalid section, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase.

SECTION 2203 - Definitions

2203.01 *General.*

For the purpose of interpreting this ordinance, certain words and terms used are defined in this section. Except as defined in this section, all other words used in this ordinance shall have their standard dictionary definition. For general interpretation, the following shall apply in all uses and cases in this ordinance:

1. The present tense includes the future tense, and the future tense includes the present tense.
2. The singular number includes the plural number, and the plural number includes the singular number.
3. The word "may" is permissive, and the word "shall" is mandatory.
4. The word "person" includes a firm, association, operation, partnership, trust, company, or corporation, as well as an individual.
5. The words "used" or "occupied" includes the words "intended, designed, or arranged to be used or occupied."

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6. Words imparting the masculine gender include the feminine and neuter.

2203.02 *Words and terms definitions.*

Accessory Building: A building that is located on the same parcel of property or manufactured home or recreational vehicle park space as the principal structure or use and the use of which is incidental to the use of the principal use or structure, except for accessory parking facilities located elsewhere plus pole barns, hay sheds, and the like qualify as accessory structures on farms and may or may not be located on the same parcel as the farm dwelling or shop building. Garages and carports are common accessory buildings. If a building is used for any residential, principal, or permitted use, it is not an accessory building. An accessory building can be attached to or detached from the principal structure.

Accessory Use: A subordinate use, clearly incidental and related to the principal structure or use of land, and located on the same parcel of property or manufactured home or recreational vehicle park space as that of the principal structure or use, except for accessory parking facilities located elsewhere. If a parcel is used for any residential, principal, or permitted use, it is not an accessory use.

Adjustment, Board of: The Board of Adjustment is comprised of the members of the Zoning Board of Adjustment that is established by the Zoning Ordinance.

Appeal: A request for review of an interpretation of any provision of this Ordinance or a request for a review of a decision by the Planning Director (or designee), Planning Commission, Board of Commissioners of the Town of East Bend, or Zoning Board of Adjustment.

Board of Commissioners: The Board of Commissioners of the Town of East Bend, North Carolina.

Business enterprise: An operation, facility, and/or area where items are sold and/or services are rendered, whether for profit or not.

Business unit: An operation, facility, and/or area where business activities take place under one ownership. A structure might contain multiple business units, if each is under separate ownership.

Electronic Gaming Operation: A business enterprise, whether principal or accessory, where personal utilize electronic machines or devices, including, but not limited to, computers and gaming terminals, to conduct games of odds of chance, including sweepstakes, and where cash, merchandise, or other items of value are redeemed or otherwise distributed, whether or not the value of such distribution is determined by electronic games played or by predetermined odds. Specifically excluded from this definition is any lottery approved by the State of North Carolina.

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It is the activity that defines an electronic gaming operation, not the name; so an internet cafe, cybercafe, cyber sweepstakes, video arcade, game room, etc., might or might not be an electronic gaming operation. That is, there could be two businesses with the same name (i.e. two video arcades or two internet cafes), and one might qualify as an electronic gaming operation and the other might not, based on the actual activity within the business itself.

Electronic machine or device: A mechanically-, electrically-, or electronically-operated machine or device, that is owned, leased, or otherwise possessed by a sweepstakes sponsor or promoter, or any of the sweepstakes sponsor's or promoter's partners, affiliates, subsidiaries or contractors, that is intended to be used by a sweepstakes entrant, that uses energy, and that is capable of displaying information on a screen or other mechanism. This section is applicable to an electronic machine or device whether or not:

1. It is server-based.
2. It uses a simulated game terminal as a representation of the prizes associated with the results of the sweepstakes entries.
3. It utilizes software such that the simulated game influences or determines the winning or value of the prizes.
4. It selects prizes from a predetermined finite pool of entries.
5. It utilizes a mechanism that reveals the content of a predetermined sweepstakes entry.
6. It predetermines the prize results and stores those results for delivery at the time the sweepstakes entry results are revealed.
7. It utilizes software to create a game result.
8. It requires deposit of any money, coin, or token, or the use of any credit card, debit card, prepaid card, or any other method of payment to activate the electronic machine or device.
9. It requires direct payment into the electronic machine or device, or remote activation of the electronic machine or device.
10. It requires purchase of a related product.
11. The related product, if any, has legitimate value.
12. It reveals the prize incrementally, even though it may not influence if a prize is awarded or the value of any prize is awarded.
13. It determines and associates the prize with an entry or entries at the time the sweepstakes is entered.
14. It is a slot machine or other form of electrical, mechanical, or computer game.

Enforcement Officer: means any police officer or other municipal official or officer appointed by the Board of Commissioners to enforce this Ordinance.

Enter or entry: The act or process by which a person becomes eligible to receive any prize offered in a sweepstakes.

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Entertaining Display: Visual information, capable of being seen by a sweepstakes entrant, that takes the form of actual game play, or simulated game play, such as, by way of illustration and not exclusion:

1. A video poker game or any other kind of video playing card game.
2. A video bingo game.
3. A video craps game.
4. A video keno game.
5. A video lotto game.
6. Eight liner.
7. Pot-of-gold.
8. A video game based on or involving random or change matching different pictures, words, numbers, or symbols not dependent upon the skill or dexterity of the player.
9. Any other video game not dependent on skill or dexterity that is played while revealing a prize as the result of an entry into a sweepstakes.

Nonconforming structure: A building or structure that lawfully existed prior to the initial adoption of this Ordinance or any subsequent amendments that is not in compliance with this Ordinance.

Nonconforming use: The use of a building, structure, or lot for a purpose that does not conform to the regulations of this Ordinance., either at the effective date of this Ordinance or as a result of subsequent amendments which may be incorporated in to this Ordinance.

Permitted use: A principal use, other than a special use, that is approved administratively when it complies with the standards and requirements set forth for the zoning district in which it is located. Also known as a use permitted by right.

Prize: Any gift, award, gratuity, good, service, credit, or anything else of value, which may be transferred to a person, whether possession of the prize is actually transferred, or placed on an account or other record as evidence of the intent to transfer the prize.

Sweepstakes: Any game, advertising scheme or plan, or other promotion, which, with or without payment of any consideration, a person may enter to win or become eligible to receive any prize, the determination of which is based upon chance.

Use: The purpose for which land or a structure is designed, arranged, and/or intended to be occupied or utilized or for which the land or structure is occupied, maintained, rented, or leased.

Use, accessory: A subordinate use, clearly incidental and related to the principal structure or use of land, and located on the same parcel of property or manufactured home or recreational vehicle park space as that of the principal structure or use, except for accessory parking facilities located elsewhere. If a parcel is used for any residential, principal, or permitted use, it is not an accessory use.

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Use, permitted: A principal use, other than a special use, that is approved administratively when it complies with the standards and requirements set forth for the zoning district in which it is located. Also known as a use permitted by right.

Variance: A grant of relief from the requirements of this Ordinance.

SECTION 2204 - Development requirements for an electronic gaming operation as an accessory use.

If only two machines/terminals/computers are to be installed per business unit, the proposed electronic gaming operations shall be permitted as an accessory use to a commercial operation that is permitted by right in the HC Zoning District when the following standards are applied:

- A. The operation is located within the same structure or unit as the principal use.
- B. For situations in which there is a business center, multiunit building, multitenant commercial building and more than one unit wishes to include electronic gaming operations, the cumulative total number of machines may not exceed ten (10) for such a business center, multiunit building, or multitenant commercial building.
- C. Off-street parking shall include one additional space per machine over and above the normal parking standards for the uses.
- D. All legally operating gaming operations made nonconforming by adoption of this section shall be removed and brought into compliance with these provisions within twelve (12) months of the date of adoption of this section.

SECTION 2205 -Development requirements for an electronic gaming operation as a permitted use.

An electronic gaming operation may not have more than ten machines/terminals/computers installed per business unit. If this requirement is met, the proposed electronic gaming operation shall be subject to the following standards, in addition to any requirements of any other Town of East Bend ordinance that might apply:

- A. *Hours of Operation.* Limited to 8:00 A.M. through 5:00 P.M., Monday through Saturday.
- B. *Alcohol sales or consumption.* Prohibited.
- C. *Food or beverage service or distribution.* Shall meet the requirements of the Yadkin County Health Department, including any and all permits and licenses, as well as any other relevant health codes as established by the State of North Carolina.
- D. *Occupancy limit.* Shall be set by the Fire Marshall for establishment prior to submission of the electronic gaming operations permit application.
- E. *Maximum daily cash payout.* Shall not exceed \$300.00 Winnings that exceed this amount shall be paid out in the form of a check or credit. All establishments

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engaged in internet and sweepstakes operations must comply with all reporting requirements regulated by the Internal Revenue Service.

- F. *Off-street parking.* One paved space shall be provided for each 100 square feet of gross floor area or one space for every two (2) terminals/computers, whichever is greater.
- G. *Location.* Electronic gaming operations shall be located a minimum distance of 1,000 feet, measured in a straight line in any direction from the closest point of the building and parking lot of the proposed business to the property line of any of the following:
1. A residence or a residential district.
 2. A place of worship or other religious institution.
 3. A day care center or facility, public school, and/or private school.
 4. A public park, playground, and/or library.
 5. Another electronic gaming operation.

Each applicant shall submit a current, straight-line drawing prepared by a registered surveyor within thirty (30) days prior to the application, depicting the straight-line measurements to each use listed above (subsections 1 through 5) that is within 1,500 feet. Such uses shall be considered existing or established if they are in place or actively under construction at the time an application is submitted.

- H. *Notice of Application.* The applicant shall be responsible for notifying abutting property owners by first class mail, as well as any others whose property (or any portion thereof) lies within 200 feet of the two properties, whichever distance is greater, or any portion of the subject property or properties. Subject property means the entire parcel that contains the proposed electronic gaming operation. Such notification must be mailed at least ten days in advance of the planning department action on the application.

SECTION 2206 - Valid zoning permit required for new electronic gaming operations.

- A. It shall be unlawful for any person to maintain or operate an electronic gaming operation after the adoption of this ordinance, unless such person shall first obtain a valid zoning permit.
- B. It shall be unlawful for any person to establish, alter, or make any additions to any electronic gaming operation until a valid zoning permit has been issued.
- C. The Town of East Bend and the applicable zoning authority may, after due notice, subject to the right to appeal, suspend or revoke the zoning permit for failure to maintain an electronic gaming operation in compliance with the provisions of this ordinance.
- D. All electronic gaming operations, if any, on the effective date of this ordinance cannot expand unless such expansions comply with all applicable procedures and requirements of this ordinance and all required permits of this and any other county ordinance have been obtained.

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SECTION 2207 - Procedure for obtaining valid zoning permit for electronic gaming operations.

- A. The applicant shall apply for an electronic gaming operations' permit at the Town Hall of the Town of East Bend.
- B. The application shall describe how the proposed electronic gaming operation will be in compliance with this ordinance, if a valid zoning permit is issued. The application shall include at least the following information plus any additional information deemed appropriate by the Planning Board or designee:
 - 1. A location map showing the location of the electronic gaming operation in relation to the surrounding area within a one-mile radius, including the date, scale, and approximate North arrow.
 - 2. The name of the electronic gaming operation plus the name(s) and address(es) of the owner(s).
 - 3. The proposed number any type of machines/terminals/computers.
 - 4. Location and size of proposed signs.
- C. The Planning Board shall consider all comments received from the required mailing to property owners. If more than one-half of the properties that are mailed to provide a written objection, the Planning Board or its designee may deny the application and ask for additional safeguards to counteract the objections.
- D. Once all requirements have been met, a zoning permit shall be issued which shall permit the electronic gaming establishment to operate in compliance with its electronic gaming operations permit and this ordinance.

SECTION 2208 -Annual inspection of electronic gaming operations.

- A. The Town of East Bend Police Department, the Zoning Officer or their designee(s), or any other person(s) designated by the Board of Commissioners may conduct as many inspections of an electronic gaming operation as are deemed necessary to insure the maintenance of the applicable standards.
- B. The operator of an electronic gaming operation shall pay an annual inspection fee, which fee shall be payable initially upon application for the zoning permit. As long as the electronic gaming operation remains in operation, the fee shall be paid yearly in the same month in which the original zoning permit was granted.
- C. The amount of the annual inspection fee shall be \$100.00.
- D. The zoning permit for an electronic gaming operation may be revoked if the annual inspection fee is not paid or if the operator prevents the annual inspection from being carried out.

SECTION 2209 - Variances by the Town of East Bend Board of Adjustment.

No variance may be issued until after a public hearing has been held on the request. The total amount of time allowed for the supporters or the opponents to present arguments at the

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hearing shall be determined at the time of public hearing. At the public hearing, the presiding officer of the hearing will decide whether to grant all or part of the request for additional time.

In cases involving a controversial matter and a large number of persons wish to speak at the public hearing in favor of or against a request, the Planning Board reserves the right to require those persons to sign up in advance of the public hearing in order to facilitate and organize the speakers. Persons who do not register to speak in advance shall be allowed that right

SECTION 2213 - Penalties for violation.

Any person violating any provision of this electronic gaming operations ordinance shall be subject to the provisions as outlined in Article XV of the Zoning Ordinance-Town of East Bend.

SECTION 2214 - Remedies.

In the event of a violation of this ordinance, the enforcement officer herein or any other appropriate authority of the county or any person who would be damaged by such violation, in addition to other remedies, may institute an action for injunction or mandamus, abatement or other appropriate action or proceeding to prevent such violation. In this regard, the Town of East Bend shall have those remedies and authorities as set forth by the N.C.G.S.

SECTION 2215 - Provisions of ordinance declared to be minimum requirements.

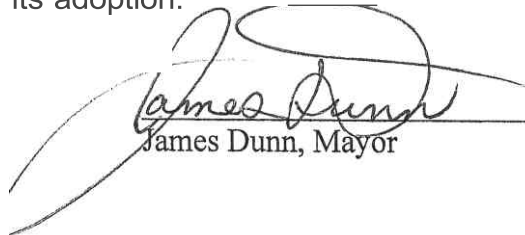
The provisions of this ordinance shall be held to be minimum requirements adopted for the promotion of the public health, safety, morals, or general welfare. Wherever the requirements of this ordinance are at variance with the requirements of any other lawfully adopted regulations, the most restrictive or that imposing the higher standards shall govern. The requirements set forth in this ordinance are minimum requirements and, due to natural conditions which may exist, these requirements may not be adequate under certain conditions.

SECTION 2216 - Separability clause.

In the event any section or provision of this ordinance is declared by the courts to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the ordinance as a whole, or any part thereof other than the part so declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

This Ordinance being adopted on April 8, 2024 after due notice in regular session shall be in full force and effect from and after the date of its adoption.

Vickie Matthews, Town Clerk


James Dunn, Mayor